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(306th Session)

SENATE SECRETARIAT

"QUESTIONS FOR ORAL ANSWER AND THEIR REPLIES"

to be asked at a sitting of the Senate to be held on

Tuesday, the 26th January, 2021

DEFERRED QUESTIONS

[Questions Nos. 16, 17 and 22 were deferred on 20th October, 2020 (304th Session)]

@*Question No. 15 Senator Seemee Ezdi:

(Notice Received on 24/11/2020 at 10:50 AM) QID: 37621

Will the Minister Incharge of the Climate Change Division be pleased to state the details of laws/rules and regulations thereby regulating/prohibiting flow of industrial waste into rivers and streams indicating also the name of monitoring authority and details of monitory mechanism for monitoring industrial wastes in the country?

Ms. Zartaj Gul: After 18th constitutional amendment, Pakistan Environmental Protection Agency (Pak-EPA) is mandated with its function under Pakistan Environmental Protection Act 1997 for protection, conservation and rehabilitation of environment in Islamabad Capital Territory (ICT) only.

In ICT, there are approximately **185**+ industrial units including different scale of sizes. Major industries in Islamabad are steel furnaces, marble and pharmaceuticals industries which are also under observation by Pak-EPA.

[@] Transfer from Ministry of Industries and Production.

Whereas, for prohibition of flow of industrial waste into rivers or streams of ICT, Pak-EPA has notified the National Environmental Quality Standards (NEQS) for municipal and liquid industrial effluents and industrial gaseous emission, under S.R.O. No. 549(1)/2000. Pak-EPA ensures the compliance of the said Regulations within ICT through monitoring on routine basis. Also, Pak-EPA takes legal actions against the industries when non-compliances of Pakistan Environmental Protection Act 1997 and rules and regulations made thereunder, are observed. According to said NEQS, all the industries of ICT are bound to control their industrial waste through installation of pollution control systems.

All the Provincial Environmental Protection Agencies (EPAs of Pakistan including Pak-EPA are regulating their Environmental Protection Laws within their territorial jurisdiction through a monitoring mechanism mentioned in their relevant notified Regulations for control of industrial waste and protection, conservation and rehabilitation Environment.

(*Def.*) *Question No. 16 Senator Bahramand Khan Tangi: (Notice Received on 28/09/2020 at 3:10 AM) QID: 37328

> Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state the details of Naya Pakistan Housing Scheme indicating also the progress made on the same so far?

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division:

PROGRESS MADE BY NAYA PAKISTAN HOUSING AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

1. <u>General.</u> Naya Pakistan Housing and Development Authority (NAPHDA) has been established under Naya Pakistan Housing and Development Act, 2020 for the purpose of planning, development, construction and management of real estate development schemes and projects, with particular focus on affordable housing. NAPHDA has also been assigned the task of revitalizing the Construction Sector of Pakistan.

2. <u>Conceptual Roadmap.</u> In order to address the countrywide deficiency of affordable housing, involvement / willing participation of private sector was deemed essential. Accordingly, as per the directions of the Honourable Prime Minister, a two-pronged strategy was evolved. On

one hand significant measures aimed at revival of construction industry were adopted, while on the other hand roadmap for construction of affordable housing both by private sector and government owned entities was evolved.

3. <u>Revival of Construction Industry.</u>

After thorough consultations with all stakeholders including representatives of construction industry, State Bank of Pakistan, FBR, provincial governments and development authorities, major impediments hampering the growth of construction industry were identified for priority intervention. These included issues related to taxation, project financing through banks, project approvals and mortgage / housing finance. Details are covered in the ensuing paras:—

- a. <u>Federal Taxes.</u> To address issues concerning volume and process of taxation, NAPHDA worked as a bridge between the construction industry and FBR. After necessary deliberations and consultations with all stakeholders including Association of Builders and Developers (ABAD), a time-bound incentive tax package including a fixed tax regime was introduced by FBR with following salient features:—
 - (1) Fixed taxes on reduced rates levied on per square foot of construction and per square yard of real estate development.
 - (2) Conditional / time-bound exemption from Section 111 of Income Tax Ordinance (concerning explanation of source of investment).
 - (3) No withholding taxes on materials except for cement and steel.
 - (4) No withholding taxes on services except those rendered by companies.
 - (5) For low cost housing projects approved by NAPHDA, tax further reduced by 90%.
 - (6) Exemption of tax on dividends paid to shareholders by Builders and Developers opting for taxation under this scheme.

- (7) One-time exemption from capital gains tax on personal accommodation, not exceeding 500 square yards in case of houses and 4,000 square feet in case of flats.
- (8) Advance tax on auction of properties reduced from 10% to 5%.
- b. <u>**Provincial Taxes.**</u> Tax and Duties on sale and purchase of property which were 4-7% in different provinces were reduced to 2% by the provincial governments.
- c. Housing and Development Finance by Banks. Presently the volume of housing finance in Pakistan stands at merely 0.25% of the GDP because of which mortgage facility is available to a very small segment of the populace. In order to address this issue, NAPHDA worked closely with the State Bank of Pakistan and with support of the latter, a comprehensive roadmap was worked out. The entire process was led and steered by the Honourable Prime Minister of Pakistan. Accordingly, State Bank issued a circular directing all banks to make 5% of their respective domestic private sector credit available for housing finance and construction related activities.
- d. Introduction of Fresh Project Approval Regime. Development authorities all over Pakistan were following archaic processes and methodology of processing various approvals, which not only involved unnecessary delays but also malpractices. Hence, in consultation with all provincial governments and development authorities a largely automated and simplified approval regime was evolved. All development authorities are presently in the process of developing one window digital portals which would enable concurrent processing of approvals by all concerned authorities / agencies. This would also minimize human interaction and approvals would be accorded as per newly laid down, much reduced, timelines.
- e. <u>Markup Subsidy for Affordable Housing</u>. In order to make housing finance / mortgage affordable for the low to middle income segment of the populace, significant markup subsidy was approved by Ministry of Finance. This was done after

necessary consultation with State Bank of Pakistan on the direction of the Honourable Prime Minister of Pakistan. Details are as follows:

- (1) <u>**5 Marla Housing Units.**</u> 5% markup for first 5 years and 7% markup for next 5 years. Tenor up to twenty years.
- (2) <u>**10 Marla Housing Units.**</u> 7% markup for first 5 years and 9% markup for next 5 years. Tenor up to twenty years.

4. <u>Creation of Affordable Housing.</u> Consequent to creation of requisite enabling environment for development of affordable housing both by the private sector and state owned authorities / organizations, NAPHDA is working with all provincial housing authorities and the private sector for initiation of affordable housing projects all over the Country. In this regard following measures have been adopted:

- a. Cost Subsidy for the Low-Income Group on 100,000 <u>Affordable Housing Units</u> Planned during the Current <u>Financial Year.</u> In order to enhance the affordability of housing units, the Honourable Prime Minister has approve Rs. 30 billion subsidy for the first 100,000 housing units planned to be constructed during the current financial year. Cost subsidy of Rs. 300,000 per house would be afforded to allottees of low-cost housing unit.
- b. <u>Creation of Land Bank for Affordable Housing Project.</u> All government departments and provincial governments have been asked to provide unutilized state-owned land parcels, suitable for affordable housing, to NAPHDA on reduced rates and deferred payments. NAPHDA is presently in the process of creating the required land bank.

5. Constitution of National Coordination Committee on Housing, Construction and Development (NCCHCD).

On the direction of the Honourable Prime Minister, NCCHCD has been constituted to monitor progress of the housing sector and resolve issues faced by the Construction Industry. The Committee, comprising all provincial chief secretaries, concerned federal secretaries, Chairman FBR and Governor State Bank, holds two meetings in a week, out of which one meeting is chaired by the Prime Minister. 6. <u>Miscellaneous.</u> Some of the miscellaneous initiatives being pursued by NAPHDA, include:

a. Master Planning of Major Cities.

Prime Minister has directed all provincial development authorities to update existing master plans and where necessary, develop fresh master plans of all major cities / urban centers. NAPHDA has been assigned the task to oversee this process and ensure its timely completion in accordance with the vision of the Prime Minister.

b. **Digitalization of Cadastral Land Records.** Surveyor General of Pakisatn has been assigned the task of assisting provincial governments in digitalizing cadastral land record of respective provinces. NAPHDA is coordinating and overseeing the process. Survey of Pakistan has successfully completed four pilot projects in different provinces and is now in the process of digitalizing land records of state owned lands and three major cities *i.e.* Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad, included in phase 1 of this project.

(Def.) *Question No. 17 Senator Bahramand Khan Tangi: (Notice Received on 28/09/2020 at 3:10 AM) QID: 37381

Will the Minister Incharge of the Establishment Division be pleased to state whether there if any proposal under consideration of the Government to reduce the number of posts of support staff in different Government Departments, if so, the reasons thereof indicating also the estimated number of posts which would be abolished?

Minister Incharge of the Establishment Division: The Cabinet Implementation Committee (CIC) in its 34th meeting held on 7-5-2020 *inter alia* recommended as under:

"The committee directed Finance Division to abolish all posts that have remained vacant for more than one year in BPS-1-16 in all Ministries/ Divisions and Executive Departments". Since abovementioned CIC decision required ratification by the Federal Cabinet, a Summary for the Prime Minister was moved by Establishment Division routed through Finance, Law & Justice and Cabinet Divisions. The instant Summary is pending with Law and Justice Division.

(*Def.*) *Question No. 22 Senator Muhammad Tahir Bizinjo: (Notice Received on 7/10/2020 at 10:10 AM) QID: 37496

Will the Minister Incharge of the Establishment Division be pleased to state:

- (a) the names and designations, date of birth, date of appointment and date of promotion of the officers and officials working on regular, contract and adhoc basis in National Institute of Management (NIM), Karachi;
- (b) whether it is a fact that the officers and officials of the said Institute have not been given promotion / up-gradation since long, if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) whether it is also a fact that there is no avenue of promotion for the officers and officials of that Institute, if so, the steps being taken by the Government to provide avenues for their promotion / up-gradation?

Minister Incharge of the Establishment Division: (a) The requisite information regarding the names, designation, date of birth, date of appointment and date of promotion of the officers and officials working on regular, contract and adhoc basis in National Institute of Management (NIM), Karachi is placed at Annex-A.

(b) The officers and officials of the Institute are considered regularly for promotion as and when they become eligible for promotion against the available vacancies. Out of 115 employees, 72 has been promoted in last 10 year. List is placed at **Annex-B**.

(c) It is not correct that there are no avenues for promotion of the officers and officials of the Institute.

Annexure-A

No	Name of employees	Designation	BS	Date of birth	Date of	Date of	Lear of	NATURE OF SPET
-	Ma Senona Intera	IDS (Research)	1 20	1 1 1905	appointment 1531990	12 3 2019	2019	Rendy
	Khawata Shaukat Hussom	Chief lastractor		11.02 1962	1 4 1990	16 8 2013	2013	Repula
-	Ms Shapulta Wars	ADS	-	12 12 1963	3 11 1994	11 10 2019	2019	Regula
-	S Aninzullali Shrik	ADS IT AVO	_	20 12 1400	1 7 1987	16 8 2013	2013	Regula
	N/r Atmed Ighal Shab			\$7,1961	1 8 1995	16 8 2013	2013	Herula
_		ADS	_	1 2 1963	11 6 1986	25 11 2019	2019	Reals
	Mr Anf Ali Khon	D D Program (SMC)		12 1963	22 4 1980	14.4 2006	2106	Renda
	Mr Majel Raslad	DD (A&F)	_	14.02 1971	1 2 2004	18 12 2019	2019	Berula
-	Mr Shaled Klein	P S to DG	17	07 03 1461	9 5 1089	32 2015	2015	Regular
_	Mai Nulla Saber	Supdi Accounts	10		5.7.1988	221 2010	2010	Regula
	Mi Madiata Sakhar	AD ITAVO	_	8 2 1961	17 1 1979	21 6 2006	3006	Repulat
_	Lie Walnut Aking	A D Admen	117		15111987	21 4 2004	2004	Redules
	Mr Natinen Nazare	Protocol Officer	117	12-01-1466	24-12-1984	23 7 2001	2001	Reyula
11		Anistani Libratian	17	5 12 1972	1 9 2001	01-09-2001	2001	Reputa
_	Mr Mulamorad Rehan	Care Take (Hodel)		3.7.1971	21 6 2007	30 4 2019	2019	Regula
_	Mr Shajaan Ah	I T Officer		27 5 1957	7 1 2008	30 4 2019	2019	Koputa
_	Syed Agaz Ala	Stanographer		01 01 1963	15.8.1983	18 6 2019	2019	Reputa
	Mr Way Ah Zath	1 T Officer	10		12 3 2008	18 6 2010	2019	Regular
_	Mr Santar Ahned	Security Officer	10	20 10 1961	20 7 2066	18 6 2019	2019	Repuls
	Mr Abuld Rashed Dham at	Stenographer	-	24 12 1965	25 5 1993	18 12 2019	2019	Regula
_	Ne M Pand Sudha	Statographer	_	MI OA 1968	20 10 1984	18 12 2019	2019	Repair
	Mr Sobal Anjan	Cataloger	-	14 8 19%	17 8 1998	17.1 2018	2018	Repular
	Mr. Mich sugard Aderaf	Sundi Adana	-	14 08 1966	19 3 1990	17 1 2018	2014	Royula
	Mr Madan Lel	IT Officer	10	22 5 1980	10 1 2008	17 1 2018	2018	Reputa
-	Ntr Awangreb	17 Officer	10		7 1 2008	17 1 2018	2018	Regula
	Hay Mushag Dhatt	PA IS DG	_	on 06 1 Wh7	2 9 1981	17 1 2018	2018	Repula
	Lite Nagarani Har Salaha	Procurement Officer	_	09 09 1967	20 4 1986	27 9 2016	2016	Reputer
	Mr. Mahammar Lanerd	Assistant	_	04 01 1944	11 6 2005	10 5 2016	2016	Regula
	Shah Mahasevad	Transport Officer	16			792011	2011	Negala
	Mr Khalid Malenood	Stenographer		12 11 1941	11 3 1965	22 4 2010	- 2010 -	Regula
	Marking Balich	Stenographer	114	15 01.1969	123196	21 5 2000	21810	Repair
	Af bless Are Ber	Newographer	16		2861 1 81	21 8 2006	2006	Regula
_	har Melanood Thatana	Autodiant	16		21 4 1957	21 # 2006	2006	Reputs
-	M An Hada	Assiston	1.	20 10 1920	193.1993	21 8 2006	2006	Regular
_	Ma Indian Ale	Computer Operator		2 7 1967	21 3 1990	25 3 2004	2004	Reals
36		Assistant	_	21 01 1963	14145	27 4 2016	2019-	Repuin
	IN Websterling	Attaited	15	1812 4412	3 1 3404	117 1 2018	2018	Repula
	Sir Naulauru Alamod Khan	Stenotypist	14	4 \$ 1965	21 12 1983	30 4 2019	2019	Regular
	Mr Utmdeilale Khan	Slenotypist	14	03 11 1983	24 10 2003	30 4 2019	2019	Repula
~	Ma Abdul Ane	Stenotyput	_	09 04 1984	1 7 2003	30 4 2019	3019	Regula
-	Mr Sand Khan Jadoon	Sports lacharge	14		24 7 2002	11 6 2019	- 2019	Reputa
43	the second se	Cwe Taler (Hostel/	14	the second s	15 6 2004	156 2004	2004	Couract
	Syed Khalid Statenood	Kluterb	12	15 11 1962	432981	18 6 2019	2019	Regular
	Mus Sita Linit	UDC	n	3 10 1956	71 2114	30 4 2019	2019	Rouda
	Al. Mar Tel us	Inc	In	14 11 1986	712064	186:019	2019	Repula
	Ny Faha lahal	UNC	In	18-03-1061	# 1 1990	172010	2010	Keguta
	No I one Ichan	UDC	11	1 1 1982	13 2 2005	22 6 2011	2011	Kepular
	Shi han Haraute	UDC	11	12 0 1983	71 2008	22 6 2011	2011	Kepular
	Nr Muhamanal Khorum	UDC	1 ii	16 1982	12 2 2008	22 6 2011	2011	Repuise
	Na Mubannasd Kawan	Canter anian	tii	23 6 1977	12 10 2009	12 10 2009	2009	Contract"
	Nis Arma Ruar	UDC		25 4 1972	1 4 2009	14 2009	2009	CLANA?"
	Nis Khalida Kolachi	UDC		83 1985	712004	7 1 2008	2008	Regular
_	Mr Sinhud Alı	Digsenser	1.11	01 01 1966	25 10 1982	22 8 2008	2008	Repila
	Afr Abdisin Raza	UDC	11	15 1 1980	10 3 2008	10.3 2008	2008	Acpula
	Min Muhamunad Afzal	Senior Plamber	Tit	15 2 1963	27 12 1987	27 12 1987	1987	Reputa

h Ma Ahaharmad Hafees	Despatch Clerk		15 04.1%2	11 11 1990	1\$ 6 2019	2019	Render
7 Mr Ruwasullah	LDC	9	24 5 1988	172008	17 2016	2016	Regula
8 Me Citures Ahmed Lhan	LDC	9	23 9 1987	15 1 2008	24 12 2012	2012	Rende
Whit Faist Farming	LDC	9	14 9 1987	231 2004	24 12 2012	2012	Regula
Mice Hape Bila	LDC		13 6 1987	9 10 2009	9 10 2009	2009	Contract"
Mr Mohan Human	Driver	1 1	16.5 1907	22 6 1985	20 6 2015	2015	Regular
Nir Chatam Mortaga	Crok	17	1 7 1962	30 1 2004	24 12 2012	2012	Reputer
3 No Almar Hussen	Cont	1 7	1.1 1974	25 3 2003	22 4 2010	2010	Regular
ANE Amer	Cook	1	12.8 1978	13.10 2009	22.4.2010	2009	Condras"
Shi Mahanmad Sacol	Dave	7	15 12 1963	129 1988	12 9 2003	2003	Regular
6 Mtr Aslam Gul	Dervier	1.	2.11.1973	1 3 2008	132014	2018	Reals
The second s	Driver	1.	04 06 1974	10 2 2004	10 2 2014	2014	Regula
7 his Midamenad lawan		1,	05 01 19/4	- 106 1990	10.5 2016	2010	Recala
STAL Loral Aller .	Telepism Techniccan	_		_			
V Ne Shafi Makamutad	Driver	1	111961	1 4 2006	142000	2100	Contract*
1. It Alabamaad Raman	Work Mustry	13	01 07 1974	11 12 2003	18 12 2003	2003	Reyndae
At Pul Mahammad	Dattri	1 5	2 04 1 WA	1431041	1 8 2000	2000	Reputs
Mr Damish Hussam	Ding	11	11 10 1995	6 3 2020	A 3 2020	2020	Contact
No innan Hassan Zauk	Despanch Ruder	11	12 2 1942	30 3 2006	30 4 2019	2019	Hugula
ING Millionanial Deiden	liesd Chembular	11	01.04.1470	1531990	30 4 3019	2019	Regula
Mr Hayar Ale Saddage	Naib Qasad	1	02 03 1961	1 1 1986	30 4 2019	2019	Rendu
Mr Mappood Ale	Watter	1	27 01 1970	911990	22 \$ 2018	2018	Regular
Ne Mulasumad Aspha	Water	4	20 04,1964	8 1 1990	22.8 2018	2018	Regula
Mr Madamanad Faroog	Waiter	11	10 \$ 1014	31 3 2004	22 8 2018	2018	Repuls
Mr Imran Atmoed	Walter	14	10 3 1942	31 3 2006	22 \$ 2018	2018	Reada
Alt Roman	Water	14	5 2 1985	30 3 2006	22 8 2018	2018	Regula
Ne Saleen Abmod	DMO	1	05 64 1976	14 13 2001	10 5 2016	2010	Revular
Ne Mukreb Lat	DMO	1	10.08.198.2	25 10 2003	10.5.2016	2016	Regular
	tiend Mail	ti	27.01 1900	101 1940	10 5 2016	2016	Repula
Mr Chulan Raind			27 6 1971	5 + 1990	11,2013	2013	Repular
	Pump Operator	+÷	25 3 1940	14 10 3609	14 10 2009	2004	Contra.P
Me Taly Ak		-	and the second sec	12 10 2000	12 10 2009	2009	Cuntract"
My Zalage Alumed	- ihner	1-1	17.1969	_		2009	
Na Mukammari Zeculan	Driver	14	10 4 1981	12 10 2004	12 10 2009	_	Const
the Andrewed Istant	Diow	4	12 1963	12 10 2009	12.10.2009	2009	Contract*
Mir Alerena Release	Diver	11	46.1975	12.19 2009	12.10.2009	2009	Contract
Mr Muhammal Ashraf	Pump Generative Orr	14	17.1985	1 4 2006	17.2007	2007	Regular
He loter themany Zasti	Wuenan	11	12.10.1970	1 6 2006	1.6.2006	2006	Contact
Mr Shiloman St RE. 1.1	Deine	- 4	21 8 1963	21 8 2001	21 \$ 2001	2001	Cintract*
Mr Sided Bary	- Waiter -	11	31 3 1983	12.10 2009	12 10 2009	2009	Custact
Mr.S.M. Beger Henrem	- Water	13	16 6.1983	1210 444 -	12 10 2009	2009	Contract*
Ale Zultige	Waster	1	1.9.1964	12 10 2009	12 10 2009	2009	Credit 1"
Mr Muhammad Danish	Water	13	29 5 1915	17.10 2009	12.10 2009	200M	Custos!
THE NEWSON AN	Sub Cand	1.2	115 5 1003	- 191 2 2006	22 8 2018	2015	Heela
Entrance and	Khakmoo	11	10 10 1402	17-2008	1 7 2018	2018	Regular
No Babar labal	Kinkroob	12	951984 = -	172008	1.7.2018	2018	Repular
Mr Fatur Mash	Khaknoob	11	44194	17.2004	11.7 2018	2018	Reputer
	Klukroob	11	10.6 1484	117.2908	1.7 2018	- 2018	Repla
No Query Yourd	- Khaktoob	17	24 1984	11 2008	1 7 2018	3/18	Regular
Mr Seu Francis		-		_	1 7 2018	2018	Reynia
Mr Sara Naven	Khakmob	2	226 19%6	9 10 1986	1 1 2013	2013	llegala
1 th Alub Abred	Nat Qaud	12	3104 1107			2013	
Nr Mastar Ab	tut (sod	12	1:190	11 3 1940	112013	_	Reyain
Atr Natis Bus	Nut Qand	2	24 01 1964	14 1 1990	11.2013	2013	Reyula
Als Monnudday	Nub Qasad	12	10 02 1964	1 12 1947	1 1 2013	2013	Repida
A haden Hussoin	Over Man	2	106 1973	12 10 2009	12 10 3009	2009	Cudini
King whod Alement	then Man	12	30 \$ 1971	12 10 2009	12 10 2009	2009	Contract*
Mr Muhamaad Ber	Diels Washer	1	17.1964	13 10 2009	12.10.2009	2009	Constact*
Atr Quehon Ale	Chowladar -	2	07 12 1924	30 3 2006	1.7 2008	2008	Regular
2 Mr Moin Ahmed	Naib Qasid	2	21 3 1972	30 3 2016	1.7.2008	2003	Regular
3 Nr. Mulummad Aul	Nub Qastd	2	11 12 1985	30 1 2006	1.7 2008	2008	Renda
I Mi Abdul Majered	Mali .	1	01 01 1966	18 4 2004	18 4 2006	2006	Coust set"
S hhr Adhan Suddigus	Mah	TI	18.07.1990	112 6 2019	12 6 2019	2019	Contact

Annexure-B

	Name of employees	Designation	Ins	Date of birth	Date of	Date of	Tear of	NATURE OF APPE
		1222		Contrast.	appointment	promotion	promotion	
	Ms Sanuma Internet	D5 (Research)		1 1 1965	113 1990	123 2019	2019	Kepila
2		Chief Instructor	20	11 02 1962	1.4 1990	16 8 2013	2013	Kepda
3	Ms Shapida Wara	ADS	19	12.12 1963	3 11.1994	11 10 2019	2019	Regula
4	S Alphadillah Shah	ADS IT AVO	1.19	20.12 1960	1 7 1987	16 \$ 2013	2013	Regula
5	ht Alexand Lybert Stants	AIN	19	871961	1 8 1995	16 8 2013	2013	Regular
	Mt Auf Ale Khan	DD Program (SMC)	11	1 2 1963		25 11 2019	2019	Repuls
1	Ne Muhammal Agil	, Network Admenstrate	17	14.02 1977	1 2 2004	18 12 2019	2019	Regula
X	Ma Shahal Khan	r S to DG	17	07 01 1961	9 5 1980	3 2 2015	2015	Regula
4	Man Made Saler	Supdt Accounts	17	15 05.1965	3.7.1984	22 1 2010	2010	Regula
10	Mr Midiamunal Rehan	Care Taker (Hostel)	16	37 1971	21 6 2007	30 4 2019	2019	Regula
11	Mr Shausan Aliy	I f Officer	14	27 5 1987	7 1 2004	30 4 2019	2019	Revola
12	Shed Vice Ale	Stenographer	16	01 01 1963	15 1 1913	18 6 2019	2019	Regular
13	My Way Ah 7aut	IT Officer	10	29 3 1914	12 3 2008	18 6 2019	2019	Regular
-	Mr Sardar Alemed	Security Officer	-	20 10 1961	20 7 2006	18 6 2014	2019	Regular
	Mr Abdul Rauled Dham al	Stenographer	16	24 12 1965	25 5 1993	18 12 2019	2019	Regula
	Mr M Fand Sukhap	Strange agricer		12 12 1903	20 10 1985	18 12 2019	2019	Kegular
	Mr Schall Annum	Cataloger	_	14 8 1976	17 8 1998	17 1 2018	2018	Repidu
	Mr Minhammad Ashraf	Signal Adam	_	14 05 1966	193 1990	17 1 2018	2018	Regular
			_		10.1 2008	17 1 2018 -	2018	
	No Midan Lai	1.T Officer		22 5 1980	7 1 2006	17.1 2018	3018	Repula
-	No Awayana -		-				2018	
-	Rayt Muchtary Bhatti	PA to DO	_	UN D6 1967	2 9.1914	17 1 2018		Ropda
-	Ner Nasamad Haq Saddup	Procurement Officer	_	09 09 1967	20 4 1986	27 9 2016	2016	Regular
-	Mr Muhammid Jamid	Assistant	_	04 01 1944	11 6 2005	10.5.2016	2016	Repuls
24	Shah Stutzanuad	Temport Officer		22 4 1975	1 8 1997	792011	2011	Régula
25	Mr Klaabel Mahemood	Stenographer	_	IJ II PAU	11-5 1985	22 4 2010	2010	Regula
26	He Huberman Saeed Khon *	Assistant		73 03 1963	141986	279 2016	2019	Repla
37	At Watahadda	Assistant	_	18 12 1483	7 1 2004	1712018	-2018	Regular
28	Mr Nadenn Alined Khan	Simolypia	14	4 8.1901 -	21 12 1983	30 4 2019	2019	Repair
24	Ms Oberdullah Khan-	Stendypust	Tr		24 10 2003	30 4 3014	3010	Renda
5	Mr-Ainial Apre	Stimotypest	14		8 7 2005	30 4 2019	2019	Repla
31	Me Said Khan Jadoon	Sports Incharge	14	25 12 1964	24.7 2002	11.6.2019	2019	Kegular
32	Sy ed Kitashi Matemand	Khaleeb -	12	15.11.1962	43.1984	18 6 2019	-2019	Reputar
	Mus Sala From	UDC	u		7 1 2005	30 4 2019	2019	Kugsika
-	Mr Alma Zahara	UDC	1 11	19 11 1986	7 1 2008	18 6 2019	2019	Regula
	-	tunc	III		51 1990	17 2016	2016	Regular
-	Million-2-Islan	LOC	_	1.1 1982	111 2 2000	22 6 2011	2011	Repuls
17	Mr Inuan Rarzague	UNC	1 ii	12.9 (183)	7 1 2005	22 6 2011	2011	Regula
	Ne Midamenal Kharam	UDC	_	76 1982	12224	22 6 2011	2011	Reputa
	Mr. Muhammad Haleez	Dispatch Clerk	9	15 04 1942	11 11 1490	116 2014	2019	Kegula
	Ale Revenuelan	LIC	_	24.5.1988	1 7 2004	1 7 2016	2016	Reputa
_	Mr Ghaven Abried Liuo	LDC		23 9 1927	15 1 2004	24 12 2012	2012	Recal
	Mir Fassal Farong	LDC	9	14 9 1987	23 1 2004	24 12 2012	2012	Regular
			-	1651m7	2.6 1.40	2462015	2015	Romis
	Vir Moham Hanasan	Diver	-	1 7 1962	30-1 3000	24 12 2012	2013	Reduite
_	Mr Ghulam Murtan	Cook	1		_	the second s	2010	
-	All Althear Huasaan	Link	1	1 1 1974	28 3 2003	224 2010	_	Regular
	Me Aslam Gil	Dow	6	2 11 1973	13 2008	1 3 2015	2018	Repair
-	Mr Multinenad ire m	Dinar	6	04 05 1974	10 2 2004	10 2 2014	2014	Repair
	Me laved Album	Telephon Technician	1 2	05 08 1962	10 6 1990	10 5 2016	_	Regulat
	Mr Danish Huasang	Driver	1	11 10 1995	4 3 2020	6 3 2020	2020	Contract
	Mis Imran Hussaun Zandi	Duspatch Raler	4	122 1982	30 3 2006	30.4.2019	2019	Replan
	Nr. Mukananad Ibrahim	Head Chowkidar	-	01 04 1970	11 3 1990	30 4 2019	2019	Repair
52	Mir Hayat Ali Siddigi	Naib Quid	1	02 03 1963	1 2 1984	30.4 2019	2019	Regular
53	Ne Maryund Ali	Waiter	4	27.01.1970	9 1 1990	22 1 2018	2018	Reputa
	Mr. Mahammad Andur	Waiter	1	20.04 1964	811990	22.8.2018	2018	Repla
54			-		11.1.1.1.1.		2018	In a
	Me Muhammad Farring	Waiter	4	19 5.1974	31 3 2000	22 8 2018	2010	Regular

57 AU RIMA	Water	14	5 2 1985	30 3 2006	22 8 2018	2018	Kepila
18 Mit Selena Alaned	DMO		05 04 1976	16 12 2001	10 5 2016	2016	Regular
AN Mr Makesh La	DINKU	- 4	10:08 1982	25 10 3-03	10 5 2016	Zuin	Regular
OU Mr sibulare Rascol	I leal Mals	1	27 01 1966	10 1 1940	10 5 2016	2010	Repla
n1 Mr Mohtab Aluned	Pune Operator	4	27 6 1971	5 6 1990	112013	2013	Repla
n2 Mathod Al	Nat Qaied	2	15 5 1983	31 3.2006	22 8 2018	2018	Kegula
63 Ma Ameri	Khalaroph	1	10 10 1982	17 2008	17 2018	2018	Repla
6.1 hts Baber Jobal	Ninirosi .	12	9 5 1984	172008	17 2018	2018	Regular
65 Me Falen Manth	Kitakrook	12	4 4 1988	17,2006	172018	2018	Repuis
66 Mr Quer Yourd	Klatecob	1	30 6 1989	1 7 2004	1.7 2014	2018	Regula
67 Mr Sen Francis	Chalacob	11	24 1986	1 7 2008	1.7 2018	3018	Reputa
		1 7	22 6 1984	17.2048	17 2018	2018	Regula
04 Mr Anab Alenad	' Nat Qand	12	20 05.1967	9 10 1986	11 201	2013	Regula
70 Mr Numar Ah	Nails Quard	11	2 4 1970	143.1990 -	1 4 2013	2013	Repuls
71 Me Knoda Ben	Naib Quild	2	24 01 1764	10 1 1990	112013	2013	Regula
72 Ne Morraddan	Nath Qand	2	10 02 1964	1 12 1987	1.1 2013	2013	Repute

Contract employees are not promoted as there is no provision in rule for their promotion.

*Question No. 18 Senator Mushtaq Ahmed: (Notice Received on 2/11/2020 at 11:00 AM) QID: 37661

> Will the Minister for Information Technology and Telecommunications be pleased to state whether it is a fact that Information Technology Sector has the potential to increase its exports upto 10 billion, if so, the obstacles in attaining this target along with its details?

Syed Amin-ul-Haque: Yes. IT Sector has potential to increase its exports manifold. Pakistan's IT industry is an evolving regime. It is growing at a faster rate, earning valuable foreign exchange, creating high paying jobs, improving national productivity and quality of life through innovative technology solutions. This can be garnered from the fact that IT & IT enabled Services (ITeS) export remittances comprising computer services and call center services have surged to US \$1.230 billion at a growth rate of 23.71% in the FY 2019-20 in comparison to US \$994.848 million during the same period despite current global economic challenges thereby demonstrating the resilience of Pakistan's IT sector.

IT & IT enabled Services (ITeS) export remittances comprising computer services and call center services have surged to US \$648.940 million at a growth rate of 38.16% during July-November of FY 2020-21, in comparison to US \$469.713 million during July-November of FY 2019-20. IT & IT enabled Services (ITeS) export remittances, including telecommunication, computer and information services have risen to US \$763.060 million at a growth rate of 39.03% during July-November of FY 2020-21 in comparison to US \$548.830 million during July-November of FY 2019-20. Exports remittances inflow target for 2020-23 is US\$5b. The number of PSEB registered IT & ITeS companies as of 30th November, 2020 is 2,746 compared to 2,121 valid registrations as of November, 2019. This growth rate of 29.46% demonstrates stellar growth rates by any yardstick.

This growth has been achieved despite current global economic and Covid challenges. North America, UAE and UK are currently the largest markets for Pakistan's IT Industry. Pakistan's IT sector exports products and services to over 100 countries and counts world's largest entities among its regular clients. It is the largest net service export industry in Pakistan's economy. Pakistan's IT sector has the bandwidth to provide state of the art IT products and services and thus has the potential to significantly boost much needed foreign exchange earnings for Pakistan.

The above growth of the IT Sector is due to the commitment of the Government to ensure sustainable development of Pakistan's IT & ITeS-BPO industry through policy interventions, better eco system, greater cooperation with international entities and facilitation of foreign investors and customers.

Obstacles in attaining higher targets are listed at Annex-A.

Concerted efforts are needed to overcome these and obtain sustainable growth of exports. There is no way out but to fully own and support this sector.

Annex-A

(SNO)	Challenges/Obstacles	Responsible Agency
1	5% cash reward scheme for the IT & ITeS-BPO Sector on net	Ministry of
	export remittances, including Call Centers	Finance/SBP/
		Ministry of Commerce
2	No minimum tax for IT & ITeS Export Companies	Federal Board of
		Revenue
3	Reduced sales tax on IT & IT Enabled Services to 3-5%	Federal Board of
	across Federal Territory and provinces.	Revenue
4	Bank Loans:	State Bank of Pakistan
	Implement financing based on trade receivables/contracts	
	and IP (Trademarks, copyrights, patents) / current assets for	
	IT & ITeS-BPO businesses. This measure will enable	
	businesses to pursue bigger projects and generate more	
	business for Pakistan	

Obstacles in IT Exports Growth

5	Fast track foreign currency remittance process for IT & IT Enabled Services Sector	State Bank of Pakistan
6	International e-payments/merchant accounts Enable businesses to open merchant account in their respective bank branch and start receiving online payments for their products and services	State Bank of Pakistan
7	Inward and outward remittances to be allowed to IT companies for IT Exports	State Bank of Pakistan
8	Opening of accounts for Freelancers	State Bank of Pakistan
9	Relaxation of 35% Retention of Inward Remittances in dollars accounts: To allow some money from remittances to the company for taking back as an equity or to pay its workers	State Bank of Pakistan
10	Small industries and freelance remittances be given a better rate for Dollar	State Bank of Pakistan
11	Spectrum and Frequency Matters Auction of new frequency spectrum for tele-promotion and revenue generation	Cabinet Division / FAB/PTA
12	Travel advisory and Visa Facilitation	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
13	Foreign airline / call centers- Diplomacy needed to bring some in Pakistan	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
14	Friendly Countries may be requested to have IT exports from Pakistan	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
15	Concession to companies like IBM for setting up labs / plants in Pakistan	Ministry of Industries
16	Promotion of Local assembly leading to complete manufacturing of smart phones in Pakistan	Ministry of Industries & Production, FBR
17.	Approval of Marketing Export Program - PSDP Scheme	Ministry of Planning

*Question No. 19 **Senator Bahramand Khan Tangi:** (Notice Received on 9/11/2020 at 1:50 AM) QID: 37523

> Will the Minister Incharge of the Establishment Division be pleased to state whether it is a fact that interview panel of Federal Public Service Commission (FPSC) has the authority to fail all the candidates in an interview who have passed written examination for any post, if so, the details thereof?

Minister Incharge of the Establishment Division: 1. The purpose of the interview is to select the most suitable candidate(s) in terms of academics, professional qualifications, aptitude and personal qualities

and abilities. The Chairman FPSC constitutes Committee comprising of two or more members to conduct interviews. The Committee is assisted by a departmental representative, not below the rank of BS-20 officer to assess the candidate.

2. The interview panel awards marks to the candidates after thorough assessment in terms of Para-16-D of General Instructions to candidates reproduced below:

"D The qualifying threshold in interview for recruitment to all BS-16 and above/equivalent posts advertised by the FPSC will be as under:"

S.No.	Basic Pay Scale of Post	Total marks of interview	Qualifying marks
1.	BS-16 & 17	200	101
2.	BS-18	200	111
3.	BS-19	200	121
4.	BS-20	200	131
5.	BS-21 & 22	200	141

3. The candidate(s) who cannot secure minimum qualifying marks for a particular post, stands failed in the interview. In case, no candidate qualifies the interview, the post is re-advertised as per policy of the Commission.

*Question No. 20 Senator Bahramand Khan Tangi:

(Notice Received on 9/11/2020 at 1:50 AM) QID: 37522

Will the Minister Incharge of the Poverty Alleviation and Social Safety Division be pleased to state whether any registration centers have been established where poor people can get register themselves in Benazir Income Support Programme (BISP) and Sihat Sahulat Card Programme, if so, the detail thereof and if not, the reasons thereof?

Minister Incharge of the Poverty Alleviation and Social Safety Division: BISP is conducting a nationwide survey to update National Socio Economic Registry (NSER). In this regard, various approaches/ strategies have been adopted including door-to-door survey, desk based registration and teachers based census model to ensure that socioeconomic data of all households across the country is updated in BISP database. Province-wise summary of desk based registration centers/ sites being established across the country is attached as **Annexure-I**, whereas, the detailed list of districts with active desk based registration centers/ sites is attached as **Annexure-II**. Once the data collection activity is completed, updated National Socio Economic Registry will be utilized for various social safety net initiatives of the government.

Annexure-I

SUMMARY OF DESK BASED REGISTRATION CENTERS/ SITES

Name of Province	Total No. of Sites	Operational sites	To be Operational Next Week	To Be Operational
Balochistan	128	54	12	62
Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	14	14		0
Punjab	20	20	÷	0
Sindh	102	86	4	12
Total	264	174	16	74

Annexure-II

LIST OF DISTRICTS WITH ACTIVE DESK BASED REGISTRATION SITES/ CENTERS

Province Name	District Name	Tehsil Name	No. of sites	Operationa status
		GWADAR	1	Yes
		JIWANI	1	Yes
BALOCHISTAN	GWADAR	ORMARA	1	Yes
		PASNI	1	Yes
		SUNTSER	1	Yes
	1	KALAT	1	yes
		MANGOCHAR	1	yes
		SURAB	1	Yes
		Buleda	1	yes
	1 Oxul	Dasht	1	yes
	Kech	Mund	1	yes
		Tump	1	yes
		Turbat	1	yes
		KHARAN	1	yes
	KHARAN	SAR KHARAN	1	Yes
		SUBTOHMULK	1	Yes
		Aranji	1	Yes
		Karakh	1	Yes
		Khuzdar	1	Yes
		Moola	1	Yes
	Khuzdar	Nal	i.	Yes
		Ornach	1	Yes
		Wadh	1	Yes
		Zehri	1	Yes
		Killa Abdullah	1 - j	Yes
		KILLAH SAIFULLAH	1	Yes
	KILLAH	LOI	1	Yes
	SAIFULLAH	MUSLIM BAGH	1	Yes
		Bela	1	Yes
		Gaddani	Ť.	yes
	1.1.1.1	Hub	1	yes
	Lasbela	Liari	1	yes
		Sonmiani/winder	I.	Yes
		Uthal	1	Yes

Province Name	District Name	Tehsil Name	No. of sites	Operationa status
		DASHT	E. Phul	yes
	MASTUNG	KHAD KOCHA	1	yes
	MASICING	KIRDGAP	1	yes
		MASTUNG	1	yes
		Baba kot		yes
	Normalia	Chattar	1	yes
	Naseerabad	Dera murad jamali	- 1 -	yes
1.		Tamboo	1	yes
		BARSHORE	1	Yes
		HARAM ZAI	1	Yes
	PISHIN	KAREZAT	1	Yes
		PISHIN	1	Yes
		SARANAN	1	Yes
		Panj pai	1	Yes
	Quetta	Quetta city	1	Yes
		Quetta saddar	1	Yes
		Sanhri	- 1	Yes
		Sohbatpur	1	Yes
		SINJAWI	t	Yes
	ZIARAT	ZIARAT	1 I	Yes
	Charsadda	Charsadda	1	Yes
KHYBER		Shabqadar	1	Yes
PAKHTUNKH		Tangi	1	Yes
WA	HARIPUR	GHAZI	1	Yes
		HARIPUR	I	Yes
	7. 11° M	Lakki Marwat	1	Yes
	Lakki Marwat	Sarai Naurang	1	Yes
		AMBAR UTMAN KHEL	1	Yes
		HALIMZAI	1	Yes
		PINDIALI	1	Yes
	MOHMAND AGENCY	PRANG GHAR	t	Yes
	AGENCI	SAFI	1	Yes
		UPPER MOHMAND	1	Yes
		YAKA GHUND	1	Yes
		Ahmadpur East	1	Yes
		Bahawalpur city	1	Yes
PUNJAB	Bahawalpur	Bahawalpur Saddar	- 1	Yes
TUNJAD	Danawaipur	Hasilpur	1	Yes
		Khairpur Tamewali	1	Yes
		Yazman	1	Yes

		CHAKWAL	1	Yes
	CHAKWAL	CHOA SAIDAN SHAH	1	Yes
		KALLAR KAHAR	1	Yes
		LAWA	1	Yes
		TALAGANG	1	Yes
		Chak Jhumra	1	Yes
		Faisalabad City	1	Yes
	Faisalabad	Faisalabad Saddar	1	Yes
	Faisarabau	Jaranwala	1	Yes
		Samundri	1	Yes
		Tandlian Wala	1	Yes
	1	CHOUBARA	1	Yes
	LAYYAH	KAROR	1	Yes
		LAYYAH	1	Yes
		Jati	1	Yes
		Kharochan	1	Yes
SINDH	Sajawal	Mirpur bathoro	1	Yes
		Shah Bander	- 1	Yes
		Sujawal	1	Yes
	BADIN	BADIN	1	Yes
		GOLARCHI (S.F.RAHU)	1	Yes
		MATLI	1	Yes
		TALHAR	1	Yes
		TANDO BAGO		Yes
		Dadu	t	Yes
	Contraction of	Johi	1	Yes
	Dadu	Khairpur Nathan Shah	1	Yes
		Mehar	i	Yes
		HYDERABAD	1	Yes
		HYDERABAD CITY	I	Yes
		HYDERABAD CITY 2	1	Yes
	HYDERABAD	HEERABAD	i	Yes
		PREDABAD	i	Yes
		LATIFABAD	i	Yes
		QASIMABAD	1	Yes
	-	Garhi Khairo	1	Yes
	Constant (Jacobabad	1	Yes
	Jacobabad	Thul	ı	Yes

	KOTRI	1	Yes
JAMSHORO	MANJHAND	1	Yes
	SEHWAN	1	Yes
	THANO BULA KHAN	1	Yes
	Gulberg 1	1	Yes
	Gulberg 2	1	Yes
	Gulberg 3	1	Yes
	Liaquatabad	1	Yes
Karachi Central	Nazimabad	1	Yes
(539,127)	New Karachi 1	1	Yes
1	New Karachi 2	1	Yes
	New Karachi 3	ì	Yes
	North Nazimabad 1	1	Yes
	North Nazimabad 2	1	Yes
	FAISAL	1	Yes
	FEROZABAD	1	Yes
	GULSHAN-E-IQBAL	1	Yes
	GULZAR-E-HIJRI	1	Yes
KARACHI EAST	JAMSHED QUARTERS	1	Yes
	JAMSHED QUARTERS 1	i i	Yes
	MOOSA	1	Yes
	JAMSHED QUARTERS 2	1	Yes
	Aram Bagh	4	Yes
a Standard	Civil Lines	1	Yes
Karachi South	Clifton 2	1	Yes
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Lyari	1	Yes
	BALDIA	1	Yes
WAR LOW MAN	MAURIPUR	1	Yes
KARACHI WEST	ORANGI	1	Yes
	SITE AREA	1	Yes
	Korangi 1	1	Yes
	Korangi 2	1	Yes
	Korangi 3	4	Yes
	Landhi I	1	Yes
Korangi	Landhi 2	1	Yes
	Korangi 4 Uc 34	1	Yes
	Model Colony 2	1	Yes
	Shah Faisal	t	Yes

*Question No. 23 Senator Sirajul Haq:

(Notice Received on 11/11/2020 at 10:40 AM) QID: 37563

Will the Minister Incharge of the Aviation Division be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that the Government has decided to close down PIA owned Roosevelt Hotel in New York, if so, reasons thereof;
- (b) whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to sale out the same hotel, if so, reasons thereof; and
- (c) whether it is also a fact that during the last year the said hotel has earned Rs. 28 million dollars profit?

Mr. Ghulam Sarwar Khan: (a) The Government has decided to shut down the operations of the Roosevelt Hotel, New York, and the hotel has been closed on 18th December, 2020. Reasons for the closures were as follows:

- i. President Trump on 12th March, 2020 imposed restrictions on travel to and from USA.
- ii. Mayor of New York City on 16th March, 2020, announced closure of all schools, restaurants, bars and theatres etc.
- iii. Roosevelt's occupancy of 90% reduced to single digits beginning 22nd March, 2020.
- iv. Roosevelt's cash flows resultantly reduced drastically and PIA-IL funded the cash shortfall from its resources.
- v. Continuing partial hotel operations due in the wake of cancellation of UNGA, Fashion Show, NY Marathon, US Open etc. became unsustainable, as Hotel's revised forecast projected additional substantial cash short falls.
- vi. PIA-IL had advanced approx. \$ 17m till to-date, in order to protect the asset and to meet mandatory payments.

- vii. Roosevelt did not qualify for any bailout packages offered by US Government as Ultimate Beneficial Owner (UBO) being a sovereign state.
- viii. Professionals estimated pre-Covid operations revival from 2023-24.
- ix. Financial projections reflected a phenomenal cash short fall for the following 5 years.

(b) Roosevelt Hotel is not being sold, however, Cabinet Committee on Privatization in its meeting held on 15th November, 2019 *vide* Case No. CCoP-15/5/2019 considered the proposal submitted by Ministry of Privatization regarding Leasing of the Roosevelt Site for setting up a Joint Venture Project. The same is under process in Ministry of Privatization.

(c) The annual income earned by Roosevelt Hotel, New York for the last ten years (2010-2019) is placed at **Annexure-I**.

<u>Annexure-I</u>

...¥.,

ROOSEVELT FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

8,333 8,456 8,333 7,247 8,212 xpenses for the last 10 years (2010 to 2019) 2011 2012 2013 2014 count Heads 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 count Heads 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 count Heads 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 count Heads 38,661 40,188 43,247 45,125 48,502 cpenses 19,614 19,767 20,016 20,2568 20,295 t Fee 14,146 15,007 21,230 22,297 20,209 ct Fee 14,146 15,007 21,230 22,119 2,872	8,333 8,456 8,333 7,247 8,212 4,642 3,342 2,447 3,164 (1,495) expenses for the last 10 years (2010 to 2019) (210 to 2019) (210 to 2013) (211 to 2013) (211 to 2013) (211 to 2013) count Heads 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2017 2019 count Heads 2010 2011 2013 2014 2017 2018 22,948 rount Heads 39,661 40,188 43,247 45,125 49,502 49,768 52,616 52,047 51,607 52,948 rount Heads 19,614 19,767 20,016 20,256 20,205 21,815 22,148 20,379 24,047 25,330 rt Fee 14,146 15,007 21,230 21,230 21,230 21,737 1,138 1,036 1,1720 1,073 rt Fee 2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (11,45) (2,622) 20,100 rt 2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (11,45) (2,632) 20,100	et Income 8,3		1103	7107	21.24	50.14	6107	5010	1102	0107	5112
expenses for the last 10 years (2010 to 2019) (\$ in '000') 38,661 40,138 43,247 45,125 49,768 52,616 51,607 52,948 (\$ in '100' 21,131 1,153 22,148 20,167 51,607 52,948 14,146 1,007 21,230 21,113 1,173 1,172 21,010 2,49,758 2,2148 20,160 2,1,03	expenses for the last 10 years (2010 to 2019) (\$ 5in '000') ecount Heads 2010 2011 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 count Heads 2010 2011 2013 2014 2015 2016 52,616 52,047 51,607 55,948 Related Expenses 38,661 40,188 43,247 45,125 48,502 49,768 52,616 52,047 51,607 52,948 rypenses 19,614 19,767 20,016 20,2568 20,209 1,113 1,139 1,036 1,120 1,073 nt Fee 14,146 15,007 21,230 22,297 20,209 17,797 1,7818 19,144 20,385 20,100 ct 2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (522) (1,145) (2,032) (2,032) ct 2,438 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (522) (1,145) (2,032) (2,030) (2,032) (2,103) (2,032) (2,103) (2,032) (2,103) (2,032)		333	8,456	8,333	7,247	8,212	4,642	3,342	2,447	3,164	(1,495)
Count Heads 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Related Expenses 38,661 40,188 43,247 45,125 48,502 49,768 52,616 52,047 51,607 52,308 xpenses 19,614 19,767 20,016 20,256 20,295 21,815 22,148 20,379 24,047 25,330 at Fee 14,146 1,026 1,131 1,153 820 1,113 1,139 1,036 1,120 1,073 at Fee 24,39 2,0209 17,197 1,7818 19,144 20,385 20,100 2,439 2,602 2,119 2,872 (3277) (522) (1,145) (2,632)	count Heads 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Related Expenses 38,661 40,188 43,247 45,125 48,502 49,768 52,616 52,047 51,607 52,948 xxpenses 19,614 19,767 20,016 20,256 20,295 21,815 22,148 20,379 24,047 25,330 nt Fee 14,146 1,026 1,153 820 1,113 1,139 1,036 1,120 1,073 tt Fee 24,369 2,602 2,113 2,573 820 1,113 1,139 1,036 1,073 tt Fee 24,347 21,230 22,237 20,209 17,797 1,7818 19,144 20,385 20,100 2,433 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (327) (1,145) (378) (2.632)	ead wise expenses for the last 10 years ((2010 to	(6102 0)	('s in '000')
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xypenses 19,614 19,767 20,016 20,258 20,295 21,815 22,148 20,379 24,047 25,330 nt Fee 989 1,026 1,131 1,153 820 1,113 1,139 1,120 1,073 14,146 15,007 21,230 22,297 20,209 17,797 17,818 19,144 20,385 20,100 2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (522) (1,145) (378) (2,632)	xpenses 19,614 19,767 20,016 20,258 20,295 21,815 22,148 20,379 24,047 25,330 nt Fee 989 1,026 1,131 1,153 820 1,113 1,139 1,026 1,1120 1,073 14,146 15,007 21,230 22,297 20,209 17,797 17,818 19,144 20,385 20,100 2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (522) (1,145) (3.78) (2.632)			40.188	43.247	45,125	48,502	49,768	52,616	52,047	51,607	52,948
ni Fee 989 1,026 1,131 1,153 820 1,113 1,139 1,086 1,120 1,073 1,073 14,146 15,007 21,230 22,297 20,209 17,797 17,818 19,144 20,385 20,100 2,100 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (522) (1,145) (378) (2,632)	ni Fee 989 1,026 1,131 1,153 820 1,713 1,139 1,086 1,120 1,073 1,073 14,146 15,007 21,230 22,297 20,209 17,797 17,818 19,144 20,385 20,100 22,632 (1,145) 2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (522) (1,145) (522) (1,145) (2,632)			19,767	20,016	20,258	20,295	21,815	22,148	20,379	24,047	25,330
14,146 15,007 21,230 22,297 20,209 17,797 17,818 19,144 20,385 20,100 2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (522) (1,145) (3.632) (2.632)	c 2,439 3,089 2,602 21,230 22,297 20,209 17,797 17,818 19,144 20,385 20,100 22,632 20,100 2,872 (372) (1,145) (2,632)			1.026	1.131	1,153	820	1,113		1,086	1,120	1,073
2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (1,145) (378) (2,632) (2,632)	c 2,439 3,089 2,602 2,119 2,872 (327) (522) (1.145) (378) (2.632)		-	15,007	21,230	22,297	20,209	17,797		19,144	20,385	20,100
	Janim 1		2	3,089	2,602	2,119	2,872	(327)		(1, 145)	(378)	(2,632)
PANSA ASDUC SIMPRAM										Buk	Renk	PIREOR FINANCEI PIAL

*Question No. 24 **Senator Mushtaq Ahmed:** (Notice Received on 11/11/2020 at 12:30 PM) QID: 37618

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of operational mobile phone towers on National Highway leading to Southern Districts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa alongwith the names of the mobile phone companies operating the said towers;
- (b) whether it is a fact that the number of operational mobile phone towers are less than the requirements causing weak signals / mobile phone service in the said area, if so, details thereof; and
- (c) whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to increase the number of mobile phone towers in the said areas for having full coverage of mobile phone service / signals, if so, details thereof?

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: (a) All CMOs are providing coverage on National Highway leading to Southern Districts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa as shown in Annex-A, the no of operational BTS towers along with the mobile phone companies operating in the said towers are as below:

Operator	No. of BTS Tower
Telenor	360
Jazz	67
Ufone	52
CMPak	51

(b) Adequate number of BTS towers are operational in the said area. However, mobile radio coverage is dependent on multiple factors like propagation of mobile radio signals, terrain profile, backhaul facilities

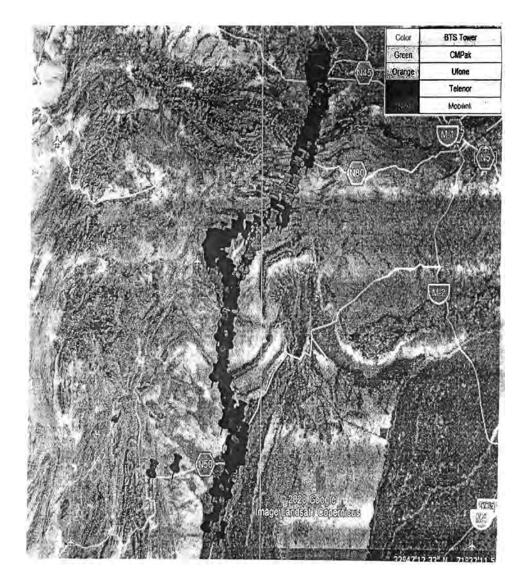
(c) USFC under MOIT&T is playing vital role to increase mobile broadband proliferation in the said areas. USF is conducting "Next Generation Broadband for Sustainable Development Program" (NG-BSD) for unserved and underserved areas of Pakistan. This program is designed to provide telecom services to the unserved Mauzas across the country Key initiatives for southern districts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa are:

- USF and Telenor entered in the contract to provide basic telephony and data services to the mass population in unserved areas of DI Khan. (Completed)
- USF and PTML (Ufone) entered in the contract to provide basic telephony and data services to the mass population in un-served areas of Khyber. (Completed)
- USF and PMCL (JAZZ) entered in the contract to provide basic telephony and data services to the mass population in un-served areas of South Waziristan. (Completed)
- Bannu and Lakki Marwat is included in the tender timeline projects of USF for the year 2020-21. (In progress)
- NG-BSD for NHs & MWs is first of its kind initiative of USF whereby the unserved patches on the National Highways and Motorways are being provided with voice and broadband data services. Various projects are underway.

The southern districts of KPK were mentioned in the gazette published by MOIT&T regarding Determination of Underserved Areas under rule 2(XXIV) of USF rules 2006 for the launch of Next Generation broadband in unserved and underserved areas of Pakistan.

Furthermore, PTA is in process of revision of Quality of Service and Rollout obligations to further improve communication services in all over Pakistan.

Annex-A



*Question No. 25 Senator Seemee Ezdi: (Notice Received on 24/11/2020 at 10:50 AM) QID: 37620

> Will the Minister Incharge of the Climate Change Division be pleased to state the number of industries in Islamabad Capital Territory against which legal action have been taken on account of violating the rules / regulations for regulations for regulating outflow of toxic industrial waste into rivers and streams?

Ms. Zartaj Gul: Following is the list of industries in ICT against which legal actions have taken on account of violating provisions of PEP Act, 1997 and the NEQS made there under:

Sr.#	Industry name	Legal	Date of
		notice issuance date	personal hearings
1	M/s Sddiqui Steel Furance	11-03-2019	20-03-2019
2	Capital Steel	02-04-2019	02-04-2019
3	M/s Capital Steel	11-04-2019	17-04-2019
4	M/s Capital Steel	29-04-2019	08-05-2019
5	M/s Naseem Woollen Mills	27-06-2019	10-07-2019
6	Punjab Oil Mills Limited	18-07-2019	26-07-2019
7	MOL Pakistan Oil and Gas Company B.V	30-07-2019	08-08-2019
8	M/s Siddiqui Steel Furnace	29-09-2019	10-10-2019
9	M/s New Mustehkam Steel Mills	31-10-2019	04-11-2019
10	M/s Siddiqui Steel Furnance	19-11-2019	25-11-2019
11	PK Meat & Food Company	29-11-2019	06-12-2019
12	The Capital Feed Mills	17-08-2020	20-08-2020
13	The Capital Feed Mills	28-09-2020	07-10-2020
14	Hassan Steel and Re- Rolling Mills	02-12-2020	03-12-2020
15	Neste	08-03-2019	EPO

*Question No. 26 Senator Mushtaq Ahmed: (Notice Received on 26/11/2020 at 10:00 AM) QID: 37640

Will the Minister Incharge of the Aviation Division be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that due to broken engine blade and other technical faults, Pakistan International Airline plane during flight PK 661 enroute to Islamabad from Chitral crashed at Havelian on 7th December, 2016, if so, the details thereof;
- (b) whether the Government has fixed the responsibility on persons responsible for the said incident, if so, the details of actions taken against the responsible persons; and
- (c) the steps being taken by the Government for avoiding such incidents in future?

Mr. Ghulam Sarwar Khan: (a) The broken engine blade and combination of latent technical malfunctions which were unique in the entire operational life of ATR around the world is primary cause of the accident.

(b) The Aircraft Accident / incident investigations are carried out in consonance with the protocol of United Nations Agency; International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Standard and Recommended Practices (SARP's) given in Annex -13 "Aircraft Accident Incident Investigation".

Whereas,

Annex – 13, Section 3.1 states that;

"The Sole Objective of the investigation of an accident or incident shall be the prevention of accidents and incidents. It is not the purpose of this activity to apportion blame or liability"

Annex — 13, Section 5.4.1 States that;

"Any investigation conducted in accordance with provision of this annex shall be separate from judicial or administrative proceedings to apportion blame or liability"

As mentioned above, the air crash investigations are meant for safety issues, and to avoid in recurrence in future.

(c) PCAA Flight inspectors and Airworthiness has enhanced surveillance activities for all Airlines and the safety recommendations made AAIB for regulator and operator are being implemented by the concerned.

ANNEX-II

Gov	ernment of Pakistan
Ca	abinet Secretariate
(A	viation Division)
10.1	****

BRIEF FOR MINISTER AVIATION

SENATE QUESTION

(By: Senator Mushtaq Ahmed)

REGARDING PIA FLIGHT PK 661 CRASH NEAR HAVELIAN ON WAY TO ISLAMABAD FROM CHITRAL DATED 07TH DECEMBER 2016

Contextual Overview:

The instant details of the accident and event flight are summarized here under;

Carrier	Flight No & Type	Sector	Souls on Board
	PK 661	CJL - ISB	Pax = 42, Pilots = 3
PLA	ATR 42-500	(Chitral to	Cabin Crew $= 2$
	Reg. No. AP-BHO	Islamabd)	Total = 47*
	itral to Islamabad, which to inutes of flying at 11:20:38		
all souls on board*.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the set of	the second s	

 On the day of accident, the Aircraft completed Five (05) Flights: Islamabad to Gilgit & back (02), Islamabad to Chitral (01), Chitral to Peshawar & back (02)

The investigation into the subject crash has been completed by AAIB after lot of efforts and deliberation between various stakeholders from three different states (France, Canada & USA).

The report has been made public and is available on CAA Website.

Para wise Comments on the Question(s)

- a) Whether it is a fact that due to broken engine blade and other technical faults, Pakistan International Airline Plane during flight PK 661 enroute to Islamabad from Chitral crashed at Havelian on 07th December, 2016, if so;
 - The broken engine blade and unprecedented combination of latent technical malfunctions which were unique in the entire operational life of ATR around the world is probably primary cause of the accident. There was no defect related to engine and propeller reported before the flight. The technical defects were latent and could not be identified through any indication in the cockpit or technical inspection.
 - It is worth mentioning that maintenance of failed components do not fall under the scope of PIACL and were last overhauled by Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM).
- b) Whether the Government has fixed the responsibility on persons responsible for the said incident, if so, the details of actions taken against the responsible persons; and

The Aircraft Accident / Incident investigations are carried out in consonance with the protocol of United Nations Agency; International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Standard and Recommended Practices (SARP's) given in Annex -13 "Aircraft Accident Incident Investigation". The Section 3.1 of Annex - 13, states that;

"The Sole Objective of the investigation of an accident or incident shall be the prevention of accidents and incidents. It is not the purpose of this activity to apportion blame or liability"

Further, Annex - 13, Section 5.4.1 States that;

"Any investigation conducted in accordance with provision of this annex shall be separate from judicial or administrative proceedings to apportion blame or liability"

Moreover, the subject crash report is subjugated to hearing in "The High Court of Sindh" and final verdict is awaited.

c) Whether the Government has fixed the responsibility on persons responsible for the said incident, if so, the details of actions taken against the responsible persons; and

PCAA Flight inspectors and Airworthiness has enhanced surveillance activities for all Airlines and the safety recommendations made AAIB for regulator and operator are being implemented by the concerned.

The above brief is based on inputs received from AAIB, CAA & PIA

*Question No. 27 Senator Nuzhat Sadiq:

(Notice Received on 14/12/2020 at 12:50 PM) QID: 37659

Will the Minister Incharge of the Aviation Division be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is fact that flight operations of Pakistan International Airlines from Pakistan to Japan and vice versa are presently suspended, if so, reasons thereof;
- (b) whether there is any proposal under consideration for completely closing down flight operation of PIA from Japan to Pakistan and vice versa, if so, reasons thereof; and
- (c) the steps being taken by PIA for facilitating traveling and related matters of Pakistani Community in Japan?

Mr. Ghulam Sarwar Khan: (a) PIA had been operating twice weekly flights to Tokyo via Beijing, despite all the efforts of PIA Management, Tokyo flight remained in losses on Direct Operating Cost (which is a minimum benchmark for every route) since the year 2016. A detail of losses is as under:

			PKR ir	thousands
	2016	2017	2018	2019
Cont on DOC	(7,277)	(172,374)	(731,235)	(722,372)

Initially under the Air service Agreement (ASA) with Japan PIA was allowed to uplift 1300 passengers and 43 tonnes of cargo per month between TYO-BJS-TYO routes under 5th freedom traffic rights. However, PIA repeatedly raised the issue with Japanese authorities to enhance the amount of passenger and cargo tonnage but Japan Authorities have not acceded to the request. Government of Japan has clearly stated in its policy of not allowing 5th freedom rights to foreign carriers on the TYO-BJS route in order to safeguard the commercial interests of its airlines. Therefore, during Feb 16, 2019 to May 29, 2019 Tokyo route was temporarily suspended.

With the continuous efforts by the Foreign Office and Pakistan Embassy in Japan the said quota was increased and after the revision of quota PIA is allowed to carry 4000 passengers and 100 tons of cargo per month.

However, this increase in quota could not be able to change the fate of this route and after the revision of quota; route economics of the route became even inferior and route could not recover its Variable Operating Cost (VOC) during May 2019 to December 2019.

In continuation of route restructuring exercise this route performance analysis exercise, year round operating and financial statistics of Tokyo flight were analyzed in detail. The result of the route performance analysis shows that the operation is not economically viable with significant margins and flight is not meeting even variable operating cost.

In order to give the insight of operating dynamics of Tokyo flight, I would like to give more details of passenger traffic on this flight. On this flight, PIA serves 3rd and 4th freedom traffic on Beijing whereas on Tokyo PIA was transporting 5th freedom traffic (between Beijing and Tokyo) as well. This 5th freedom traffic is operated under quota allocated to PIA by the Japanese regulatory authority. Historically PIA operated A310 on this route, however, after the grounding of A310s, PIA is operating Boeing 777s. This route remained unprofitable when A310s were being operated and it became even more unprofitable with the deployment of Boeing 777 as it has more capacity and hence more spoilage because of thin origin and destination traffic demand between Tokyo-Pakistan-Tokyo. During year 2019, PIA floated approximately 67,000 seats on Beijing Tokyo segment and only 20,700 passengers travelled whereas origin and destination traffic between Pakistan and Tokyo was only 10,100 passengers. PIA achieved network seat factor of 81% during the year 2019, whereas average seat factor on this route for the last two years remained 67% which is much lower than the average of network.

(b) It has always been top priority of PIA to serve business communities and overseas Pakistanis, therefore, management decided to take all measures to improve the route performance. As an initiative to improve route performance of this flight, Japanese authorities were requested to increase the allowed passenger quota between Tokyo and Beijing with the expectation that PIA would improve seat factor between Beijing Tokyo leg of the flight. However, the allocated quota remained largely unutilized because of thin passenger demand and availability of alternative low cost carrier options between these two destinations.

It is also pertinent to mention that origin and destination passenger demand between Pakistan and Tokyo is not strong enough to start a direct flight, therefore this flight has always been operated as an extension to Beijing flight.

(c) It is apprised that closure of service to any destination is a well-defined and methodical process; same is the case of opening/ reopening of service to any destination. Reopening of service requires various approval and permissions from regulatory authorities, slot allocation from relevant airports and lot of other paraphernalia. All these mentioned tasks will require lot of efforts from both in terms of financial as well as human resources and that too for service which is draining PIA financially since years. Moreover, it has been forecasted by IATA that passenger demand in airline industry will regain the pre-COVID volumes by the year 2023; therefore, all the airlines are curtailing their operations and restricting them to most economically viable routes. Hence, in such a situation reopening of this route will result in even more losses compared to its pre-pandemic losses.

However, keeping in view all the above, PIA will continue to monitor the market dynamics / business potential and if it so permits, will definitely mount flights to facilitate travelling passengers to Tokyo.

Islamabad,	MOHAMMAD QASIM SAMAD KHAN,
the 25th January, 2021	Secretary.

PCPPI-3085(2021) Senate-25-1-2021-275.