

SENATE OF PAKISTAN

SENATE DEBATES

Tuesday, September 13, 2005

The Senate of Pakistan met in the Senate Hall (Parliament House) Islamabad, at fifty minutes past five in the evening with Mr. Presiding Officer (Dr. Khalid Ranjha) in the Chair.

Recitation from the Holy Quran

اعوذ باللہ من الشیطان الرجیم

بسم اللہ الرحمن الرحیم

الذین یقولون ربنا اننا فاعقلنا ذنوبنا وقتنا عذاب النار۔
الضبرین والصدقین والتقنن والمنتقین والمستغفرین بالاسحار۔
شهدا اللہ انہ لا الہ الا هو۔ وَالْمَلٰئِکَةُ وَاُولُوا الْعِلْمِ قَانِمًا بِالْقُسْطِ لَا اِلٰهَ اِلَّا
هُوَ الْعَزِیزُ الْحَکِیْمُ۔ ان الذین عند اللہ الا سلام وما اختلف الذین اوتوا
الکتاب الا من بعد ماجاء هم العلم بغیا بینهم۔ ومن ینکفر بایث اللہ فان
اللہ سریع الحساب۔

ترجمہ۔ جو خدا سے التجا کرتے ہیں کہ اے پروردگار ہم ایمان لے آئے سو
ہم کو ہمارے گناہ معاف فرما اور دوزخ کے عذاب سے محفوظ رکھ۔ یہ وہ

لوگ ہیں جو (مشکلات میں) صبر کرتے اور سچ بولتے اور عبادت میں لگے رہتے اور (راہِ خدا میں) خرچ کرتے اور اوقاتِ سحر میں گناہوں کی معافی مانگا کرتے ہیں۔ خدا تو اس بات کی گواہی دیتا ہے کہ اس کے سوا کوئی معبود نہیں۔ اور فرشتے اور علم والے لوگ جو انصاف پر قائم ہیں وہ بھی (گواہی دیتے ہیں کہ) اس غالب حکمت والے کے سوا کوئی عبادت کے لائق نہیں۔ دین تو خدا کے نزدیک اسلام ہے اور اہل کتاب نے جو (اس دین سے) اختلاف کیا تو علم حاصل ہونے کے بعد آپس کی ضد سے کیا۔ اور جو شخص خدا کی آیتوں کو نہ مانے تو خدا جلد حساب لینے والا (اور سزا دینے والا) ہے۔

(سورۃ آل عمران آیت ۱۶ تا ۱۹)

POINT OF ORDER RE: LEGAL VALIDITY OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF
THE HOUSE

Senator Mian Raza Rabbani (Leader of the Opposition):

There is a stranger in the Chair, there is no Chairman, there is no Deputy Chairman and there is no panel. There is a stranger in the Chair. This sitting is illegal because there is a stranger sitting in that Chair whom we do not recognize.

(Voices: Stranger in the Chair)

Mr. Presiding Officer: In pursuance of sub-Rule 1 of Rule 14 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business in the Senate, 1988, the Chairman has nominated the following members in order of precedence to form a panel of presiding officers for the 22nd Session of the Senate of Pakistan:-

1. Dr. Khalid Ranjha

2. Mr. Ahmad Ali
3. Mr. Muhammad Akram

Senator Mian Raza Rabbani: This is a violation of the Constitution and Rules, therefore, you should kindly vacate that Chair, you are in total violation of the Rules, kindly vacate the Chair because you are not a presiding officer in terms of Rule 14 (1), that the Chairmah cannot nominate until the session has commenced. No, we are not willing to listen to you because this sitting is not in order. Since the sitting is not in order, we are not willing to listen to you.

(Voices: Stranger in the Chair)

Mr. Presiding Officer: This matter can be discussed, I will request the Leader of the House to please take notice of this issue.....

Senator Wasim Sajjad (Leader of the House): Sir, they have raised an objection, I have the right to answer.

Senator Mian Raza Rabbani: No. Because you are sitting there.

Senator Wasim Sajjad: No, no. Sir, there is no forum.

Senator Mian Raza Rabbani: And you (Mr. Presiding Officer) cannot be a Judge in your case.

Mr. Presiding Officer: I would not be a Judge, but this issue can be debated.

(Interruption)

Senator Mian Raza Rabbani: You are violating the rules.

سینیٹر وسیم سجاد: جناب! یہ تو ان کا ایک argument ہے، مناسب تو یہی ہے کہ

you take the House into confidence.

وہ اس کا جواب سن لیں اس کے بعد

Mr. Presiding Officer: Please take the House into confidence.

(Interruption)

Mr. Presiding Officer: I would request to the Leader of the Opposition

(Interruption)

Senator Mian Raza Rabbani: You can't.

(Interruption)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Let us debate this point.

(Voices from the Opposition: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Why can't we debate this?

(Voices from the Opposition: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Let us hear you.

(Voices: No, no, no)

Senator Wasim Sajjad: Sir, when the Leader of the Opposition presents some arguments and then I will answer those arguments.....

(Voices: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: They should take a note of it, I wish.

(Voices: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Mr. Rabbani, you are a very.....

(Voices: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Please hear. Until we decide, until we resolve that this nomination is not correct.....

(Voices: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Kamil Ali Agha, please.

(Voices: No, no, no)

سینیئر کامل علی آغا، انہوں نے objection raise کیا ہے ان کو اب جواب سننا چاہیئے۔ یہ طریقہ کار ہے۔ یہ طریقہ نہیں ہے کہ objection کے بعد شور کرتے رہیں۔ یہ قانون کی بات ہے ان کو قانون کی روشنی میں جواب مانگنا چاہیئے۔ یہ طریقہ کار ہے۔

(Voices: No, no, no)

سینیئر وسیم سجاد، جناب! کوئی قانون، کوئی procedure اس چیز کی اجازت نہیں دیتا کہ ایک طرف ایک stand لے کر

(Voices: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Dr. Sahib wants to say something?

(Voices: No, no, no)

ڈاکٹر شیر افگن خان نیازی (وفاقی وزیر پارلیمانی امور)، جناب چیئرمین! افسوس سے کہنا پڑتا ہے کہ یہ شق چار ہے، آپ as a Chairman of the Senate, you are presiding legally, constitutionally اور میں ان سے گزارش کروں گا۔

جناب پریذائیڈنگ آفیسر: ان کی بات سنئے۔

ڈاکٹر شیر افگن خان نیازی، آپ Rule 217 پڑھیں۔ آپ ادھر توجہ دیں۔ وہ 'no, no' کرتے رہیں۔

(Voices: No, no, no)

Dr. Sher Afgan Khan Niazi: He is abusing the rules of the Senate.

(Voices: No, no, no)

جناب پریذائیڈنگ آفیسر، احتجاج ہو گیا ہے۔

Dr. Sher Afgan Khan Niazi: And ask them to leave the House.

Mr. Presiding Officer: No, I can't ask them to leave the House.

(Voices: No, no, no)

سینیٹر احمد علی، چیئرمین صاحب! Opposition کا اعتراض جو انہوں نے raise کیا ہے اس کا جواب آرہا ہے اس کو تسلی سے سنیں۔ اگر وہ قائل نہ ہوں تو پھر بات کریں لیکن وہ سن نہیں رہے ہیں صرف شور مچا رہے ہیں اور ڈیک بجا رہے ہیں۔ یہ مسئلے کا حل تو نہیں ہے۔ شکریہ۔

جناب پریذائیڈنگ آفیسر، ڈاکٹر صاحب کی بات تو سن لیں۔

(Voices: No, no, no)

سینیٹر پروفیسر محمد سعید صدیقی، اگر Opposition کو اعتراض ہے جو انہوں نے raise کیا ہے تو اس کا جواب آرہا ہے اس کو وہ تسلی سے سنیں۔ اگر وہ قائل نہ ہوں تو پھر بات کریں۔ مگر یہ صرف شور مچا رہے ہیں۔ یہ مسئلے کا حل تو نہیں ہے۔ اعتراض کیا ہے تو جواب بھی سن لیں۔

جناب پریذائیڈنگ آفیسر، ڈاکٹر صاحب کی بات سن لیں۔

(Interruption)

جناب پریذائیڈنگ آفیسر، ڈاکٹر صاحب کچھ کہنا چاہ رہے ہیں۔

(Interruption)

ڈاکٹر شیر انگن خان نیازی، جناب! آپ Questions Hour شروع کریں۔

(Interruption)

Senator Wasim Sajjad: Sir, there are two alternatives. One is,

that the question was raised, we should be allowed to answer their question and present our point of view. Secondly, the Question Hour is to be started. You may call the person asking the question, let him ask the question. If he does not ask it, the question will be dropped.

(Protest from the Opposition continued. Voices: No, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Mr. Kamil Ali Agha.

سینئر کامل علی آغا، جناب چیئرمین! میں گزارش کرنا چاہتا ہوں کہ اپوزیشن کی طرف سے رضا ربانی صاحب نے ایک point raise کیا ہے اب ان کا اخلاقی طور پر فرض بنتا ہے کہ قائد ایوان ان کے objection کا جواب دیں۔ ان کو سننا چاہیے۔ پارلیمانی طریقہ کار یہ ہے۔ یہ روایت نہیں ہے جو کچھ یہ کر رہے ہیں۔ اگر یہ کہہ رہے ہیں کہ ادھر سے کوئی غیر قانونی بات ہو رہی ہے تو پھر کیا یہ خود قانونی بات کر رہے ہیں؟ یہ بھی تو غیر قانونی، غیر آئینی اور غیر پارلیمانی طریقہ ہے جو انہوں نے adopt کیا ہوا ہے۔ رضا ربانی صاحب سے میری درخواست ہے کہ وہ قائد ایوان کی بات سنیں۔ انہوں نے جو objection raise کیا ہے اس کا جواب سنیں۔ اگر اس کے باوجود وہ مطمئن نہیں ہوتے تو پھر ان کے ساتھ بیٹھ کر ہم مذاکرات کر لیتے ہیں۔ ہم بیٹھ کر جو طریقہ کار طے کریں گے اس پر عملدرآمد ہو جائے گا۔

(Voices: No, no. Noise in the House)

جناب پریذائڈنگ آفیسر: محمد علی درانی صاحب۔

سینئر محمد علی درانی (وزیر مملکت برائے کلچر، سپورٹس و امور نوجوانان): جناب والا! آپ سے درخواست ہے کہ کارروائی شروع کریں۔ اپوزیشن نے ایک سال تک ڈیسک بجائے تھے اور اگر چار پانچ دن دوبارہ بجالیں گے تو خیر ہے، آپ کام شروع کریں۔

(The House echoed with the voices of no, no, from the Opposition)

Question ڈاکٹر شیر افگن خان نیازی، جناب چیئرمین! آپ مہربانی فرمائیں،

Hour شروع کریں اور جو کچھ یہ کر رہے ہیں، کرتے رہیں۔

This is requirement of the House. Please go ahead. This is duly constituted. They are abusing the rules. They are violating the norms. They are not acting according to the norms of the democracy. They are insulting the august House. Otherwise, I will have to move a question of breach of privilege and contempt of this House. What they are doing? Under the rules you can name the person, you can expel the person.

آپ براہ کرم Question Hour شروع کریں، مہربانی کریں - Let them do, what they want to do. یہ جو مرضی ہے کرتے رہیں۔ آپ question regularly پڑھیں، اگر یہ نہیں کرتے respond we will answer the question. مہربانی کریں، کارروائی شروع کریں۔

(Protest of the Opposition continued in full swing. No, no)

جناب پریذائیڈنگ آفیسر، رضا صاحب! آپ ان کو اس نکتے پر سن تو لیں، وہ کیا کہتے ہیں۔

(Voices: No, no. continued without any pause)

ڈاکٹر شیر افگن خان نیازی، جناب چیئرمین! آپ Question Hour شروع کریں، یہ اسی طرح کرتے رہیں گے۔

Mr. Presiding Officer: I think we will come on to the next item on the agenda and that is the Question Hour. Question No. 1, Syed Hidayatullah Shah. Yes, Agha sahib.

(Interruption)

سینیئر کامل علی آغا، اس ہاؤس کو adjourn کیا جائے۔ دس منٹ کے لیے اس ہاؤس کو adjourn کیا جائے۔ ہم مذاکرات کے بعد پھر واپس آئیں گے۔

Mr. Presiding Officer: I think there is a proposal from the

House. I adjourn the House for half an hour. We will resume after 'Maghrib' prayers at 7 O'clock.

(The House was then adjourned to meet again after 'Maghrib'

prayers at 7.00 P.M.)

(The House reassembled after 'Mughrib' prayers with Mr. Presiding

Officer, (Dr. Khalid Ranjha) in the Chair)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Now, I come to the Questions Hour.

Question No.1, Syed Hidayatullah Shah. He is not present. Kindly take your seats.

Senator Mian Raza Rabbani: Sir, you are a distinguished member of this House and you are a distinguished member of the Bar. Kindly don't tarnish your image. We have nothing against your person but the fact is that the Chairman has transgressed the law. You are not competent to preside this session. We have given a way out to the treasury. If the treasury does not want to take that way out then I am sorry we will not allow proceedings to go on because the sitting is illegal and this is not a sitting of the House.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Mr. Wasim Sajjad, I think this is.....

(Voices: No, no)

Senator Wasim Sajjad: Sir, I would like respectfully to submit that you have been legally nominated Presiding Officer of the Senate under

Rule 14(1) by the Chairman of the Senate. It will also be our submission that the Chairman Senate does not lose his powers as Chairman Senate if he becomes Acting President because presently if he is exercising the functions of the President under Article 49(2) of the Constitution. Therefore, our submission would be that their arguments may be presented. We will answer it. We will present our point of view before the House and let you or the House decide which point of view is correct.

This manner is against parliamentary norms and practices that no opportunity is being permitted to the treasury benches to answer allegations which are being made by the honourable Leader of the Opposition. This is against Parliamentary norms. We have tried in our private meeting in the office of the honourable Leader of the Opposition to find a way out but unfortunately we were unable to do so.

I once again request the honourable members of the Opposition to follow the rules. One of the principles which we would insist upon and which should be followed is that a ruling of the Chairman of the Senate is never challenged. This is a tradition and all those honourable members who are committed to democratic norms and principles, who want the constitution and the rules to be followed, who want the normal procedure to be followed should respect ruling of the Chairman. Nevertheless, we are prepared to answer their allegations. We are prepared to answer their

points that this nomination has not been made validly because our submission would be that the nomination of the Presiding Officer is valid. You have been validly nominated in accordance with the rules and the Constitution and you have every right to preside over the meeting of the Senate. That will be our submission.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Mr. Babar Khan Ghauri.

سینیئر بابر خان غوری (وفاقی وزیر برائے جہاز رانی و بندرگاہیں)، وسیم جاد صاحب نے جو ابھی recommend کیا ہے میں اس کی تائید کرتا ہوں اور میں سمجھتا ہوں مسئلے کو حل کرنے کے لیے یہ best solution ہے۔ شکریہ۔

جناب پریذائیڈنگ آفیسر، کامل علی آغا صاحب۔

سینیئر کامل علی آغا، جناب چیئرمین! پارلیمانی روایات کو قائم رکھتے ہوئے اپوزیشن کے ساتھ مذاکرات کئے۔ ہماری یہ کوشش ہے کہ اپوزیشن اپنا point of view on the floor of the House بیان کرے اور ہمارے قائد ایوان اپنا موقف on the floor of the House بیان کریں۔ اس کے بعد یہ طے کیا جائے کہ کونسا طریقہ پارلیمانی روایات کو قائم رکھنے کے لئے adopt کیا جائے۔ ہم نے یہ تجویز کیا تھا کہ ان دونوں تجویزوں کو ایوان میں put کر دیا جائے تاکہ House کی supremacy کو قائم رکھتے ہوئے House کا فیصلہ لے لیا جائے۔ یہ دونوں موقف سامنے رکھتے ہوئے اس محترم ایوان کے فیصلے کو prevail کرنا چاہیے۔ میں سمجھتا ہوں کہ یہی پارلیمانی روایت بن سکتی تھی جس کے اوپر آئندہ چل کر اس کا تقدس برقرار رکھا جاسکتا تھا لیکن اپوزیشن نے یہ رویہ گزشتہ سال بھی قائم رکھا اور آج بھی اسی رویے کو آگے چلاتے ہوئے یہ اس ایوان کا تقدس پامال کر رہے ہیں اس شور و غوغا کے ذریعے۔ میں سمجھتا ہوں

کہ یہ چاہتے ہیں کہ اس system کو rule out کر دیا جائے اور سستی شہرت حاصل کرنے کے لئے عوام کو دھوکہ دینا چاہتے ہیں۔ میں یہ سمجھتا ہوں کہ عوام کے اندر آج اتنا شور آچکا ہے اور وہ یہ سمجھتے ہیں کہ کون لوگ ہیں جو اس system کو برباد کرنا چاہتے ہیں، کون لوگ ہیں جو جمہوریت کو برباد کرنا چاہتے ہیں۔ کون لوگ ہیں جو سیاست پھمکانے کے لئے اس ملک کی ترقی کے چھپے پڑے ہوئے ہیں اور وہ نہیں چاہتے ہیں کہ یہ ملک ترقی کے زینے پر چڑھا رہے۔

جناب چیئرمین! میں یہ سمجھتا ہوں کہ آپ ہمارے موقف پر قائم رستے ہوئے آج کے اس ایجنڈے کو آگے بڑھائیں اور Question Hour کو شروع کریں۔

جناب پریذائڈنگ آفیسر: جناب درانی صاحب۔

سینیٹر محمد علی درانی، جناب چیئرمین! اپوزیشن کا رویہ اس بات کا آئینہ دار ہے کہ وہ ایک سال تک ایسی ہی حرکتیں کر کے پارلیمنٹ کی کارروائی کو روکتے رہے لیکن جمہوریت کا راستہ وہ نہیں روک سکے۔ میں سمجھتا ہوں کہ بلدیاتی الیکشن کی ناکامی نے اپوزیشن کو مایوسی کا شکار کر دیا ہے اور بلدیاتی انتخابات میں ملنے والی ناکامی آج اپوزیشن کے پرتشدد رویوں کی صورت میں سامنے آرہی ہے۔ بلدیاتی انتخابات کے بعد جس طرح ناکام ہڑتال نے اپوزیشن کی حقیقت کو کھول کے رکھ دیا ہے اور جس طرح عوام نے ہڑتال کو ناکام بنایا ہے پاکستان میں، آج اپوزیشن اپنے اندر تقسیم کا شکار ہو چکی ہے اور میں یہ بھی سمجھتا ہوں کہ اس مایوسی کی وجہ سے پارلیمنٹ کے اندر مایوسی پھیلانے کی جو ناکام کوششیں کر رہے ہیں عوام ان کو بھی ناکام کر دیں گے۔ یہ کہتے ہیں اتنے important issues..... اس وقت صدر مملکت امریکہ کے دورے پر ہیں اور اس وقت تلاشی developments سیاست کے اندر ہو رہی ہیں جس پر ہم چاہتے تھے کہ اپوزیشن اپنا اختلاف رکھے، اپنی رائے دے لیکن ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ اپوزیشن کے پاس حکومت کی کسی پالیسی پر کہنے کو کچھ نہیں ہے، ان کے پاس تنقید کرنے کے لئے کچھ نہیں ہے، ان کے پاس کوئی مثبت پروگرام نہیں ہے یہ صرف اور صرف ڈیک بجا سکتے ہیں۔ یہ

بڑتانوں کی calls دے سکتے ہیں اور عوام کی rejection اب ان کا مقدر ہے۔ آج کا ان کا یہ رویہ اس بات کا بھی آئینہ دار ہے کہ اپوزیشن اندر سے خود بھی تقسیم ہو چکی ہے، یہ ایک موقف پر اکٹھے نہیں ہو سکتے ہیں اور نہ پلیٹ فارم پر کھڑے ہو کر کچھ کر سکتے ہیں۔ لہذا میری درخواست ہے کہ سینیٹ کی کارروائی کو قانون کے مطابق چلاتے ہوئے آپ عوام کو اور عوام کے نمائندوں کو جو عوام کے لئے کچھ کرنا چاہتے ہیں، ان کو ان تمام رکاوٹوں سے آگے بڑھنے کا موقع دیں۔ شکریہ۔

جناب پریذائڈنگ آفیسر، جناب عباس کمیلی صاحب۔

سینیٹر محمد عباس کمیلی، جیسے درانی صاحب نے کہا کہ ان کو اپنی شکست واضح نظر آرہی ہے اور یہ بلدیاتی انتخابات میں بری طرح ناکام ہو چکے ہیں، یہ بوکھلاہٹ کا شکار ہیں، یہ frustration کا شکار ہیں، اس لئے انہوں نے یہ حربہ اختیار کیا ہے۔ لہذا آپ ان کی پرواہ کئے بغیر question hour شروع کیجئے۔ شکریہ۔

جناب پریذائڈنگ آفیسر، جناب اکرم صاحب۔

(متعدد آوازیں، Illegal, illegal)

سینیٹر محمد اکرم، ہمارے بھائی یہ جو کچھ کر رہے ہیں، یہ بہت ہی افسوسناک اور قابل شرم بات ہے کہ انہوں نے اس floor کو ایک گولمنڈی type بنا رکھا ہے۔ اس ہاؤس میں ان کی اس طرح سے participation بالکل زیب نہیں دیتی۔ میں سمجھتا ہوں کہ یہ سب کچھ ان کی گھبراہٹ کا نتیجہ ہے۔ لہذا آپ ہاؤس کی کارروائی کو معمول کے مطابق جاری رکھیں تاکہ یہ قیمتی وقت ضائع نہ ہو۔

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Mr. Presiding Officer: Now we proceed to the next item, we come to the question hour. Question No. 1. Syed Hidayatullah Shah. Answer taken as read.

1. ***Syed Hidayatullah Shah:** (Notice received on 15-02-2005 at 9.05 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Commerce be pleased to state the main causes for decrease in export of Pakistani rice during 2003-2004?

Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan: Fact of the matter is that there was no decrease in export of Pakistani rice during 2003-2004 as compared with 2002-2003.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No supplementary. Now we come to question No. 2. **Mrs. Rukhsana Zuberi.** Answer taken as read.

2. ***Mrs. Rukhsana Zuberi:** (Notice received on 15-02-2005 at 9.05 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) *the internal controls and tools used to provide security to share holders of any organization; and*

(b) *whether it is a fact that SECP has approved to issue Term Finance Certificates?*

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: (a) The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) ensures security to the share holders of various organizations under provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Listed Companies (Substantial Acquisition of Voting Shares and Takeovers) Ordinance, 2002, other rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Listing Regulations of the respective Stock Exchanges for the listed companies. The controls and tools used under the above laws, rules and regulations are listed at Annex-A.

(b) Yes. SECP only approves those TFCs which are offered to the general public through prospectuses, which are first cleared by the Stock Exchanges where they are intended to be listed.

Annex-A

CONTROLS AND TOOLS USED TO PROVIDE SECURITY TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

The interest of the shareholders is protected by ensuring compliance with various laws by the companies as under:

- (i) Maximum disclosure at the time of offering of shares by the company.
- (ii) Ensuring timely holding of Annual General Meetings (AGMs).
- (iii) Ensuring compliance by companies to timely publish their quarterly accounts, half yearly accounts and annual accounts to shareholders.

- (iv) The Commission has various Divisions in place to effectively safeguard the interest of shareholders of companies.
- (v) Introduction of Code of Corporate Governance to ensure transparency in the operation of the company.

2. Security of shareholders is also ensured under various provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 through operations of its various mandatory requirements on part of management of companies, ensuring that shareholders interest is not jeopardized. The Ordinance gives powers to SECP and courts to take punitive actions in cases, where it is felt that the management is acting against shareholder's interests. SECP can also issue directions for restraining companies from acting on certain issues. The Ordinance also requires periodical reports and other information to be provided to the SECP which analyze/scrutinize the same in order to ensure safety of the shareholders interest.

3. Further, the shareholders can submit their complaints directly to the Commission, which are immediately taken care of and resolved in the shortest possible time.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No supplementary.

Now we come to question No. 3. Mrs. Rukhsana Zuberi. Answer taken as read.

3. *Mrs. Rukhsana Zuberi: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.05 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Privatization be pleased to state the details of assets privatized since 2000 indicating also the names of consultants whose services were utilized in the process?

Dr. Abdul Hafeez Shaikh: Since January 2000, 39 entities were privatized through 47 transactions at the sale price of Rs. 275.160 billion. Firms are recruited through a transparent process to assist in the transactions. The details with names of the Consultants (consulting firms) whose services were utilized for the above privatisation is given in the Annexure enclosed.

Detail of assets privatised since 2000

Annexure

Sr. #	Unit Name	Rs. in million			Consultant engaged for Transaction
		Privatisation Proceeds	Date of Transfer		
	<u>Banks & Finance</u>				
1	United Bank Ltd. (51% shares)	12,350.0	Oct-02		Societe Generale Paris
2	Bank Alfalah (remaining shares)	620.0	Dec-02		Arif Habib Securities
3	ICP Lot - A & B*	478.0	Sep-02		Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co., CA (paid by SECP)
4	ICP - SEMF	787.0	Apr-03		Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co., CA (paid by SECP)
5	51% GOP stake in HBL	22,409.0	Dec-03		AF Fergusons & Co. / Haidermotta & Co. (Consortium)
	<u>Capital Market transaction</u>				
6	Muslim Commercial Bank (11.2%)*	927.2	Jan-01		AMZ Securities (Private) Limited
7	NBP (37.3 million shares)	373.0	Feb-02		Taseer Hadi Khalid & Co., Chartered Accountants
8	Muslim Commercial Bank (CDC)	664.0	Oct-02		Through Central Depository Company
9	Pakistan Oil Fields Ltd. shares (CDC)	5,138.0	Oct-02		-do-
10	National Bank of Pakistan 10% shares	782.0	Nov-02		Consortium of Elixir Securities and THK Associates
11	DG Khan Cement shares (CDC)	63.0	Dec-02		Through Central Depository Company
12	Attock Refinery Limited shares (CDC)	1,039.0	Jan-03		-do-
13	National Bank of Pakistan 3.2% shares	604.0	Nov-03		Consortium of Elixir Securities and THK
14	OGDCL (IPO) 5% shares	6,848.0	Nov-03		KASB Securities
15	SSGC (IPO) 10% shares	1,731.0	Feb-04		AMZ Consortium
16	PIA (5.8% shares)	1,329.0	Jul-04		KASB Securities
17	PPL IPO (15% shares)	5,655.0	Jul-04		Elixir Securities
18	KAPCO IPO (20% shares)	5,282.0	Apr-05		Global Securities Pakistan Limited
	<u>Energy Sector</u>				
19	SSGC LPG Business	369.0	Aug-00		M. Yousaf Adil Saleem & Co. Chartered Accountants
20	SNGPL LPG Business	142.0	Oct-01		-do-
21	Kot Adu (Escrow account)	1,039.0	Apr-02		Direct by Privatisation Commission
22	GOP Working Interest in 6 Oil & Gas Fields*	10,179.6	Jun-02		Gaffney Cline & Associates
23	National refinery Limited (51% shares)	16,415.0	May-05		Citigroup

24	Telecommunication Pakistan Telecommunication (PTCL) 26% shares	155,000.0	Jun-05	Goldman Sach International (GSI)
25	Industrial & other units National Petrocarbon (addl. 10% shares)	2.3	Mar-02	Direct by Privatisation Commission
26	E&M Oil Mills	94.0	Jun-02	Shahani & Company
27	Maqbool Oil Company Ltd.	27.6	Jun-02	Iqbal A. Nanjee & Company
28	Pak Saudi Fertilizers Ltd. (100% shares)	8,150.9	May-02	Sidat Hyder Morshad Associates, Chartered Accountants
29	Al Haroon Building Karachi	110.0	Sep-02	Shahani & Company
30	Kurram Chemicals (addl. 10% shares)	6.0	Oct-03	Direct by Privatisation Commission
31	Associated Cement Rohri	255.0	Nov-03	Iqbal A. Nanjee & Company
32	Thatta Cement	793.0	Jan-04	Riaz Ahmad & Co., Chartered Accountants
33	Kohinoor Oil Mills	80.7	May-04	Iqbal A. Nanjee & Company
34	Falleti's Hotel Lahore	1,211.0	Jul-04	Hamid Mukhtar & Co.
35	Ittehad Chemicals (10%)	26.4	Oct-04	Direct by Privatisation Commission
36	Dandot Cement (10%)	8.3	Oct-04	-do-
37	Kohat Cement etc (addl. 10% shares)	40.7	Oct-04	-do-
38	International Advertising (Pvt) Limited	5.0	Apr-05	-do-
39	Pak Arab Fertilizers (Pvt) Limited	14,125.5	May-05	Sidat Hyder Morshad Associates, Chartered Accountants
	Total	275,160.2		

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No supplementary. Now we come to question No. 4. Mrs. Rukhsana Zuberi. Answer taken as read.

4. *Mrs. Rukhsana Zuberi: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.05 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state the steps taken by the Government to control bogus tax refunds of Sale Tax?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: The following policy measures have been taken by the Government to prevent bogus sales tax refunds:

- (a) There is gradual switch over to no-refund regime by zero-rating the inputs on exported items. The first major step in this direction was the zero-rating of supply of ginned cotton, hides, skin and raw wool vide SRO 500(I)/2004 dated 12-06-2004, which accounted for major portion of refund in textile, leather and carpet industries. The second step is the scheme in the offering for delivery of goods and services without payment of sales tax to the large size industrial exporters of the textile sector.
- (b) Manual processing and sanctioning of refund supporting documents such as invoices, bills of exports and bills of entries etc. has now been replaced with IT based processing. This has obviated using of same documents for different claims.
- (c) In order to ensure that refund is paid of tax already paid, suppliers have been restricted to submit copies of invoices of goods supplied to exporters. The data from these invoices is being captured by an automated system for verification of input tax with refund amount. Besides, totally IT based system, STREAM is processing and sanctioning claims using risk based techniques.
- (d) Sales Tax registration has been centralized wherein on line antecedents of applicants such as NIC No. PTCL No. and utilities meters numbers are captured to ensure that no fake person gets registered.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No supplementary. Now we come to question No. 5. Mr. Hameed Ullah Jan Afridi. Answer taken as read.

5. *Mr. Hameed Ullah Jan Afridi: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.06 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Commerce be pleased to state the names, designation, educational qualifications and place of domicile of the members of the Chamber of Commerce and Industries FATA?

Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan: A list containing names, designation, and domicile of members of Tribal Areas Chamber of Commerce and Industry NWFP is placed below. As well as education qualification of the members is concerned it is submitted that there is no condition of any educational qualification for becoming a member of any Chamber.

**LIST CONTAINING NAMES, DESIGNATIONS AND DOMICILE OF MEMBERS OF
TRIBAL AREAS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.**

<u>SR.NO.</u>	<u>NAMES</u>	<u>DESIGNATION</u>	<u>DOMICILE</u>
1.	Haji Ghulam Ali	Founder President / Member	Bajour Agency
2.	Ghulam Farooq	Member	Bajour Agency
3.	Muhammad Laiq	Member	Bajour Agency
4.	Shah Gul	Member	Bajour Agency
5.	Abdul Hameed	Member	Bajour Agency
6.	Shah Zareen	Member	Bajour Agency
7.	Noor Muhammad Khan	Member	Bajour Agency
8.	Abdul Rehman	Member	Bajour Agency
9.	Jaldar	Member	Bajour Agency
10.	Raiza Khan	Member	Bajour Agency
11.	Fazal Hayat	Member	Bajour Agency
12.	Ziaul Haq	Member	Bajour Agency
13.	Fazalur Rehman	Member	Bajour Agency
14.	Sirajuddin	Member	Bajour Agency
15.	Aleem Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency Lakarai
16.	Yousaf Shah	Member	Mohamand Agency Pir Qila
17.	Shahidur Rehman	Member	Mohamand Agency Lakarai
18.	Sher Khan	Member	Naogai
19.	Tamash Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency Machni
20.	Hassan Khan	Member	Malakand Agency
21.	Umar Farooq	Member	Dargai
22.	Zaiuddin	Member	Taimargara
23.	Dwa Khan	Member	Malakand Agency

24.	Muhammad Yasin	Member	Malakand Agency
25.	Rehman Zaib	Member	Malakand Agency
26.	Farmanullah	Member	Malakand Agency
27.	Yousaf Khan	Member	Malakand Agency
28.	Karimullah	Member	Malakand Agency
29.	Rasheed Ahmed	Member	Malakand Agency
30.	Ghafranullah	Member	Malakand Agency
31.	Inamullah	Member	Malakand Agency
32.	Hazrat Akbar	Member	Malakand Agency
33.	Hazrat Usman	Member	Malakand Agency
34.	Naeemullah	Member	Malakand Agency
35.	Saji Gul	Member	Malakand Agency
36.	Muhammad Zahoor Khan	Member	Malakand Agency
37.	Noor Rehman	Member	Malakand Agency
38.	Ali Rehman	Member	Malakand Agency
39.	Noor Zada	Member	Malakand Agency
40.	Khairur Rehman	Member	Malakand Agency
41.	Muhammad Saleem	Member	Malakand Agency
42.	Jabar Shah	Member	Upper Mohamand
43.	Yar Rehman	Member	Mohamand Agency
44.	Iqbal Kha	Member	Mohamand Agency
45.	Mir Allah	Member	Mohamand Agency
46.	Faqir	Member	Ghainai
47.	Dwa Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
48.	Rasheed	Member	Mohamand Agency
49.	Muhammad Jan	Member	Mohamand Agency
50.	Wahid Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
51.	Murad Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
52.	Hawas Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
53.	Rafiullah	Member	Mohamand Agency
54.	Ali Syed Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
55.	Zameer Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency

56.	Zainullah	Member	Mohamand Agency
57.	Noorzada Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
58.	Kamal Shah	Member	Mohamand Agency
59.	Karim Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
60.	Shahiur Rehman	Member	Mohamand Agency
61.	Bakhat Zada	Member	Mohamand Agency
62.	Daryab Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
63.	Zardali Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
64.	Muhammad Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
65.	Tariq Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
66.	Nasir Muhammad	Member	Mohamand Agency
67.	Naimatullah	Member	Mohamand Agency
68.	Sultan Zaib	Member	Mohamand Agency
69.	Rakhmay Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
70.	Abdul Khaliq	Member	Mohamand Agency
71.	Nangraray	Member	Mohamand Agency
72.	Sabirullah	Member	Mohamand Agency
73.	Jandool	Member	Mohamand Agency
74.	Shah Wali	Member	Mohamand Agency
75.	Yousaf Khan	Member	Mohamand Agency
76.	Ataullah Jan	Member	Malakand Agency
77.	Rafiullah	Member	Malakand Agency
78.	Tariq Muhammad	Member	Malakand Agency
79.	Rahmay	Member	Mohamand Agency
80.	Mian Gul Aziz	Member	Mohamand Agency
81.	Arbistan	Member	Mohamand Agency
82.	Jumma Draz	Member	Mohamand Agency
83.	Islam Badshah	Member	Malakand Agency
84.	Zahirullah	Member	Malakand Agency
85.	Muhammad Shah	Member	Malakand Agency
86.	Subhanallah	Member	Malakand Agency
87.	Umar Ali Khan	Member	Bara Khyber Agency

88.	Muhammad Tahir	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
89.	Gul Nawaz	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
90.	Waqar Ali	Member	Khyber Agency
91.	Awwal Khan	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
92.	Amir Muhammad	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
93.	Irfan Nazir Khan	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
94.	Hayat Khan	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
95.	Noor Muhammad	Member	Mohamand Agency
96.	Liaqat Ali	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
97.	Inayat Khan	Member	Plastic Roop Industry
98.	Maulana Muhammad Sadiq	Member	Bajour Agency
99.	Qari Bashir	Member	Swat
100.	Khan Muhammad	Member	Swat
101.	Haji Inayatullah Khan	Member	Manda Dir Paian
102.	Najeeb Raza	Member	Dir
103.	Fatehullah	Member	Dir
104.	Haji Aminullah	Member	Manda Dir
105.	Jaafar Khan	Member	Manda Dir
106.	Amir Khan	Member	Manda Dir Paian
107.	Haji Hakoomat Jan	Member	Manda Dir Paian
108.	Hashmatullah	Member	Chakdara Dir
109.	Ihsanullah Khan	Member	Chakdara
110.	Muhammad Saleem Khan	Member	Chakdara Dir
111.	Ziaullah Afridi	Member	Khyber Agency
112.	Ataullah	Member	Malakand Agency
113.	Zahid Afridi	Member	Khyber Agency
114.	Khadi Gul	Member	Bara Agecny
115.	Muhammad Tahir	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
116.	Zubair Khan	Member	Bara Khybr Agency
117.	Inaam Khan	Member	Bara Khybr Agency
118.	Reham Dad	Member	Bara Khybr Agency
119.	Inaam Khan	Member	Bara Khybr Agency

120.	Iqbal Khan	Member	Khybr Agency
121.	Nisar Khan	Member	Khyber Agency
122.	Muhammad Ayaz	Member	Bara Khybr Agency
123.	Saeed Khan	Member	Bara Khybr Agency
124.	Ataur Rehman	Member	Bajour Agency
125.	Fazal Manan	Member	Bajour Agency
126.	Muhammad Akbar Khan	Member	Malakand Agency
127.	Akbar Hussain	Member	Swat
128.	Haji Noor Muhammad	Member	Bonir
129.	Haji Abdul Hannan	Member	Swat
130.	Haji Badri Zaman	Member	Malakand Agency
131.	Muhammad Gul	Member	Bajour Agency
132.	Sher Muhammad	Member	Bajour Agency
133.	Muhammad Jan	Member	Bajour Agency
134.	Noor Khan	Member	Bajour Agency
135.	Zareen Khan	Member	Bajour Agency
136.	Muhammad Khalid	Member	Bara
137.	Muhammad Arshad	Member	Bara
138.	Manzoor	Member	Bara
139.	Aftab	Member	Bara
140.	Haji Shafiq	Member	Bara
141.	Riaz	Member	Bara
142.	Said Bola	Member	Bara
143.	Muhammad Akram	Member	Bara
144.	Saleem Nawaz	Member	Bara
145.	Muhammad Javed Akram	Member	Bara
146.	Muhammad Iqbal	Member	Bara
147.	Ijaz	Member	Bara
148.	Ijaz	Member	Bara
149.	Muhammad Nasir	Member	Bara
150.	Muhammad Bashir	Member	Bara
151.	Inaam	Member	Bara

152.	Haji Muhammad Ihsan	Member	Bara
153.	Khurshid	Member	Bara
154.	Ch. Muhammad Anwar	Member	Bara
155.	Mughal Baz	Member	Bara
156.	Gul Muhammad	Member	Bara
157.	Mustaqeem Khan	Member	Bara
158.	Syed Nazir	Member	Bara
159.	Fida Muhammad	Member	Bara
160.	Tariq Khan	Member	Khyber Agency
161.	Haji Nabi	Member	Khyber Agency
162.	Abdul Salam	Member	Khyber Agency
163.	Niaz Gul	Member	Khyber Agency
164.	Akbar Ali	Member	Malakand Agency
165.	Dunia Gul	Member	Malakand Agency
166.	Muhammad Raziq	Member	Malakand Agency
167.	Muhammad Shafiq	Member	Malakand Agency
168.	Ali Baz Khan	Member	Malakand Agency
169.	Aamir Azam	Member	Malakand Agency
170.	Noor Habib	Member	Malakand Agency
171.	Remat Wali	Member	Malakand Agency
172.	Haji Nawab	Member	Malakand Agency
173.	Riaz Muhammad	Member	Malakand Agency
174.	Syed Amin Shah	Member	Malakand Agency
175.	Muhammad Mashal	Member	Swat
176.	Haji Azizullah Khan	Member	Swat
177.	Rehmat Khan	Member	Swat
178.	Akbar Ali	Member	Swat
179.	Syed Al-Akbar	Member	Swat
180.	Majeedullah	Member	Swat
181.	Yousaf Ali	Member	Swat
182.	Muhammad Naseem	Member	Swat
183.	Mian Hussain	Member	Malakand Agency

184.	Muhammad Zaman Khan	Member	Swat
185.	Khaliq Nawaz	Member	Malakand Agency
186.	Fazal Qayyum	Member	Malakand Agency
187.	Shahid Hussain	Member	Swat
188.	Sher Ali	Member	Swat
189.	Dilnawaz	Member	Swat
190.	Riaz Khan	Member	Malakand Agency
191.	Rab Nawaz	Member	Malakand Agency
192.	Kamran Habib	Member	Malakand Agency
193.	Zahidullah	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
194.	Zakirullah	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
195.	Jehanzeb	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
196.	Ataullah	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
197.	Irfanullah	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
198.	Ihsanullah	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
199.	Saifullah	Member	Bara Khyber Agency
200.	Talha	Member	Bara Khyber Agency

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No supplementary.

Now we come to question No. 6. Mr. Ilyas Ahmad Bilour. Answer taken as read.

6. ***Mr. Ilyas Ahmad Bilour:** (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.07 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state whether it is a fact that fake currency notes of Rs. 500/- and Rs.1000/- denomination are in circulation; if so, the steps taken by the government to control the situation?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: It is a fact that unscrupulous elements continue to make efforts to forge currency notes, especially the larger denominations. In this illegal activity they are facilitated by improving printing/duplication technologies. Besides taking punitive/legal action in individual cases, Government facilitates bringing awareness among stakeholders to counter the menace. Far reaching steps are underway to increase security features in the bank notes. This is one of the major consideration behind efforts to introduce machine readable high security feature notes that would be very difficult to counterfeit.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No supplementary.

Now we come to question No. 7. Mr. Ilyas Ahmad Bilour. Where are you?

Answer taken as read.

7. *Mr. Ilyas Ahmad Bilour: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.07 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state as to whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to restructure the Central Bureau of Revenue, if so, its details?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: It is correct that in November 2001, the Government of Pakistan had approved a strategy to reform Central Board of Revenue. It is aimed to create a model, efficient, effective and client responsive tax administration in the country. Tax Administration Reform Program (TARP) is targeted to facilitate taxpayers, promote voluntary compliance, increase effectiveness of CBR, reduce corruption opportunities and raise the buoyancy of tax system through organizational restructuring, self assessment, minimization of personal contact between taxpayer and tax collector, simplified and modernized processes, improved IT management and strengthening of risk based audit system. Reform program is being implemented with the financial assistance and support of World Bank and British Department for International Development. The main areas of program, *inter alia*, include automation, capacity building, upgradation and refurbishment of tax offices. Additionally, the new human resource policy incorporating incentive and merit based remuneration and promotion mechanism, combined with modernized procedure and institutional structure will lead to an increase in transparency and integrity in the tax administration, which will facilitate collection of optimum revenues and achievements of fiscal targets.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No supplementary.

Now we come to question No. 8. Dr. Muhammad Ali Brohi. Answer taken

as read.

8. *Dr. Muhammad Ali Brohi: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.10 p.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state:

*(a) the number of vehicles in the Central Pool with detail thereof;
and*

- (b) the amount spent on the maintenance and fuel of the said vehicles during the last one year?

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: (a) Presently there are 50 vehicles of different make and model in the Central Pool of Cars. The details are given in the **Annex-I**.

(b) The amount spent on the Maintenance and Fuel of said vehicles during the last financial year 2004-05 is as under:—

- (i) Maintenance Rs. 2,900,000
- (ii) Fuel Rs. 4,165,000

Annex-I

Presently 50 Protocol Vehicles of different make and model are available in the Central Pool of Cars of the Cabinet Division. The details are as under:-

S.No.	Make & Type	Model	No. of Vehicles
1.	Mercedes Benz S 350L	2003	06
2.	Mercedes Benz 300 SEL	1992-93	22
3.	Mercedes Benz 230 E	1984-86	03
4.	Toyota Lexus 4000-cc	1993	02
5.	Toyota Corolla 1600-cc	2003	01
6.	Toyota Corona 1600-cc	1993	01
7.	Toyota Corolla 1300-cc	2004-05	04
8.	Toyota Corolla 1300-cc	2003	02
9.	Toyota Corolla 1300-cc	2002	02
10.	Toyota Corolla 1300-cc	1999	04
11.	Mitsubishi Buses	1992-93	02
12.	Reva Coaster	1994	01

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No supplementary.

Now we come to question No. 9. Dr. Muhammad Ali Brohi. Answer taken as read.

9. ***Dr. Muhammad Ali Brohi:** (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.10 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Economic Affairs be pleased to state the details of foreign loans retired during the last two years and those outstanding against Pakistan at Present?

Miss. Hina Rabbani Khar: The Government of Pakistan has retired/fully paid off foreign loans amounting to **US \$ 2.1*billion** during the last two financial years i.e. 2003-2004 and 2004-2005 and this amount has ceased to be the external debt liability of the Government.

The summarized position is as under and their detail is given at **Annex-I:**

(US\$ Million)

Particular	2003-04	2004-05	Total
A) Loans retired on actual maturity	29.603	7.341	36.944
B) Loans retired Prematurely	1531.952	0.000	1531.952
C) Loans written off	0.000	495.380	495.380
Total (A+B+C)	1561.555	502.721	2064.276

Summary of external debt and liabilities outstanding against Pakistan as on June 30, 2005 is as under:

(US\$ Billion)

Particular	As on 30/06/2005
A) Public & Publicly Guaranteed Debt	31.084
B) Private sector debt	1.342
C) IMF	1.611
Total External Debt (A+B+C)	34.037
D) Liabilities	1.797
Total External Debt & Liabilities (A to D)	35.834

* Principal repayment of retired loans only.

Details of foreign loans retired during 2003-04 to 2004-05

Details of foreign loans retired during 2003-04 to 2004-05							Amount of Loan Retired (\$ in Million)	
Donor	Loan ID	Signing Date	Loan Amount in US\$ Million	Name of Project	Date of Retirement	FY 2003-04	FY 2004-2005	
A): LOANS RETIRED ON ACTUAL MATURITY DATE								
ADB	391-PAK	27-12-1978	22,022	PIPIRI THERMAL GENERATION	01-09-2003	1,043		
	502-PAK	05-10-1988	46,377	SMALL SCALE INDUSTRY PROJECT	15-07-2003	3,133		
	931-PAK	14-12-1983	100,000	INDUSTRIAL SECTOR PROGRAM	01-10-2003	6,902		
IBRD	2305-PAK	30-05-1983	10,000	FIFTH AGRICULTURAL DEV BANK	01-09-2003	0,415		
	2351-PAK	10-11-1983	51,450	PETROLEUM EXPLORATION PROJECT	01-09-2003	2,235		
	2380-PAK	27-02-1984	49,622	INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT CREDIT PROJECT	01-03-2004	4,174		
OPEC FUND	409-P	26-11-1986	3,501	HOSPITAL	15-07-2003	3,501	7,341	
	441-P	25-01-1988	7,340	JINNAH TERMINAL (CAA)	02-10-2003	8,200	7,341	
IDB	GTD LOAN (CAA)		Sub-Total (A):			29,603		
B): LOANS RETIRED PREMATURELY								
ADB	570-PAK	28-06-1962	21,000	TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROJECT	29-01-2004	11,442		
	661-PAK	29-12-1983	47,558	GUDDUCOMBINED CYCLE PROJECT	29-01-2004	44,549		
	1681-PAK	31-03-1999	2,638	ADMAN	29-01-2004	2,426		
	1323-PAK	24-10-1994	33,564	SUKKAR BRIDGE PROJECT	29-01-2004	29,578		
	1424-PAK	11-03-1996	254,507	GHAZI BRUTHA HYDRO POWER	29-01-2004	242,502		
	601-PAK	10-12-1982	17,719	TARBELA HYD EXTENSION PROJECT	29-01-2004	14,029		
	1576-PAK	05-01-1998	250,000	CAPITAL MARKET DEV. PROGRAMME	29-01-2004	211,709		
	701-PAK	01-02-1985	108,888	T-HYD POWER EXTENSION PROJ.	29-01-2004	67,498		
	1314-PAK	19-10-1954	39,746	KESC SIXTH POWER(SEC) PROJECT	29-01-2004	36,095		
	1683-PAK	31-03-1999	0,793	INSTITUT. STRENGTHENING OF BOI	29-01-2004	0,722		
	1680-PAK	31-03-1999	300,000	TRADE, EXP PROM. & IND. PROG	29-01-2004	278,748		
	1682-PAK	21-03-1999	2,049	INSTIT. SUPPORT FOR TRADE REGI	29-01-2004	1,837		
	1371-PAK	06-10-1995	24,547	FINANCIAL SECTOR INTERME LOAN	29-01-2004	12,901		
	1807-PAK	15-12-2000	153,000	ENERGY SECTOR REST PROGRAMME	29-01-2004	153,000		
	1796-PAK	15-12-2002	2,380	SMALL MEDIUM SIZE ENTERPRIZE	15-03-2004	2,380		
	U.K. (GTD)	13919980001	24-10-1996	52,059	CIVIL AVIATION	14-04-2004	36,197	
U.K. (GTD)	2275	14-04-1998	22,223	New Passenger Terminal Lahore	05-06-2004	6,245		
JAPAN (GTD)	2279	27-03-1998	500,000	PARCO KARACHI	05-06-2004	375,000		
GERMANY (GTD)	1815980001	14-04-1998	7,025	CIVIL AVIATION	15-04-2004	5,014		
			Sub-Total (B):			1,531,952	0,000	
C): LOANS WRITTEN OFF								
USA (PL-480/CCC)				For Agriculture Commodities like Chemical Fertilizer, Mineral components, seeds, pesticides and machinery equipments.	16-07-2004	0,000	495,380	
			Sub-Total (C):			1,561,555	502,721	
			Grand-Total (A+B+C):			1,561,555	502,721	

(Voices: No, no, no)

سینیٹر ڈاکٹر محمد علی بروہی، جناب چیئرمین ! Question No.9 کا

supplementary ہے جس کے حوالے سے۔۔۔

Mr. Presiding Officer: Supplementary please.

Senator Muhammad Ali Brohi: Yes....

(Interruption)

Mr. Presiding Officer: No.10.

Senator Muhammad Akram: Supplementary, Question No.9.

جناب چیئرمین! میں یہ جاننا چاہوں گا کہ یہ loan جن کو retire کیا گیا ہے، کیا Minister صاحب اس کی وضاحت کر سکتے ہیں کہ اس loan پر کیا interest اور کیا cost of borrowing ہے؟ کیا ان loans کا interest واضح کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

Mr. Presiding Officer: Would the Minister take it?

سینیٹر بابر خان غوری، جناب! جو سوال کیا ہے، اس کے حوالے سے معلوم کر کے 'next sitting' میں جواب دے دیں گے۔ Minister صاحبہ آگئی ہیں۔

Mr. Presiding Officer: Miss Hina Rabbani Khar.

Miss Hina Rabbani Khar (Minister of State for

Economic Affairs: He can kindly repeat please.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Would you repeat your question please? Miss Hina Rabbani.

Senator Muhammad Akram: My question is, can the honourable Minister elaborate the interest payment of these loans, what is

the cost of these borrowings?

Miss Hina Rabbani Khar: Honourable Member is referring to Question No. 9 which is regarding the cost of borrowing for the last two years. As the honourable Member can see this is a wide range of loans that we have mentioned over here and in the annexure the range of interest rate that we are paying on each of these loans, have also been mentioned, this range is between .5% commitment charges only for soft loans from the World Bank window of IDA and ABF which is only about three loans which has been committed back in 1996, ranges to about 6% but on the average in the last three years, the interest rate comes to between .582%.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Thank you. Question No. 10, Mr. Brohi.
Answer taken as read.

10. ***Dr. Muhammad Ali Brohi:** (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.10 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Commerce be pleased to state the details of official visits of the Minister for Commerce during the last two years, indicating also the purpose of each visit?

Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan: Details of foreign visits undertaken by Commerce Minister during the last two years and purpose is annexed.

**DETAILS OF FOREIGN VISITS UNDERTAKEN BY MR HUMAYUN AKHTAR KHAN MINISTER FOR
COMMERCE**

Expenditure

S.No.	Name & Designation	Purpose of visit	Total duration including travel time with dates	Names of Countries visited	TA	DA	Hotel Charges	Total of Column 6, 7 and 8
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1.	Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan, Minister for Commerce	Attended the HEIMTEXTIL, 2003 Fair	8.1.2003 to 10.1.2003	Brussels and Germany	Rs.174, 410/-	Rs.24, 299/-	Rs.44, 438/-	Rs.243, 148/-
2.	-do-	Accompanied President	4.2.2003 to 6.2.2003	Russia	Chartered flight	Rs.9,709/-	Hospitality by Host Govt.	*Rs.9,709/-
3.	-do-	To attend the Single Country Exhibition	19.2.2003 to 27.2.2003	Geneva and Tokyo	Rs.276, 835/-	Rs.51, 400/-	Rs.60, 413/-	Rs.388, 648/-
4.	-do-	To attend WTO Conference	2.5.2003 to 12.5.2003	Brussels and London	Rs.167,240/-	Rs.73, 155/-	Rs.183,225/-	Rs.383, 620/-
5.	-do-	To hold talks with regard to enhanced market access for Pakistan's exports to USA	5.6.2003 to 15.6.2003	USA	Rs.213, 950/-	Rs.47, 446/-	Rs.100, 478/-	Rs.361, 874/-
6.	-do-	To attend third WTO Mini-Ministerial Meeting	18.6.2003 to 24.6.2003	Egypt (Cairo)	Rs.77, 760/-	Rs.22, 240/-	Rs.28, 189/-	Rs.1 28,189/-
7.	-do-	To attend Mini-Ministerial Conference on WTO	24.7.2003 to 16.8.2003	Canada and New York	Rs.401, 280/-	Rs.58, 838/-	Rs.43, 240/-	Rs.503, 398/-
8.	-do-	To attend WTO Conference	10.9.2003 to 14.9.2003	Cancun and Mexico	Rs.318,470/-	Rs.94,018/-		** Rs.412,488/-
9.	-do-	Accompanied Prime Minister	21.10.2003 to 23.10.2003	Tehran	Chartered flight	Rs.6,345/-	Hospitality by Host Govt.	*Rs.6,345/-
10.	-do-	Discussion on Anti-Dumping Duty	22.11.2003 to 4.12.2003	Brussels and London	Rs.179, 045/-	Rs.13, 260/-	Rs.28, 657/-	Rs.220, 962/-
11.	-do-	To attend the Meeting of G-90 Trade Ministers	9.7.2004 to 16.7.2004	Dubai, Nairobi and Mauritius	Rs.51,530/-	Rs.12,686/-	Rs.35,385/-	Rs.199,601/-
12.	-do-	To attend the WTO General Council Meeting in Geneva.	23.7.2004 to 9.8.2004	Jeddah, London, Geneva and Nairobi	Rs.486,313/-	Rs.62,856/-	Rs.26,838/-	Rs.576,007/-
13.	-do-	Meeting with EC Trade Commissioner in Brussels.	17.9.2004 to 22.9.2004	Brussels	Rs.157,620/-	Rs.22,666/-	Rs.28,444/-	Rs.208,730/-
14.	-do-	To attend Conference on Free Trade Agreement with USA Authorities.	25.9.2004 to 10.10.2004	New York, Washington and London	Rs.246,635/-	Rs.122,158/-	Rs.83,967/-	Rs.452,760/-

15.	-do-	To address Evian IX Plenary Meeting.	14.10.2004 to 17.10.2004	Geneva and London	Rs.194,095/-	Rs.24,827/-	Rs.25,986/-	Rs.244,908/-
16.	-do-	Lobbying with Members State of European Union for their New GSP Scheme.	12.12.2004 to 27.12.2004	Madrid, Paris, Dublin, Stockholm Amsterdam, Viana and Brussels	Rs.411,770/-	Rs.113,206/-	Rs.101,260/-	Rs.626,2236/-
17.	-do-	To lobby for grant of Zero Percent duty market access to Pakistan under new GSP Scheme of European Union.	15.1.2005 to 23.1.2005	Rome and Brussels	Rs.243,020/-	Rs.50,884/-		Rs.293,904/-
18.	-do-	To attend the World Economic Forum.	24.1.2005 to 31.1.2005	Brussels, Zurich and London	Rs.199,240/-	Rs.97,245/-	Rs.26,640/-	Rs.257,125/-
19.	-do-	To attend the WTO Ministerial Meeting	26.2.2005 to 5.3.2005	Kenya & Mombassa	Rs.87,773/-	Rs.25,086/-	Rs.30,000/-	Rs.142,821/-
20.	-do-	To attend G-20 Meeting	10.3.2005 to 21.3.2005	New Delhi, Amsterdam & Almaty	Rs.406,525/-	Rs.45,717/-	Rs.19,854/-	Rs.472,096/-
21.	-do-	To attend Invoice Commercial Officers Conference	13.4.2005 to 24.4.2005	Washington, London, New Delhi, Manila & Jakarta	Rs.323,715/-	Rs.37,842/-	Rs.24,600/-	Rs.386,157/-
22.	-do-	To attend WTO Mini Ministerial Meeting	28.4.2005 to 10.5.2005	Paris & London	Rs.172,334/-	Rs.12,430/-	Rs.13,200/-	Rs.197,964/-
23.	-do-	To attend Pak-Sri Lanka JMC	11.5.2005 to 14.5.2005	Sri Lanka & Dubai	Rs.75,010/-	Rs.18,970/-		Rs.93,980/-
24.	-do-	To attend WTO Informal Mini Ministerial Meeting	10.7.2005 to 19.7.2005	China	Rs.123,945/-	Rs.20,734/-	Rs.34,686/-	Rs.179,365/-
GRAND TOTAL								Rs.6,990,035/-

Information received from (NASA Wing)
Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Islamabad.
* * * Information received from (EMDF)
Export Promotion Bureau, Karachi.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary?

سینیئر ڈاکٹر محمد علی بروہی: جناب چیئرمین! Question No.10 جناب چیئرمین! میں جناب Minister صاحب سے یہ معلوم کرنا چاہوں گا کہ گزشتہ دو سالوں کے دوران جو تجارت کی گئی ہے، اس میں جو دورے کئے گئے ہیں، ان کی تفصیلات تو دی گئی ہیں،

Supplementary جو ہے.... no supplementary.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 11, Mr. Bhinder. Answer

taken as read.

11. *Chaudhry Muhammad Anwar Bhinder: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.11 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state the names and addresses of the legal advisors/consultants working in the Ministry, its attached departments and statutory corporations indicating also the remuneration, retainership fee and other fringe benefits admissible to them?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan:

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

No legal adviser/consultant is working in the Finance Division including Military Finance or its attached Departments and Federal Treasury Office (FTO), Equity Participation Fund (EPF), Office of the Auditor General of Pakistan Office of the Controller General of Accounts, House Building Finance Corporation (HBFC) and Corporate Industrial Restructuring Corporation (CIRC).

Banks do not fall under the purview of this question as they are registered under Companies Ordinance 1984 to carry out banking business. Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) being a body corporate is also beyond the scope of this question.

Legal Advisors/Consultants are however, working in State Bank of Pakistan, Pakistan Mint, Pakistan Security Printing Corporation (PSPC), National Investment Trust (NIT), Investment Corporation of Pakistan (ICP) and Monopoly Control Authority (MCA) details of which are at Annex-I.

REVENUE DIVISION (CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE)

Following is the name and address of Legal Advisor for the Central Board of Revenue:

Raja Muhammad Irshad, Room No. 202 2nd Floor, Central Board of Revenue, Constitution Avenue Islamabad.

Raja Muhammad Irshad is entitled to a retainership fee of Rs. 10,000 per month. Besides the said Legal Advisor, the following Legal Advisors are rendering

services on retainership basis, to the various Collectorates and Commissionerate mentioned below, at fees mentioned against their names:—

S. #	Names and Addresses of Legal Advisors	Retainership fee (per month)
Customs, Sales Tax and Central Excise		
		Rs.
(i)	Dr. Sohail Akhtar, Advocate (Central Excise and Sales Tax Lahore) 5 Bank Squar 2nd Floor Sunlight Building, Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore.	6,000
(ii)	Mr. Muhammad Hanif Ch. Advocate (Central Excise and Sales Tax Lahore) 306-A1-Faisal Plaza, 48-The Mall, Lahore.	6,000
(iii)	Mr. Izhar-ul-Haq, Advocate (Customs Lahore) Hasan Plaza, 1st Floor, 1-Mozang Road, Lahore.	10,000
(iv)	Mr. M. Ijaz Ch. Advocate (Customs Lahore) 4-Mozang Road, Lahore.	7,000
(v)	Brig. R. Ali Ahmad Bhatti, Advocate (Customs Rawalpindi) 54/9, Sadaquat Law Associates, Old American Centre, Rawalpindi.	6,000
(vi)	Mr. Afzal Ahmed Hashmi, Legal Advisor Barrister-At- Law Advocate High Court (Central Excise and Sales Tax Gujranwala) 4 Mozang Road, Lahore.	6,000
Income Tax		
(vii)	Mr. Muhammad Ilyas Khan, Lahore 9-Turner Road, Lahore.	6,000
(viii)	Sardar Ahmad Jamal Sukhera Lahore, 7-B, Turner Road, Lahore	5,000
(ix)	Mr. Shahid Jamil Khan, Lahore 2nd Floor, Sadiq Plaza 69-Shahrah Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore.	5,000

S. #	Names and Addresses of Legal Advisors	Retainership fee (per month)
		Rs.
(x)	Rana Muhammad Naeem Lahore Room No. 4 and 5 Basement Anab Centre. 1 Mozang Road, Lahore.	5,000
(xi)	Mr. Tahir Mahmood Khokhar, Lahore Sarwar Building, I-Turner Road, Lahore.	6,000
(xii)	Malik Muhammad Nawaz, Advocate, Supreme Court CDA Main Office, Islamabad.	5,000
(xiii)	Mr. M. Arshad Majeed Malik Islamabad Advocate High Court, Suit No. 406 4th Floor, Poonch House, Rawalpindi.	5,000
(xiv)	Ms. Shahina Akbar Rawalpindi Advocate High Court, 406 4th Floor Poonch House, Rawalpindi.	5,000
(xv)	Ch. Muhammad Asghar Soroya, Multan Saroya Law Associates L.M.Q., Road Chowk Nawan Shehr, Multan	6,000

NO	DEPARTMENT/ ORGANIZATION	NAME OF LEGAL ADVISER/ CONSULTANTS	ADDRESS	DETAILS OF REMUNERATION RETAINER SHIP FEE/ OTHER FRINGE BENEFITS
1.	Pakistan Security Printing Corporation (PSPC)	d) M/s Feroz & Co e) Mr. S.S Jehangir Advocate, High Court f) M/s Saiduddin & Co	Advocates Solicitors & Consultants, 3- D, 2 nd Floor, Court View Building, 257 R.A Lines, Court Road, Karachi 2 nd Floor, PIA Building, Aiwan-e-Saddar Road, Karachi 12-16, 2 nd Floor, Al-Hamra Centre, D- 6, Block 7 & 8, Shaheed-e-Millat Road, Karachi	Retainer Ship fee @ Rs.5,000/- per month. Retainer Ship fee @ Rs.5,000/- per month Retainer Ship fee @ Rs.12,000/- per month
2.	State Bank of Pakistan	i). Mr. Justice (Retd) Mamoon Kazi ii) Mr. Justice (Retd) Syed Halder Ali Pirzada	State Bank of Pakistan, Karachi State Bank of Pakistan, Karachi	Rs.250,000/- plus Bank maintained car with driver, petrol ceiling (340 litres) telephone facility per month as per bank rules. Rs.1,11,367/- plus petrol ceiling 400 litres, telephone facility per month as per bank rules.
3.	National Investment Trust (NIT)	Mr. M. Saleem Sahgal, Advocate, Supreme Court of Pakistan of M/s Walker Martineau Saleem, Advocates & Legal Consultants.	1 st Floor, E-Plomer Building, 26 The Mall, Lahore Room No.6, 9 th Floor, Kashif Centre, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi	Rs. 7000/- per month
4.	Investment Corporation of Pakistan	a) Mr. Mansoor Ahmed Khari, Senior Advocate, Supreme Court of Pakistan b) Muhammad Umer, Advocate of M/S Samiullah Khan & Umer, Advocates High Court	F/2-3, Block-8, Kehkshan, K.D.A Scheme No. 5, Clifton, Karachi Room No. 504, Burhani Centre, Garden Road, Karachi	Rs. 1500/- per month Rs. 2000/- per month
5.	Monopoly Control Authority	Muhammad Bilal, Senior Advocate, Supreme Court of Pakistan	100-A Satellite Town, Rawalpindi	Rs. 6000/- p.m.
6.	Pakistan Mint	Mr. Zubair Khalid, Legal Advisor	Dayal Singh Mension, The Mall, Lahore	Rs. 6000/- per month

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary?

سینیئر چوہدری محمد انور بھنڈر، جناب چیئرمین! میں یہ دریافت کرنا چاہوں گا کہ
retainership دیئے گئے ہیں، وہ 5000 اور 6000 دیئے گئے ہیں، اس سے زیادہ retainer
نہیں ہیں لیکن جناب! یہاں No.2 میں State Bank of Pakistan کے جو retainership
دیئے گئے ہیں، وہ 25,000 روپے دیئے گئے ہیں اور 111,000 روپے دیئے گئے ہیں، اس کی
کیا وجہ ہے؟

جناب عمر ایوب خان (وزیر مملکت برائے خزانہ)، جناب چیئرمین! گزارش یہ ہے
جو State Bank of Pakistan میں consultants ہیں، retainership پر نہیں ہیں، یہ
consultants ہیں جو Justice (Retd.) Syed Haider Ali Pirzada صاحب ہیں یہ
banking loans کی Reduce Committee کے head ہیں اور recovery loans بھی
انہوں نے بنائے ہیں۔ اسی طرح State Bank کے Legal Department کے consultants
ہیں، ان کے بھی نئے loans set up کو review کر رہے ہیں، ان کو Justice (Retd.)
محمود قاضی صاحب look after کر رہے ہیں۔ اس لئے ان کی retainership fee نہیں ہے۔ یہ
ان کے لئے consultant fee ہے۔ Thank you.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Thank you. Question No.12.

12. *Chaudhry Muhammad Anwar Bhinder: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.11 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Privatization be pleased to state the names and addresses of the legal advisors/consultants working in the Ministry, its attached departments and statutory corporations indicating also the remuneration, retainership fee and other fringe benefits admissible to them?

Dr. Abdul Hafeez Shaikh: The following two departments/bodies are functioning under the administrative control of Privatization and Investment Division:—

- (i) Privatisation Commission (a body corporate).
- (ii) Board of Investment.

Privatisation and Investment Division

Nil.

Privatisation Commission

Three (3) full time Legal Consultants are working in the Privatisation Commission as contractual employees. Their names and monthly consolidated salary is given below:—

Name	Monthly Consolidated Salary
Mr. Abdul Hafeez Rana	Rs. 57,000.00
Mr. Kalim Ilyas	Rs. 48,000.00
Barrister Assad Khan Sikandarkhel, Legal Consultant (Corporate)	Rs. 70,000.00

Board of Investment

Nil.

سینیئر چوہدری محمد انور بھنڈر، جہاں retainership دی جاتی ہے، وہاں کیا individual cases بھی ان کو دیئے جاتے ہیں اور اگر individual cases دیئے جاتے ہیں تو فیس کیسے طے کی جاتی ہے؟

جناب عمر ایوب خان، جناب چیئرمین! شور کی وجہ سے آواز نہیں آرہی ہے تو Honourable Member! اگر repeat کر دیں۔

جناب پریذائڈنگ آفیسر، آپ باقی سوال، جواب باہر کر لیں۔

یہاں honourable Member is advised to see the Minister in his Chamber

نہیں آرہی۔ Question No.13

ANNEXURE-I**LIST OF LEGAL ADVISORS WORKING IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE,
ITS ATTACHED DEPARTMENTS AND STATUTORY CORPORATIONS.**

S. No.	Name & Address	Remuneration, retainer ship fee and other fringe benefits	Organization	Working since
1.	Mr. Mazhar Raza Khan Bangash, Legal Consultant, State Life Building No.5, Blue Area, Islamabad.	Working as contract employee at a pay of Rs. 54,500/- p.m. (including all fringe benefits).	National Tariff Commission, Islamabad	01-10-2003
2.	Syed Murtaza Ali Shah, Legal Consultant, 507-508, Asad Chamber (Near Passport Office). Shambhonath Street, Saddar, Karachi.	Working as contract employee at monthly remuneration of Rs.3000/- p.m.	Export Promotion Bureau, Karachi	28-09-1998
3.	Ahmad Waseem, Legal Consultant, Qamar Law Associates, Qamar Chambers, 1/1 Turner Road, Lahore	Working as contract employee at monthly remuneration of Rs.3000/- p.m.	Export Promotion Bureau, Lahore	23-02-1998
4.	Mr. Samiuddin Sami, Legal Adviser, 503-Regal Trade Centre, 5 th Floor, Saddar, Karachi.	Working as contract employee at a monthly remuneration of Rs.2000/- p.m.	Trading Corporation of Pakistan, Karachi	11-10-1983
5.	Mr. M. Perwaiz Iqbal, Legal Adviser, 20-Popular Plaza, Opp. Malir Courts, Distt. Malir, Karachi.	Working as contract employee at a monthly remuneration of Rs.3000/- p.m.	Trading Corporation of Pakistan, Karachi	05-03-1998
6.	Raja Aftab Ahmed, Legal Adviser, 73-74, 3 rd Floor, Aziz Chamber, Opp. City Court, Karachi	Working as contract employee at a monthly remuneration of Rs.3000/- p.m.	Trading Corporation of Pakistan, Karachi	05-03-1998
7.	M. Samiullah Khan, Labour Adviser, 504-Burhani Chamber, 5 th Floor, Abdullah Haroon Road, Karachi.	Working as contract employee at a monthly remuneration of Rs.1000/- p.m.	Trading Corporation of Pakistan, Karachi	19-08-1975
8.	Mr. M. Aslam Pervaiz, Legal Advisor 215 Lawyers Chambers, District Court, Lahore.	Working as contract employee at a monthly remuneration of Rs.3000/- p.m.	State life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan	16-09-1998

9.	Mr. Shahzad Ismail, Legal Advisor 47-Mazang Road, Lahore.	Working as contract employee at a monthly remuneration of Rs.3000/- p.m.	State life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan	16-09-1998
10.	Mr. Safiullah Khan Legal Advisor, Al-Rehman Building, Opp. High Court Building, Multan.	Working as contract employee at a monthly remuneration of Rs.3000/- p.m.	State life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan	26-07-2002
11.	M/s Fakhruddin G, Ebrahim & Co. Legal Advisor / Consultant 3 rd Floor, Ebrahim Estates, D/I, Union Commercial Area, Block 7 & 8 Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.	Working on contract basis at a monthly remuneration of Rs.15,000/- p.m.	National Insurance Company Limited.	05-05-2000
12.	Mr. Muhammad Sadiq Rajput, Legal Advisor LLM Advocate High Court 23, 24 Fareed Chambers, Abdullah Haroon Road, Karachi.	Working as contract employee at a monthly remuneration of Rs.9000/- p.m	National Insurance Company Limited.	21-07-2000
13.	M/s. Aman Law Associates, Advocates & Corporate, Counselors Supreme Court & High Courts, Room No. 315, Hotel Metropole, Karachi.	Working on contract basis at a monthly remuneration of Rs.5000/- p.m as Legal Advisor and Rs. 5000/- p.m. for I.R/Labour Consultation charges.	Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited.	21-12-2001

ANNEXURE-II

LIST OF CONSULTANTS WORKING IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE, ITS ATTACHED DEPARTMENTS AND STATUTORY CORPORATIONS.

S. No.	Name & Address	Remuneration, retainer ship fee and other fringe benefits	Organization	Working Since
1.	Mr. Nasir A. Khan, Consultant,	Rs.30,000/- P.M.	Ministry of Commerce	01-03-2005 (For five months only)
2.	Mr. K. K. Suri	Rs.100,000/- P.M.	Export Promotion Bureau, Karachi	01-12-1998
3.	Mr. Tahir Jamil Naqvi	Rs.55,000/- P.M.	Export Promotion Bureau	18-09-2001
4.	Mr. Kamal Sheryar	Rs.100,000/-	Export Promotion Bureau	01-06-2001

جناب پریذائٹنگ آفیسر، کوئی ضمنی سوال؟
 سینئر چوہدری محمد انور بھنڈر، جناب! کوئی ضمنی سوال نہیں ہے۔
 (شور --- مداخلت)

جناب پریذائٹنگ آفیسر، سوال نمبر ۱۴۔ ڈاکٹر اسماعیل بلیدی۔

14. *Dr. Muhammad Ismail Buledi: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.12 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state:

- (a) *the number of persons appointed in customs department during the last four years in BPS 17 and above, with grade wise and province-wise break up; and*
- (b) *the number of posts lying vacant in the said department and the time by which the same will be filled in?*

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: (a) 68 persons in BS-17 and above were appointed in Customs Department during the last four years. Their Grade-wise and Province-wise break-up is at Annex.

- (b) 31 posts of BS-19, 20 and 21 are vacant as indicated below:

BS-21: 03 posts (to be filled in by promotion through CSB).

BS-20: 04 posts (to be filled in by promotion through CSB). Normally its meeting is held once a year.

BS-19: 24 posts required to be filled through promotion of BS-18 officers to BS-19 for which the meeting of DPC is expected to be held in six months period.

BS-18: Presently no vacant post is available in BS-18 in Customs and Excise Group.

BS-17: 15 posts were indicated to FPSC to be filled in on the basis of Competitive Examination, 2004. Establishment Division has conveyed a copy of Press Note indicating the names of 15 candidates who have been allocated Customs and Excise Group as a result of above Exam.

PERSONS APPOINTED IN CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT
DURING THE LAST FOUR YEARS (2001-2004)

GRADE-WISE BREAK UP

BS-21	01	On contract basis upto 30.10.2005
MP-3 Scale	04	On contract basis upto 30.06.2006
BS-17	63	

PROVINCE WISE BREAK UP

NWFP	BS-21	01
	BS-17	10
Sindh (U)	MP 3 Scale	02
	BS-17	04
Sindh (R)	BS-17	08
Punjab	MP 3 Scale	02
	BS-17	35
Balochistan	BS-17	02
FATA	BS-17	03
AJK	BS-17	01
TOTAL		68

جناب پریڈائیٹنگ آفیسر، کوئی ضمنی سوال؟
(Voices: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 15, Dr. Muhammad Ismail

Buledi.

15. *Dr. Muhammad Ismail Buledi: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.12 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Economic Affairs be pleased to state:

- the extent of loan received from IMF, World Bank and other countries during the last three years indicating also the duration of each loan and percentage of interest payable on the same; and*
- the extent of loan paid back by the Government to these organizations?*

Ms. Hina Rabbani Khar: (a) The amount of loans received (disbursed) by the Government from IMF, World Bank and other countries, during the last three years, was US\$ 5.04 billion. Agency/country-wise detail is as under:

(\$ in million)

Source	Financial Year			
	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05 (P)	Total
IMF	470.000	499.000	0.000	969.000
IBRD	39.697	12.893	203.223	255.813
IDA	317.481	290.961	778.103	1386.545
Sub-Total (World Bank)	357.178	303.854	981.326	1642.358
ADB	573.830	477.753	713.789	1765.372
IFAD	7.400	9.001	6.885	23.286
IDB (L.T)	11.472	10.632	2.977	25.081
EIB	3.507	0.639	2.577	6.723
OPEC	1.725	2.517	2.674	6.915
Sub Total (Multilateral)	1425.112	1303.396	1710.228	4438.736
Austria	16.368	2.724	0.000	19.092
China	104.820	86.985	93.590	285.396
France	0.789	0.000	0.028	0.817
Germany	7.601	5.591	5.117	18.309
Japan	103.093	63.832	64.666	231.591
Kuwait	1.437	13.875	5.114	20.426
Saudi Arabia	7.587	0.000	1.167	8.754
Spain	0.309	1.569	0.000	1.878
U K	7.584	1.370	0.000	8.954
US PL-480	9.335	0.000	0.000	9.335
Sub-Total (Bilateral)	258.923	175.947	169.682	604.552
Grand Total	1684.035	1479.343	1879.910	5043.288

P = (Provisional)

Loan wise detail regarding duration and percentage of interest is at Annex-I

- (b) The amount of principal paid back by the Government to these organizations / countries during the last three years was US\$ 5.4 billion. Organization / country-wise break-up is as under:

(\$ in million)				
Source	Financial Year			
	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	Total
IMF	388.000	639.000	391.000	1418.000
IBRD	249.500	287.170	320.117	856.787
ICA	83.450	97.930	112.724	294.104
Sub-Total (World Bank)	332.950	385.100	432.841	1150.891
ADB	265.980	1370.430	247.452	1883.862
IFAD	7.500	7.710	7.962	23.172
IDS (L.T)	9.680	3.210	2.973	15.863
EIB	0.000	0.640	0.679	1.319
OPEC	6.500	5.180	4.800	16.480
NCRDIC	2.230	2.380	2.519	7.129
Sub-Total (Multilaterals)	1012.840	2413.650	1090.226	4516.716
Austria	0.000	0.700	0.367	1.067
Canada	0.000	0.000	0.302	0.302
China	35.210	14.800	13.868	63.898
Finland	0.000	0.000	0.024	0.024
France	0.000	28.770	10.636	39.406
Germany	3.730	7.930	2.640	14.400
Japan	70.320	396.650	48.114	515.084
Netherlands	1.100	0.000	0.221	1.321
Kuwait	3.030	5.400	5.733	14.163
Russia	0.000	0.000	0.937	0.937
Saudi Arabia	13.080	5.420	5.373	23.873
Spain	0.000	0.100	0.580	0.680
Sweden	0.000	0.000	0.412	0.412
Swiss	0.000	0.000	0.253	0.253
U K	5.640	36.200	0.959	42.799
US AID (P+C)	0.000	0.000	4.335	4.335
EXIM Bank	0.000	0.000	0.858	0.858
PL-480	0.000	0.000	1.193	1.193
USA (CCC)	11.400	1.720	4.106	17.226
Italy	2.140	0.320	0.541	3.001
Korea	0.000	44.830	45.272	90.102
Norway	2.130	2.120	3.877	8.127
UAE	1.000	1.000	0.000	2.000
Turkey	9.960	0.000	12.900	22.860
N.B.P Bahrain	0.000	9.290	4.286	13.576
Bank of Indosuez	9.590	6.250	0.000	15.840
N.B.Ps	0.000	0.000	3.111	3.111
Sub-Total: (Bilateral)	168.450	561.500	170.898	900.848
Total:	1181.290	2975.150	1261.124	5417.564

LOAN RECEIVED/DISBURSED FROM 2002-03 TO 2004-05 (Medium & Long Term Loans)

DONOR	LOAN ID	PARTICULARS	SIGNING DATE	BASE CURRENCY	AMOUNT IN CURRENCY	AMOUNT IN USD	GRACE (YEARS)	REPAYMENT (YEARS)	INTEREST RATE (% P.A.)	DISBURSEMENT (Figures in US\$ million)		
										2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
										470.000	499.000	0.000
IMF	163255-0001	Poverty Reduct Growth Fac 2001	06-12-2001	SDR	689.200	969.000	5	10	0.5	470.000	499.000	0.000
IBRD						986.108				39.697	12.893	203.223
	3764-PAK	POWER SECTOR DEVELOPMENT	14-09-1994	USD	200.027	200.000	5	15	4.83			
	38284-PAK	FIN. SEC DEEPENING	30-01-1995	USD	26.527	26.527	7	10	4.80	1.284		
	3953-PAK	TELECOMMUNICATIONS REGULATORY	12-13-1995	USD	17.764	17.764	5	15	4.83	0.296	0.149	
	3963-PAK	GHAZI BAROTHA HYDROPOWER	03-03-1996	USD	339.884	339.884	5	15	Libor + 0.44	39.127	12.278	
	7212-PAK	HIGHWAYS REHABILITATION PROJECT	26-21-2004	JPY	5,605,500	52,634	5	10	Libor + 0.52		0.516	
	7204-PAK	TAX ADMIN REFORM PROJECT	09-03-2005	USD	24,400	24,400	6	10	Libor + 0.44			0.125
	7270-PAK	BANKING SECT DEVELOPMENT	03-01-2005	USD	200,000	200,000	8	15	Libor + 0.44			200,000
	7277-PAK	Punjab Barrages Ren & Modern	22-03-2005	JPY	13,107,500	124,898	8	15	Libor + 0.44			3,101
IDA						3,174,253				317.481	290.961	778.103
	1499-PAK	SECOND SMALL INDUSTRIES	10-07-1984	SDR	39,082	41,203	10	40	0.75			
	2747-PAK	PUNJAB FOREST SECTOR DEV	27-07-1995	SDR	9,408	14,640	10	25	0.75			
	2780-PAK	BALUCHISTAN COMMUNITY INFRASTR	22-11-1995	SDR	16,992	25,383	10	25	0.75	1.061		
	2829-PAK	NWFP COMMUNITY	18-04-1996	SDR	10,617	15,353	10	25	0.75	0.098	0.503	
	2901-PAK	Punjab Pvt Sector Gov. Dev.	19-09-1996	SDR	15,277	22,118	10	25	0.75			
	2921-PAK	Impr to Fin Report & Audit	21-11-1996	SDR	20,100	29,315	10	25	0.75	3.327	4,669	8,053
	2992-PAK	NORTHERN EDUCATION	05-11-1997	SDR	12,736	18,361	10	25	0.75	4.745	5,081	
	2999-PAK	NATIONAL DRAINAGE PROGRAMME	16-12-1997	SDR	198,413	269,162	10	25	0.75	26,580	34,560	69,887
	3050-PAK	SOCIAL ACTION PRG II	28-05-1998	SDR	184,500	247,319	10	25	0.75	20,193	0.000	
	3248-PAK	PAKISTAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION	07-07-1999	SDR	66,500	88,464	10	25	0.75	29,353	25,124	4,364
	3500-PAK/IDA	TRADE AND TRANS FACIL. PROJECT	01-05-2001	SDR	2,300	2,927	10	25	0.75	0.874	0.469	0.689
	3516-PAK	NWFP ON FARM WATER MANAG	28-08-2001	SDR	14,250	21,162	10	25	0.75	3,675	3,927	2,750
	3571-PAK	Banking Sec Restruct and Privat Pr	24-10-2001	SDR	239,500	304,868	10	25	0.75	11,154	0.000	1,227,577
	3655-PAK	SECOND STRUCTURAL ADJUST CRED	11-06-2002	SDR	395,000	510,484	10	25	0.75			
	3686-PAK	SINDH STRUCT ADJUST CREDIT	10-07-2002	SDR	79,100	104,725	10	25	0.75	10,715		
	3687-PAK	NWFP STRUCT ADJUST CREDIT	10-07-2002	SDR	71,200	94,266	10	25	0.75	9,724		
	3688-PAK	BANKING SEC TECH ASSIST PRO	11-07-2002	SDR	21,300	28,294	10	25	0.75	2,809	2,957	8,401
	3689-PAK	AJK COMM INFRASTR SECT PROJ	24-08-2002	SDR	16,100	21,271	10	25	0.75	1,227	1,477	4,926
	3761(1)-PAK	PARTNERSHIP FOR POLIO ERADIC	29-10-2004	SDR	14,700	20,806	10	25	0.75			21,143
	3761-PAK	POLIO ERADICATION PROJECT	11-06-2003	SDR	14,700	20,806	10	25	0.75		19,543	0.809
	3775-PAK	NATIONAL EDU ASSESSMENT	09-10-2003	SDR	2,700	3,870	10	25	0.75		0.189	0.780
	3776-PAK	HIV AIDS PREVENTION PROJECT	09-10-2003	SDR	20,500	28,951	10	25	0.75		0.411	4,764
	3834-PAK	SECOND POVE ALLEVIA FUND PRO	20-01-2004	SDR	168,100	249,736	10	25	0.75			83,670
	3846-PAK	HIGHWAYS REHAB PROJ	26-01-2004	SDR	105,900	158,533	10	25	0.75			1,028
	3855-PAK	PUNJAB EDU REFORM PROG	20-02-2004	SDR	69,500	105,050	10	25	0.75		1,028	
	3904-PAK	PUBLIC SECT CAPACITY BUILD PH	16-06-2004	SDR	36,900	53,719	10	25	0.75			10,757
	3905-PAK	SINDH ON FARM WATER MANAG PROJ	27-07-2004	SDR	41,000	60,134	10	25	0.75			2,986
	3906-PAK	NWFP COMMUNITY	11-08-2004	SDR	25,300	37,193	10	25	0.75			1,173
	3932-PAK	NWFP SAC II	22-06-2004	SDR	62,100	90,803	10	25	0.75		90,803	
	3974-PAK	Poverty Reduction Supp Credit	08-08-2004	SDR	206,800	301,101	10	25	0.75			303,367

LOAN RECEIVED/DISBURSED FROM 2002-03 TO 2004-05 (Medium & Long Term Loans)

DONOR	LOAN ID	PARTICULARS	SIGNING DATE	BASE CURRENCY	AMOUNT IN CURRENCY	AMOUNT IN USD	GRACE (YEARS)	REPAYMENT (YEARS)	INTEREST RATE (%) P.A.	(Amount in millions)		
										DISBURSEMENT		
										(Figures in US\$ million)		
										2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
	4007-PAK	TAX ADMINISTRATION REFORM PROJ	09.03.2005	SDR	53.500	81.752	10	25	0.75			2.938
	4031-PAK	BANKING SECTOR DEVEL. PL. LOAN	13.01.2005	SDR	65.300	99.572	10	25	0.75			99.379
	Q-309-PAK	ADVANCE FOR PREPARATION OF TAX	29.01.2002	USD	2.900	2.900	10	40	0.75	1.563	0.687	0.361
Sub-Total W-BANK										357.178	303.854	981.326
ADB						6,140.639						
	1878-PAK	AGRICULTURE SECTOR PROGRAM-II	01.04.2002	JPY	27,463,500	229,197	3	12	Labor + 0.6	573.830	477.753	713.789
	1891-PAK	ROAD SEC. NATIONAL POLICY PROG.	01.02.2002	JPY	6,079,300	45,907	3	12	Labor + 0.6			
	1892-PAK	ROAD SECTOR DEV. PROGRAMME	01.02.2002	JPY	9,118,900	76,171	3	12	Labor + 0.6	35.245	18.092	
	1897-PAK	ACCESS TO JUSTICE PROGRAM	21.12.2001	JPY	29,685,000	244,371	3	12	Labor + 0.6	1.022	0.191	0.862
	1928-PAK	PUNJAB ROAD DEV. SEC. OR	26.03.2003	JPY	18,396,800	152,474	3	12	Labor + 0.6	25.200		87.456
	1935-PAK	DECENTRALIZATION SUP. PRO. MOF	23.01.2003	JPY	24,584,125	207,739	3	12	Labor + 0.6	1.561	0.179	0.593
	2019-PAK	BALUCHISTAN ROAD DEV. SECTOR P	17.03.2004	JPY	20,266,370	183,133	5	20	Labor + 0.6		99.569	128.394
	2030-PAK	PUNJAB RES. MANAGMENT PROG	19.12.2003	JPY	21,761,000	202,432	3	12	Labor + 0.6		102.341	99.105
	2047-PAK	SINDH DEVOLVED SOCIAL SERVICE	17.02.2004	JPY	11,968,550	113,602	3	12	Labor + 0.6		66.712	
	2061-PAK	SOUTHERN PUNJAB URBAN PROJECT	23.01.2004	JPY	4,896,225	45,832	5	20	Labor + 0.6			1.043
	2066-PAK	SME SECTOR DEV. PROGRAM	10.02.2004	JPY	16,436,520	154,106	3	12	Labor + 0.6			60.426
	2107-PAK	BALUCHISTAN RESOURCE MANAG.	14.12.2004	JPY	12,076,350	113,992	3	12	Labor + 0.6			68.173
	1987-	RURAL FINANCE SECTOR DEV.	23.12.2002	USD	225,000	255,000	3	12	Labor + 0.6			50.000
	1076-PAK	SINDH FORESTRY DEV. PROJECT	02.04.1991	SDR	16,310	21,856	10	25	1&1.5 after	102.250		
	1146-PAK	CHASHMA R.B. IRR. PROJ-III	19.02.1992	SDR	155,608	216,311	10	25	1&1.5 after		0.706	0.956
	1185-PAK	PROVINCIAL HIGHWAYS PROJECT	30.06.1993	SDR	104,122	148,217	10	25	1&1.5 after	6.188		
	1200-PAK	HEALTH CARE DEVELOPMENT	29.03.1993	SDR	30,512	41,867	10	25	1&1.5 after			
	1210-PAK	TEACHER TRAINING PROJECT	29.03.1993	SDR	15,253	20,999	10	25	1&1.5 after	0.169	0.258	
	1260-PAK	URBAN WATER SUPPLY & SANIT.	17.05.1994	SDR	35,906	56,266	10	25	1&1.5 after	0.004		
	1276-PAK	MIDDLE SCHOOL PROJECT	17.05.1994	SDR	34,965	48,385	10	25	1&1.5 after	11.903	1.767	
	1294-PAK	PEHUR HIGH-LEVEL CANAL PROJECT	06.06.1994	SDR	91,652	129,901	10	25	1&1.5 after	2.077	0.842	0.018
	1297-PAK	3RD PUNJAB ON-FARM WATER	17.05.1994	SDR	32,563	38.39	10	25	1&1.5 after	8.621	3.656	1.411
	1315-PAK	KESC SIXTH POWER (SECT) PROJ	19.10.1994	SDR	26,044	43,917	10	14	1&1.5 after	0.700	1.268	
	1349-PAK	PUN. R.W. SUP & SANI (SC1) PROJ	12.05.1995	SDR	28,401	39,289	10	23	1&1.5 after	1.037		
	1373-PAK	TECHNICAL EDUCATION	18.01.1996	SDR	34,501	50,939	10	25	1&1.5 after	6.038	6.925	1.163
	1401-PAK	RURAL ACCESS ROAD PROJECT	18.01.1996	SDR	88,484	134,883	10	25	1&1.5 after	5.009	0.639	
	1403-PAK	FORESTRY SECTOR	18.01.1996	SDR	15,241	27,502	10	25	1&1.5 after	1.127	1.147	0.709
	1413-PAK	NATIONAL DRAINING SECTOR	06.12.1996	SDR	122,928	176,395	10	25	1&1.5 after	2.221	44.147	42.848
	1454-PAK	2nd GIRLS PRIMARY SCHOOL Sec	28.02.1997	SDR	31,128	43,157	10	25	1&1.5 after	4.487	5.003	1.268
	1467-PAK	BAHAWALPUR RURAL DEV. PROJECT	08.01.1997	SDR	24,011	36,895	10	25	1&1.5 after	6.101	6.636	5.222
	1493-PAK	SOCIAL ACTION PROGRAMME II	08.01.1997	SDR	119,024	169,310	10	25	1&1.5 after	26.161		
	1531-PAK	DERA GHAZI RURAL DEVELOP PROJ	16.10.1997	SDR	26,068	35,729	10	25	1&1.5 after	1.397	2.584	4.073
	1534-PAK	SECOND SCIENCE EDUCATION SECT	07.09.1998	SDR	29,442	39,746	10	25	1&1.5 after	4.320	3.193	2.579
	1572-PAK(SF)	CAPACITY ENHANC. OF SECURITY TA	05.01.1998	SDR	2,791	40,739	10	25	1&1.5 after	0.603		
	1578-PAK(SF)	SECOND FLOOD PROTECTION	10.02.1999	SDR	43,632	101,763	10	25	1&1.5 after		7.110	7.791
	1671-PAK(SF)	WOMEN'S HEALTH PROJECT	21.01.2000	SDR	33,819	46,198	8	24	1&1.5 after	5.880	7.479	7.375
	1672-PAK(SF)	MALAKAND RURAL DEVELOPMENT	23.04.1999	SDR	30,852	41,714	10	25	1&1.5 after	1.192	2.889	5.419
	1787-PAK(SF)	NWFP BARANI AREAS DEV. PROJECT	14.06.2001	SDR	40,065	49,906	8	24	1&1.5 after	0.228	3.404	1.972

LOAN RECEIVED/DISBURSED FROM 2002-03 TO 2004-05 (Medium & Long Term Loans)

DONOR	LOAN ID	PARTICULARS	SIGNING DATE	BASE CURRENCY	AMOUNT IN CURRENCY	AMOUNT IN USD	GRACE (YEARS)	REPAYMENT (YEARS)	INTEREST RATE (%) P.A.	(Amount in million)		
										DISBURSEMENT		
										(Figures in US\$ million)		
										2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
	1805-PAK	MICROFINANCE SECTOR DEV. PROG.	06.02.2001	SDR	54,114	70,626	8	16	18.1.5 after	21,065		
	1806-PAK	MICROFINANCE SECTOR DEV. PROJ	06.02.2001	SDR	61,845	80,737	8	24	18.1.5 after	10,968	14,811	26,141
	1854-PAK(SF)	NWFP URBAN DEV. SECTOR PROJ	21.12.2001	SDR	16,136	20,418	8	24	18.1.5 after	0,200	0,004	0,180
	1877-PAK	AGRICULTURE SECTOR PROGRAM II	01.04.2002	SDR	96,238	119,991	8	16	18.1.5 after	51,657		
	1879-PAK(SF)	TA FROM AGRICULT SEC PROJ-II	01.04.2002	SDR	1,565	1,951	8	24	18.1.5 after		0,126	0,315
	1893-PAK	ROAD SEC DEV. PROVINCIAL PROGRA	01.02.2002	SDR	59,279	73,740	3	12	18.1.5 after		0,043	1,044
	1898-PAK	ACCESS TO JUSTICE PROG (INST)	21.12.2001	SDR	67,914	85,936	8	16	18.1.5 after	25,915		30,299
	1899-PAK(SF)	INSTITUT. DEV ACCESS TO JUST.	21.12.2001	SDR	15,648	19,800	8	24	18.1.5 after	0,098	0,164	0,083
	1900-PAK(SF)	Reproductive Health Project	20.03.2003	SDR	28,454	38,621	8	24	18.1.5 after			1,828
	1916-PAK	Decent Elem Edu proj (Sindh)	09.04.2003	SDR	56,411	76,399	8	24	18.1.5 after		0,491	0,234
	1934-PAK	Sindh rural development proj	03.03.2003	SDR	37,885	52,034	8	24	18.1.5 after			1,172
	1936-	DECENTRAL SUPPORT PRO (CGA)	23.01.2003	SDR	49,107	37,043	8	16	18.1.5 after	30,929		42,246
	1937-PAK(SF)	Local Gover Perfor Enhanc Proj	23.01.2003	SDR	17,376	23,723	8	24	18.1.5 after	0,950		0,751
	1950-PAK	Punjab community water supply	23.01.2003	SDR	37,885	51,722	8	24	18.1.5 after	1,978	6,348	13,764
	1957-PAK(SF)	Streng Regul Enforce & Gover	03.03.2003	SDR	2,268	3,115	8	24	18.1.5 after			0,110
	2031-PAK(SF)	TA RES. REFORMS PUNJAB PROJECT	19.12.2003	SDR	2,794	4,105	8	24	18.1.5 after			
	2048-PAK(SF)	SINDH DEVOLVED SOCIAL	17.02.2004	SDR	69,843	105,353	8	16	18.1.5 after		33,736	
	2049-PAK(SF)	SINDH DEVOLVED SPECIAL OPT.	17.02.2004	SDR	6,984	10,535	8	24	18.1.5 after			1,038
	2060-PAK(SF)	SOUTHERN PUNJAB BASIC URBAN PR	23.01.2004	SDR	31,429	46,871	8	24	18.1.5 after			0,805
	2067-PAK	SMALL & ME SECTOR DEV. PROJECT	10.02.2004	SDR	12,501	18,597	8	24	18.1.5 after			1,073
	2108-PAK(SF)	Balochistan Resource Mng Progm	14.12.2004	SDR	13,580	20,699	8	16	18.1.5 after			9,935
	1314-PAK	KESC SIXTH POWER(SEC) PROJECT	19.10.1994	USD	39,746	39,746	5	20	6.31	0,690	0,434	
	1424-PAK	GHIAZI BROTHA HYDRO POWER	11.03.1996	USD	254,507	254,507	6	19	6.31	18,901	4,776	
	1680-PAK	TRADE, EXP PROM. & IND. PROG	31.03.1999	USD	300,000	407,020	3	12	6.31			
	1681-PAK(TA)	MODERNIZATION OF CUSTOMS ADMN	31.03.1999	USD	2,638	4,070	3	12	6.31	1,320		
	1682-PAK	INSTIT. SUPPORT FOR TRADE REGI	31.03.1999	USD	2,049	2,049	3	12	6.31	0,157	0,040	
	1683-PAK	INSTIT. STRENGTHENING OF BOI	31.03.1999	USD	0,793	1,357	3	12	6.31	0,078		
	1955-PAK	FIN (NONBANK) MARK & GOV PRO	03.03.2003	USD	260,000	260,000	3	12	18.1.5 after	102,600		
	1988-PAK	RURAL FINANCE SECTOR DEV. PROJ	23.12.2002	USD	25,000	25,000	4	20	18.1.5 after	0,260	0,164	0,447
IFAD						137,912				7,400	9,001	6,885
	1671991002	288/PA NEELUM & JHELM VALLEYS	04.10.1991	SDR	11,900	16,279	5	15	4	0,767	0,185	0,425
	16719940001	353/PK PAT FEEDER COMMAND AREA	28.09.1994	SDR	12,790	21,610	5	15	3.47	0,392	0,294	0,077
	16719960001	425/PK DIR AREA SUPPORT	21.11.1996	SDR	11,350	16,554	10	30	0.75	1,537	1,349	0,359
	453-PK	NORTHERN AREAS DEVELOPMENT	20.05.1998	SDR	10,750	14,383	10	30	0.75	2,563	2,006	0,637
	492-PK	BARANI VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT PRJ	12.05.1999	SDR	11,150	15,120	10	30	0.75	0,642	3,745	2,031
	554-PAK	SOUTH FED ADM TRI AREA FATA	22.01.2001	SDR	13,400	17,417	10	30	0.75	1,499	0,672	0,415
	558-PK	NWFP BARANI AREA DEV. PROJ.	18.08.2001	SDR	11,150	14,213	10	30	0.75		0,750	0,609
	625-PK	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PROG.	09.03.2004	SDR	15,250	22,336	10	30	0.75			2,332
IDB						117,574				11,472	10,632	2,977
	2322-PK	MUST EXP PROJ BUILD COUSTRUCTI	24.08.2000	USD	5,000	5,000	6	10	5.5		1,297	1,031
	2323-PK	MUST EXP PROJ NAT UNIV OF S&T	24.08.2000	USD	20,000	20,000	6	10	5.5			0,103
	2324-PK	HEWAT SUB-STATION PROJ	24.08.2000	USD	8,250	8,250	6	10	5.5	0,477		
	2363(2422-1)	RAILWAY DEV. PROJ 200 HIGH	23.10.2001	USD	14,300	14,300	6	10	6.0		0,991	0,123

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										DISBURSEMENT		
										(Figures in US\$ million)		
										2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
	2363-PK	RAILWAY DEV. PROJECT 200 WAGON	23.10.2001	USD	10 450	10 450	6	10	6			
	PAK-0029	LEFT BANK OUTFALL DRAINAGE PROJ	02.07.1986	SDR	7 510	8 832	10	15	4.17			
	PAK-0044	RAHAWALPUR MEDICAL COLLEGE	27.10.1990	SDR	4 160	5 900	15	15	3		2 436	0.040
	PAK-0070	RAHAWALPUR RURAL DEV. PROJECT	07.09.1998	IDR	4 900	4 900	5	20	2.5			
	PAK-58	GREATER HYDRABAD SEWERAGE	12.11.1991	SDR	2 610	3 567	12	10	2.5	0.892	0.313	0.442
	PAK-59	GREATER HYDRABAD SEWERAGE	12.11.1991	SDR	0 860	1 175	0	18	2	0.197		0.454
	PAK-78	GHAZI BROTHA HYDROPOWER PRJ	18.11.1998	USD	35 200	35 200	12	10	3	0.122	0.073	
EIB	18367	GHAZI BROTHA HYDRO PROJECT	14.12.1995	EUR		938 578				9 784	5 595	0 711
	19674	GHAZI BROTHA PROJECT	23.07.1997	EUR	24 000	24 000	8	12	5.55	3 507	0 639	2 577
OPEC FUND	70741	SECOND GIRLS PRIMARY SCHOOL SEC	04.11.1997	USD	16 000	31 000	5	10	3		0 639	2 577
	87841	Railways Development project	26.04.2002	USD	15 000	15 000	5	15	1.25	1 725	2 517	1 350
Sub-Total Multilateral												1 324
AUSTRIA	2354	PROC. OF HEAVY TRACK EQUIP. PR	22.11.2001	EUR	5 000	15 695				1 425.112	1 303.396	1 710.228
	2355	PROC. OF UIC54 RAILS. PAK-RAIL	20.12.2001	EUR	7 419	6 671	7	9	4.5	16 368	2 724	0 000
	2356	PROC. TURNOUTS UIC54 P-RAILWAY	20.12.2001	EUR	5 074	4 598	5	9	4.5	2 743	2 724	
CHINA, P.R. OF	2364	SALE CONSTRUCTION&PURC NALTAR	20.12.2001	USD	16 310	16 310				6 014		
	2365	Procurement of 175 Passenger	08.11.2001	USD	80 404	80 404	3	12	5.25	5 611		
	2367	PROCUREMENT&TECH TRANSFER OF 69	08.11.2001	USD	85 969	85 969	3	12	5.25	104 820	86 986	93 590
	2367	OWADAR PORT PROJ-I	10.08.2001	USD	31 000	31 000	10	10	0	20 045	21 967	23 990
	2394	PROCUREMENT OF UIC-54 RAILWAYS	23.04.2002	USD	18 829	18 829	2	8	5.25	10 826	20 526	9 621
	2395	Gwadar deep water port proj. PI	26.12.2002	CNY	481 400	58 157	7	13	2	31 000		
	PR 2003 1300	Gwadar deep water port PROJ PI	26.12.2002	USD	60 000	60 000	5	10	4.64	6 149	4 967	7 713
FRANCE	1996	PAK-FRANCE PROTOCOL 1996	02.12.1996	EUR	24 773	1 978				36 800		18 400
	FC-1994-95	FC-1994-95	01.12.1998	EUR	1 795	1 978	5	34	5.71	36 800	2 726	18 400
GERMANY	187196RMT	CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY LHR	14.04.1998	USD	7 025	7 025	3	3	Labor + 0625	0 111		0 028
	8465940-ANR	HYDRO POWER PROJ TARBELA	08.11.1985	EUR	4 635	4 635	17	34	0.75	0 768		
	850534-ANR	500 KV SUBSTAT. LAH PESH	08.09.1994	EUR	35 330	35 330	10	41	0.75	7 601	5 591	5 117
	9065715-ANR	COMBINE CYCLE PROJECT	03.04.1991	EUR	0 043	0 043	14	25	0.75	2 541	0 515	
	9166174-ANR	Chashma Irrig. proj. Stag. III	30.06.1993	EUR	3 447	3 447	10	30	0.75	5 060	0 121	
	9365909-ANR	Chashma Irrigation Project III	04.10.2001	EUR	7 925	7 925	5	36	0.75	40 467		
	9566316-ANR	GHAZI BROTHA HYDRO PROJECT	30.06.1994	EUR	6 037	6 037	10	30	0.75	0 046		
	9566316-ANR	GHAZI BROTHA HYDRO PROJECT	22.07.1996	EUR	67 631	37 631	10	30	0.75	3 948		
	9665860-ANR	SUBSTATION MUZAFFARGARH	22.07.1996	EUR	17 753	17 645	8	6	6.68	0 401	0 169	
JAPAN	PK-P16/NR1	INDUS HIGHWAYS PROJECT-II NR	16.03.1998	JPY	10 226	10 226	10	30	0.75	18 691	4 721	5 028
						611 270				0 125	0 008	0 089
					760 324	7 543	10	20	2.6	5 740	63 832	64 666

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										DISBURSEMENT		
										(Figures in US\$ million)		
										2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
	PK-P37(NR)	RURAL RD CONSTRUCTION PROJECT	19.08.1993	JPY	2,866,245	28,436	10	20	2.6			
	PK-P40(NR)	KARACHI WATER SUPPLY	22.11.1994	JPY	8,304,394	84,435	10	20	2.6	0.057	12,282	5,039
	PK-P41(R)	KOHAT TUNNEL & ACCESS ROADS CO	22.12.1994	JPY	214,592	2,148	10	20	2.6	4.894	5,706	7,744
	PK-P42	DAUDKHEL FERTI PLANT MOD.(II)	22.11.1994	JPY	4,885,595	49,674	10	20	2.6			
	PK-P43(NR)	SEC. TRANSMISSION LINES	22.03.1996	JPY	11,980,438	112,824	10	20	2.3	25,249	22,275	26,075
	PK-P44(NR)	DIESEL LOCOMOTIVE PROJECT	22.03.1996	JPY	2,905,710	27,384	10	20	2.3			
	PK-P45(NR)	NEW LOCOMOTIVE PROJECT-2	22.03.1996	JPY	406,408	3,827	10	20	2.3			
	PK-P47(NR)	GHAZI BROTHA POWER PROJECT-I	22.03.1996	JPY	2,954,197	27,821	10	20	2.3	3,377		
	PK-P48(NR)	GHAZI BAROTHA HYDROPOWER	31.03.1997	JPY	12,210,443	98,605	10	20	2.6	7,815		
	PK-P49(NR)	BALUCHISTAN MIDDLE EDUCATION	31.03.1997	JPY	3,829,075	30,922	10	20	2.3	25,950	13,620	13,864
	PK-P50(NR)	NATIONAL DRAINAGE PROG. PROJ	31.03.1997	JPY	9,742,162	78,673	10	20	2.3	0,000	1,054	1,133
	PK-P51	KOHAT TUNNEL CONSTRUCT PROJ II	30.07.2001	JPY	4,032,000	32,579	10	20	2.3	0,883	0,653	10,305
	PK-P52	KOHAT TUNNEL&CONSTRUCTION III	04.02.2003	JPY	3,149,000	26,419	10	20	1.8	10,832	0,376	
KUWAIT						61,735			1.8	17,396	7,866	0,506
	488	SEC TRANS. LINE & GRID STATION	07.01.1996	KWD	10,000	32,492	4	20	3	1,437	13,875	5,114
	548	Transmission line from GBHES	29.09.1998	KWD	9,000	29,243	4	20	3		6,383	2,656
SAUDI ARABIA										1,437	7,492	2,448
	6/255,6/255-I	LEFT BANK OUTFALL DRAIN STAG I	08.12.1986	SAR	239,177	24,999				7,587	0,000	1,167
	9/407	Makran Coastal Road Project	19.10.2003	SAR	93,750	24,999	5	15	3	7,587		
SPAIN							5	15	2			1,167
	2376	PAK-SWISS TRAINING CENTRE KAR	28.06.2002	USD	0,939	1,877	10	20	1.25	0,309	1,569	0,000
	2377	PAK SWISS TRAINING CENTER, KAR	28.06.2002	USD	0,939	0,939	1	5	4.55	0,309	0,630	
U.K.											0,939	
	13919980001	Dev.of Lahore Intl Airport/ANZ	24.10.1996	USD	52,059	52,059	3	10	6.84	7,584	1,370	0,000
US PL480						10,000				9,335	0,000	0,000
	2378	IMPORT OF 56000MT SOYABEEN OIL	21.05.2002	USD	9,335	10,000	10	20	1	9,335		
Sub-Total Bilateral										258,923	175,947	169,682
G.TOTAL										1,684,035	1,479,343	1,879,910

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? I believe, no supplementary.

(Voices: No, illegal, illegal)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 17, Mrs. Razina Alam Khan.

17. *Mrs. Razina Alam Khan: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.13 p.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state:

- (a) the steps taken by the Government for the promotion of use of CNG in the country;*
- (b) the arrangements made for checking quality and quantity at the CNG stations;*
- (c) the number of CNG stations in the country checked during the last three years and challaned; and*
- (d) the steps taken by the government to make the procedure of receipt and disposal of complaints against the said stations more easy?*

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: (a) The Government has taken the following steps for promotion of use of CNG in the country:

- * Duty and tax exemption on import of CNG equipment.
- * Government has allowed price of CNG through market competition.
- * Diesel substitution strategy is also under consideration.

(b) As per Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA)'s report, all CNG stations are inspected at least once in a year, in accordance with Pakistan CNG Rules 1992 by the third party in inspectors (presently Hydro carbon Development Institute of Pakistan HDIP) appointed by OGRA. Besides, the Provincial Weights and Measures Departments are also empowered to check the measurement accuracy at CNG stations under their respective laws.

(c) As per OGRA's report it inherited 370 CNG stations from Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Resources which were annually checked by them, OGRA assumed the powers to regulate the CNG sector w.e.f. 15th March 2003. All operational CNG stations (675 at present) are being inspected annually for measurement accuracy. During this period, gas supply to four CNG stations was disconnected and four stations were fined on account of less-filling.

(d) Complaints Resolution Procedure Regulation 2003 have been notified by OGRA vide notification No. 867(I)/2003 dated 3rd September 2003. It is placed on OGRA's website as well as publicized in the national press through advertisements.

A complaint cell has been established in the Authority for redressal of public complaints against the CNG stations.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary?

سینیئر رزینہ عالم خان: سب سے پہلے تو میں CNG کے فروغ کے لئے حکومت نے جو اقدامات اٹھائے ہیں ان کو قابل تحسین سمجھتی ہوں لیکن میرا ایک ضمنی سوال ہے کہ جو CNG سٹیشن OGRA check کرتی ہے تو کیا سال میں ایک دفعہ سے زیادہ بڑھانے کا کوئی ان کے پاس پروگرام ہے؟ چونکہ عوام یہ چاہتے ہیں کہ تمام CNG سٹیشنوں میں کوئلہ ایک جیسی ہو۔ تو ایسا کوئی پروگرام ہے کہ اس کو زیادہ عرصے کے لئے سال میں تین یا چار مرتبہ check کیا جاسکے؟

Mr. Presiding Officer: Minister Incharge.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Next Question No. 18. Mrs. Nighat

Mirza.

18. *Mrs. Nighat Mirza: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.15 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Commerce be pleased to state the worth of goods exported to Afghanistan under Afghan Transit Trade arrangements and the revenue collected through this trade during the last five years with year wise breakup?

Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan: Under the Afghan Transit Trade Agreement (ATTA) 1965, Pakistan has allowed Afghanistan to import and export its goods through Pakistan, Pakistan does not export its goods to Afghanistan under the ATTA. Pakistan has also not imposed any taxes on the goods imported and exported by Afghanistan under the ATTA. The value of goods exported and imported by Afganistan during the last five years under the ATTA is as follows:

(Rupees in million)

Years	Exports	Imports
2000	1063.933	8568.893
2001	770.400	9467.892
2002	744.625	13571.647
2003	1374.210	16682.156
2004	1631.225	21288.646

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary?

(شور۔۔۔ مداخلت)

سینیٹر نگت مرزا، جناب! شریہ بچوں کی کلاس میں کیا سوال اور کیا جواب،

غاموشی ہی بہتر ہے۔

(شور۔۔۔ مداخلت)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Next Question No. 19, Prof. Ghafoor

Sahib.

19. *Prof. Ghafoor Ahmad: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.20 p.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to Inform:

- the names, educational qualification, experience and place of domicile of Chairman, Vice Chairman and Members of Oil and Gas regulatory Authority indicating also the salary, allowances and other fringe benefits admissible to them; and*
- the number of officers working in the said Authority with province-wise break up indicating also the amount of monthly salary being paid to them?*

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: (a) The information in respect of names, educational qualifications experience and place of domicile of Chairman, Vice Chairman and Members of OGRA indicating also the salary allowances and other fringe benefits admissible to them, as provided by OGRA is at Annex-A.

(b) The information in respect of other officers working in the said Authority with province-wise break-up indicating also the amount of monthly salary being paid to them, as provided by OGRA is at Annex-B.

Annex-A

Sr.#	Name / Designation	Qualification	Experience	Domicile	Salary
1	Mr. Munir Ahmad, Chairman	B.Sc. (Hons) Geology. (Gold Medalist) (1964) M.Sc./Petroleum Geology (1965).	38 years experience of dealing with economic, developmental and regulatory matters of Gas industry.	Punjab	Pay Scale - 130,000-10,000-160,000 Allowances House Rent Allowance - 50,000 - 70,000 Utilities (5% of pay) - 6,500 - 8,000 Facilities - 1600 CC Chauffeur Driven car - Petrol Limit 340 liters per month
2	Mr. Jawaid Inam, Member (Gas) / Vice Chairman	B.Sc. (Fuel) Science & Technology	37 years experience in Gas industry	NWFP	Pay Scale - 50,000-7,500-80,000 Allowances House Rent Allowance - 30,000 - 50,000 Utilities (5% of pay) - 2,500 - 4,000 Facilities - 1300 CC Chauffeur Driven car - Petrol Limit 270 liters per month
3	Mr. Rashid Farooq, Member (Oil)	B.Sc. Chemical Engineering M.Sc. Energy Engineering.	28 years Experience in Oil and Gas sector.	Punjab	Pay Scale - 50,000-7,500-80,000 Allowances House Rent Allowance - 30,000 - 50,000 Utilities (5% of pay) - 2,500 - 4,000 Facilities - 1300 CC Chauffeur Driven car - Petrol Limit 270 liters per month
4	Mr. M. H. Asif, Member (Finance).	MA (Economics) Fellowship of Institute of Cost and management of Pakistan. (FCMA)	42 years Experience	Sindh	Pay Scale - 50,000-7,500-80,000 Allowances House Rent Allowance - 30,000 - 50,000 Utilities (5% of pay) - 2,500 - 4,000 Facilities - 1300 CC Chauffeur Driven car - Petrol Limit 270 liters per month

Annex-B

Scale	Numbers	Province					Salary
		Punjab	NWFP	Sindh	Balochistan	AJK	
E-6	3	3	-	-	-	-	46000-2850-83050
E-5	1	1	-	-	-	-	40500-2600-74300
E-4	5	4	1	-	-	-	34000-2300-68500
E-3	10	8	1	1	-	-	27500-1700-53000
E-2	14	8	3	1	1	1	18300-1150-35550
E-1	17	12	3	1	-	1	11500-925-30000
Total	50	36	8	3	1	2	-

Mr . Presiding Officer: Any supplementary? No further supplementary.

(شور --- مداخلت)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Next Question No. 20.

20. *Prof. Ghafoor Ahmad: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.20 p.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state:

- (a) *the names, educational qualification, experience and place of domicile of Chairman, Vice Chairman and Members of National Electric Power Regulatory Authority indicating also the salary, allowances and other fringe benefits admissible to them; and*
- (b) *the number of other officers working in the said Authority with province-wise break up and the amount of monthly salary being paid to them?*

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: (a) The information in respect of names, educational qualifications experience and place of domicile of Chairman, Vice Chairman and Members of National Electric Power Regulatory Authority indicating also the salary allowances and other fringe benefits admissible to them, as provided by NEPRA is at **Annex-A**.

(b) The information in respect of other officers working in the said Authority with province-wise break-up and the amount of monthly salary being paid to them, as provided by NEPRA is at **Annex-B**.

Annexure-A

Sr. #	Name of Chairman/Member	Educational Qualification	Experience	Place of Domicile
1.	Lt. Gen @ Saeed uz Zafar, Chairman	M.Sc. (Hons)	Retired as Lt. General from Pakistan Army	Punjab
2.	Mr. Fazlullah Qureshi, Vice Chairman/Member Sindh	M. A. (Economics)	Former Secretary Planning and Development and Statistics Division, Govt. of Pakistan	Sindh
3.	Mr. Abdul Rahim Khan, Member from N.W. F. P.	B. E. (Electrical) M.Sc. (Energy Management and Policy)	Served WAPDA in Senior Position.	N.W.F. P.
4.	Mr. Nasiruddin Ahmed	M. A. (Economics) Master in Social Sciences (Development Administration) I.L. B.	Former Secretary Cabinet	Balochistan
5.	Member (Punjab) Vacant			

SALARY, ALLOWANCES AND OTHER FRINGE BENEFITS
ADMISSIBLE TO CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS

- i. Substantive Pay (including CPI*): Rs. 75,000/- p.m.
- ii. Allowances:
- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| a. Senior Post Allowance: | Rs. 1000/- p.m. |
| b. Orderly Allowance/Orderly: | Rs. 1900/- p.m. |
| c. Qualification Pay: | Rs. 750/- p.m. |
| d. Entertainment Allowance: | Rs. 650/- p.m. |

Perks include provision of furnished and maintained accommodation, official car with petrol usage upto a limit of 400 liters per month, medical facilities and utilities as per actual usage.

* Consumer's Price Index (CPI) applicable since 1998.

Annex-B

OFFICERS WORKING IN THE AUTHORITY WITH PROVINCE-WISE BREAK-UP AND MONTHLY SALARY

S. #	Name	Designation	NEPRA Salary Grade	DOMICILE					
				Punj ab	Sindh	NWFP	Balochistan	AJK	F F
1.	Mr. Abdul Rashid Kakar	Senior Advisor	NEPRA Executive Grade (NEG-2) (B) Rs.41000-2050-55350						
2	Mr. Mahjoob Ahmad Mirza	Registrar	NEG 1 (B) Rs.41000-2050-55350	✓					
3	Mr. Husnain Zaigam	Director (Licensing)	NEG 1 (B) Rs.41000-2050-55350	✓					
4.	Mr. Naseeb Zaman	Director (Tariff)	NEG 1 (B) Rs.41000-2050-55350						
5	Syed Bashir Ali Shah	Director (Standards)	NEG 1 (B) Rs.41000-2050-55350						
6.	Mr. Muneer A. Sheikh	Director (Standards)	NEG 1 (B) Rs.41000-2050-55350	✓					
7.	Dr. Tehseen F. Choah	Director (HRD & Admin)	NEPRA Professional Grade (NPG-4) (B) Rs. 31000-1650-42550	✓					
8	Mr. Hussain A. Babur	Director (Privatization)	NPG 4 (A) Rs.36000-1800-48600	✓					
9	Syed Insa' Ahmad	Director (Tariff)	NPG 4 (A) Rs.36000-1800-48600	✓					
10	Mr. Amer Zia	Director (CAD & C)	NPG A (B) Rs. 31000-1650-42550	✓					
11	Ms. Ameena Sohail	Legal Advisor	NPG 3 (A) Rs. 26000-1560-36920	✓					
12	Mr. Jamal Sarwar	Economist (Regulatory)	NPG 3 (A) Rs. 26000-1560-36920	✓					
13	Mr. Anwar Malik	Deputy Director (PR & P)	NPG 3 (B) Rs. 22000-1320-31240	✓					

14	Mr. Ashsan Maqbool Malim	Deputy Director (Licensing)	NPG 3 Rs. 22000-1320-31240	✓					
15	Mr. Naweed Illahi Sheikh	Deputy Director (Admin)	NPG 2 (B) Rs. 15000-900-21300		✓ (R)				
16	Mr. Qamar-uz-Zaman	Deputy Director (Finance)	NPG 2 (A) Rs. 18000-1080-25560	✓					
17	Mr. Abdul Gafoor Solangi	Deputy Director (IT)	NPG 2 (A) Rs. 18000-1080-25560		✓ (R)				
18	Mr. Kamran Riaz	Deputy Director	NPG 2 (A) Rs. 18000-1080-25560	✓					
19	Mr. Shakil Ahmad	Assistant Director (IT)	NPG-2 (A) Rs. 18000-1080-25560			✓			
20	Capt @ Shahid Ali Shah	Assistant Director (Transport)	NPG-1(A) Rs. 12000-720-17040			✓			
21	Ms. Noor Fatima	Assistant Director (Coordination)	NPG-1(A) Rs. 12000-720-17040	✓					
22	Mr. Ahmad Nadeem	Assistant Director (Finance)	NPG-2 (A) Rs. 18000-1080-25560	✓					
23	Mr. Aftikhar Ali	Assistant Director/ Library Officer	NPG-2 (A) Rs. 18000-1080-25560			✓			
24	Mr. Rafique Siddiqui	Assistant Director (Record) Lic.	NPG-1 (A) Rs. 12000-720-17040		✓ (R)				
25	Sardar Muhammad Yahya Khan	Assistant Director (Record) Privtz.	NPG-1 (A) Rs. 12000-720-17040				✓		
26	Mr. Safeer Hussain	Assistant Director (Licensing)	NPG-1(B) Rs. 10000-600-14200		✓ (U)				
27	Ms. Sibah Farooq	Assistant Legal Advisor	NPG-1 (B) Rs. 10000-600-14200	✓					

28	Ms. Hummaira Hassan Butt	Assistant Director (Record). Tariff	NPG-1 (B) Rs. 10000-600-14200	✓				
29	Mr. Muhammad Ramzan.	Assistant Director (HR)	NPG-1(B) Rs. 10000-600-14200	✓				
30	Mr. Mughees Ahmad Shaikh	Assistant Director (Record) Registrar	NPG-1(B) Rs. 10000-600-14200		✓ (R)			
31	Mr. Zafarullah Baig	Private Secretary to Chairman	NPG-1(B) Rs. 10000-600-14200	✓				
32	Mr. Muhammad Ilyas	Private Secretary to Member (Tariff)	NPG-1(B) Rs. 10000-600-14200	✓				
33	Mr. Nazir Ahmad Awan	Private Secretary Member (Licensing)	NPG-1(B) Rs. 10000-600-14200				✓	
34	Mr. Abdul Ghafoor	Private Secretary	NPG-1(B) Rs. 10000-600-14200	✓				
35	Mr. Fazal Ahmed Sheikh	Private Secretary/ Sr. Advisor (L)	NPG-1(B) Rs. 10000-600-14200		✓ (R)			

Following Allowance are admissible to the Officers:

- | | | |
|----|----------------------|-------------------|
| a) | House Rent Allowance | @60% of basic pay |
| b) | Conveyance Allowance | @10% of basic pay |
| c) | Utilities Allowance | @30% of basic pay |

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary?

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Next Question No. 21, Prof. Ghafoor

Ahmad.

21. *Prof. Ghafoor Ahmad: (Notice received on 15-02-05 at 9.20 p.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state the amount of donations received in the President's Tsunami Relief Fund from within and outside Pakistan till 15th February, 2005 and the mode of utilization till 15th February, 2005?

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: The amount of donations received in the President's Tsunami Relief Fund from within and outside Pakistan till 28th February, 2005 is Rs. 205.82 million. The Mode of Utilization is that the "Fund will be administered by the Federal Government and the expenditure from this Fund will be incurred under authorization to be made by the Cabinet Division in consultation with the Finance Division (F. A. Organization) and approval of the Prime Minister.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any supplementary?

(شور --- مداخلت)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Next Question No. 22, Syed Hidayatullah

Shah.

22. ***Syed Hidayatullah Shah:** (Notice received on 16-02-05 at 2.15 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) *the number of meetings held by the pay and pension committee so far; and*

(b) *the time by which the committee will submit its report?*

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: (a) The Pay and Pension Committee held ten meetings upto May, 2005.

(b) The Committee has submitted its draft report in the mid of June, 2005.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 23, Syed Murad Ali Shah.

23. ***Syed Murad Ali Shah:** (Notice received on 17-02-05 at 12.05 p.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to refer to the Senate Starred question No. 75 asked on 11th February, 2005 and state the time by which the requisite information will be furnished?

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: Under Rule 3(3), Item No. 10 (17) of Schedule II of Rules of Business, 1973, it is for the Establishment Division to decide on adoption of Urdu as the language for conducting government business in offices. However, Cabinet Division through the National Language Authority has been entrusted the responsibility to consider ways and means to promote Urdu as the national language; to develop dictionaries and translation of official terms/manuals etc., and to impart necessary training for the purpose. The steps taken by NLA/

Cabinet Division are spelt out in Annexure-A. Establishment Division has been since requested to take a decision in the matter, as per Rules of Business.

So far the NLA has published about 200 books on the subjects of Education, Social Sciences and Natural Sciences. Most of these books especially those on the subject of Urdu and Natural Sciences are being used as helping and reference books at College and University levels. NLA has also arranged training of about 5000 Government employees in Urdu drafting and typing work.

It is also important that Urdu should become a Computer language. For this purpose NLA has started a project for machine translation for English to Urdu.

At the same time, for official purposes and international requirements English continues to be used in different Departments of Government of Pakistan.

Annex-A

GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN CABINET SECRETARIAT (CABINET DIVISION)

Subject: *Major Achievements Made by National Language Authority for Adoption of Urdu As an Official Language.*

The National Language Authority functioning under the Administrative Control of the Cabinet Division has made the major achievements for adoption of Urdu as an official language which are listed below:

1. Urdu as Official Language (Daftri Urdu)

- (a) *Publications.*—(1) In order to facilitate adoption of Urdu as official language in Government Offices, NLA has so far published 55 titles. These includes set of 5 books on official Urdu, set of 9 books on official correspondence, set of 4 books on Urdu typing and short hand; set of 3 books on legal and judicial terms as well as books on Financial and Administrative training.
- (2) Reviewed and revised official glossary of "Majlis-e-Zaban - Daftri" comprising 35000 terms. This is being up dated to include almost 100000 more terms. The updated new edition is being published shortly as "Jam-e-Daftri Urdu Lughat", this being a big step towards adoption of Urdu in offices.

- (3) Prepared and published "Urdu Thesaurus", a unique and prestigious publication of NLA, comprising 1000 subjects/Groups of words.
 - (4) Prepared the most renowned dictionary "Qaumi. English Urdu Dictionary" of which 5 editions have been published by NLA and a large and subsidized edition of 40000 copies has been published and distributed among the Government officers through the courtesy of Services Book Club.
- (b) *Training activities.*—(1) Collaborated in training activities with various academic research and educational institutions. These include Allama Iqbal Open University, Ministry of Women Development, Cabinet Division, Education Foundation etc.
- (2) Established 9 training centers in collaboration with the Cabinet Division on the premises of various Ministries/Divisions for on-job training of stenographer/steno-typists. This training programme was later transferred from Cabinet Division to Establishment Division. A total of 3127 officials were trained at these centers.
 - (3) NLA established its own Regional Offices in 1985 at Provincial Headquarters. More than 2000 persons were imparted training in Urdu typing/shorthand. These regional offices have been closed on 30-06-2002 on the recommendations of Rightsizing/Restructuring Committee A proposal for revival of these offices is awaiting, decision of the competent authority in the Cabinet Division.
 - (4) An Urdu course was devised in collaboration with Allama Iqbal Open University for the training of Government Officers. More than 4500 Government officers have completed official correspondence course through the Allama Iqbal Open University.
 - (5) Held training workshops on official Urdu in various departments. These include AGPR Islamabad, CDA Islamabad. Karachi Metropolitan Corporation. Each workshop was attended by 60 to 70 officials of the concerned department
- (c) *Translation.*—1. Translated approximately 53000 pages of official documents. These include translation of almost all Government Rules/Regulations such as Esta-Code, DDO Hand Book, Financial Rules, Secretariat Instructions, various forms used in Ministries/Divisions and Department and voluminous reports sent by various Ministries/Divisions. Urdu translation of Citations, annually sent by Cabinet Division, is a

regular feature of the activities of NLA. Similarly on introduction of new District Government System by the Government, all reports and details on the subject were translated and composed in Urdu by NLA. Recently introduced ACR forms for Government Servants in English/Urdu have been translated by NLA. Similarly District Government are now approaching NLA for conversion of their English documents/forms into Urdu to which NLA is attending to most expeditiously.

- (2) Launched a translation project of Great Books in out of 50 books earmarked for publication under this projects. 25 Books have so far been published. This is an effort on the part of NLA to provide reading material in Urdu language for candidates appealing in competitive examinations also.

(d) *Seminars.*—Held nine national seminars on the following topics.

- (1) Urdu Script, (2) Technical Editing. (3) Translations
- (4) Terminology. (5) Research (6) Pakistani Languages and Dialects,
- (7) Scientific and Technical Terms. (8) National Language and
- (9) Urdu Code Plate for Computers.

(e) *Research Studies.*—Conducted and published 8 research studies on following topics.

- (1) The Language Question.
- (2) Scientific Symbols, National and Numerals.
- (3) Stenographers Typists and Typewriters in Federal Government Offices.
- (4) The National Language and reading habits among Women.
- (5) Peoples Representatives and the National Language.
- (6) Private Educational English-Medium Institutions in Islamabad and Rawalpindi.

(f) *Technical Assistance/Services.*—(1) Provided technical assistance to Urdu newspapers and media agencies to formulate Urdu equivalents for new media-related English terminologies.

- (2) Co-operated and coordinated for promotion of the national language in the field of publication, translation, training and other programmes with the Cabinet Division. Secretariat Training Institute, Ministry of Education. Ministry of Women's Development. Ministry of Information and Broadcasting. AGPR. Allama Iqbal Open University, Karachi University. Punjab University. Bahauddin- Zakria University: Islamic Research Institute. Pakistan National Council of the Arts. Maghrabi Pakistan Urdu Academy, Pakistan Academy of Letters. National Book Council. Centre for Persian Research. Pashto Academy. Sindhi Language Authority, Urdu Science Board. Metropolitan Corporations and Municipal Corporations of various cities. Pakistan Computer Bureau. Computer Society of Pakistan. FAST and number of IT enterprises, Microsoft UNICODE etc.
- (3) Has gone into an agreement with the National Book foundation for sale of NLA's publications through its sales centers set up in various parts of the country. This has provided vast circulation to NLA's Publications and printed work.

3. Urdu as Medium of Instructions (Social Sciences & Natural Sciences)

2. The NLA has published 140 books on the subject of Education. Social Sciences and Natural Sciences. Most of these books especially those on the subject of Urdu and Natural Sciences are being used as helping and reference books at College and University level. The NLA expects that with the setting up of the Federal Urdu University and books would be adopted as Syllabus Books at Graduate and Post Graduate level.
3. The text books include set of 11 books on teaching of Urdu, set of 7 books on Library Science, set of 15 books on Mass Communications, set of 15 books on Biology and set of 16 books on Physics and Chemistry.

4. Judicial Work

4. The NLA has published 28 books on the Judicial System in Pakistan. Its most shining achievement is the translation of the Black's Law Dictionary which was, very enthusiastically received in the legal community.

5. Dictionaries/Translations of Terminologies

5. The NLA has published 80 dictionaries, books of terminologies which have gained enormous popularity amongst scholars.

6. Computer/IT etc.

(1) NLA has developed and standardized "Keyboard" for Urdu Typewriter in 1981 and was got notified in the Gazette of Pakistan to be used by the Private and Public manufactures of manual as well as electric typewriters. This is being used in Urdu Word Processors also.

(2) NLA has developed Keyboard for Urdu Telegraph machines being used presently by Pakistan Post Department.

(3) NLA has developed another Keyboard for use of Urdu in computers/word processors during 2000 and was got approved by the Cabinet Division for notification in the Gazette of Pakistan. This Keyboard is being used presently by NADRA which employs at least 12000 data processors.

(4) NLA has pioneered work on the development of a Code-Plate-for Urdu Computers in 1998. In June 1999, with the combined and co-ordinated efforts of a group of volunteer computer scientists, Urdu linguistics and scholars, Urdu software developers and vendors, NLA was successful in developing an Urdu Code Plate (Urdu Zabita Takhti) for Urdu software and Computer applications on scientists lines. This Code plate was finally got approved by the Chief Executive of Pakistan through Cabinet Division in July 2000 for adoption as a standard Urdu Code Plate for Computer and was notified in the Gazette of Pakistan. The development of standard Urdu Code Plate is a major breakthrough and will bring Urdu at par with other computerized languages of the world. As a result, manufacturers and vendors will be able to produce standardized Urdu software for the Internet, e-Commerce, e-mail, personal computers and word processors. It has paved the way for bringing Urdu language on the global Unicode.

(5) On the basis of development of Urdu Code Plate and to bring the Urdu language on the global Unicode, NLA has obtained corporate membership of the Unicode Consortium during 2001 for which annual fee of US\$12000/- is being paid to the Consortium. In this connection efforts are being made to get space for "Urdu Nastaleeq" script on Unicode.

(6) To avail benefits form the membership of Unicode Consortium and development of Urdu in Computer applications in future. NLA has established an Urdu Informatics. Division in the Authority which is presently pursuing various development projects in Urdu IT and is presently engaged in translating Computer terminologies in 'collaboration with Microsoft Inc., to be ultimately used in Urdu applications in computers. This will, give a major breakthrough to the national language (Urdu) for its computer applications in future and will bring Urdu at par with the developed languages of the world.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

7. Monthly Journal "Akhbar-e-Urdu"

A monthly Urdu Journal "Akhbar-e-Urdu" is being published regularly since 1981. This useful monthly Journal provides news, features and 'articles on developments in the promotion of Urdu, including research on and formulation of new terminologies, use of Urdu computers, use of Urdu outside 'Pakistan, linguistic and cultural links between Urdu and other Pakistani Languages.

Mr. Presiding Officer: No further questions.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Next Question No. 24, Syed Murad Ali Shah Sahib.

24. *Syed Murad Ali Shah: (Notice received on 22-02-05 at 11.15 a.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state:

- (a) *the number of persons affected by snow falling and rain during February, 2005 in NWFP and Balochistan separately; and*
- (b) *the number of deaths due to that calamity and the amount paid by the Government to the bereaved families as compensation with province-wise details?*

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: Information supplied by Government of NWFP and Balochistan involves the following category of affectees:—

(a)	Province	No of Dead	No of injured	Houses/Reportedly collapsed	
				Full	Partial
(i)	NWFP	421	627	28597	102609
(ii)	Balochistan	170	84	Not yet received.	

(b)	Province	No of Deaths	Amount paid as Compensation
(i)	NWFP	421	Rs. 35.7 million paid to legal heirs of 357 deceased persons @ Rs. 100000/- by the Govt. of NWFP under the National Calamities (Prevention and Relief) Act, 1958.
(ii)	Balochistan	170	Cheques worth Rs. 16.2 Million issued by the Federal Govt. in favour of the legal heirs of 162 deceased persons @ 100000/-.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: No supplementaries.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Next Question No. 25, Dr. Muhammad

Said.

25. ***Dr. Muhammad Said:** (Notice received on 22-02-05 at 11.15 p.m.)
Will the Minister for Economic Affairs be pleased to refer to the Senate starred question No. 76 replied on 11th Feburary, 2005 and state the names of examination boards established in the country by the USAID for the development of education sector in the current fiscal year?

Reply not received.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Next Question No. 26, Prof. Muhammad

Ibrahim Khan.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: I repeat, Prof. Muhammad Ibrahim Khan.

26. ***Professor Muhammad Ibrahim Khan:** (Notice received on 22-02-05 at 11.15 a.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state:

- (a) the date on which the Printing Corporation of Pakistan was established;*
- (b) whether it is a fact that NOC is not required for getting official work printed from a private press; and*
- (c) whether it is a fact that the monthly salaries for month January, 2005 have not so far been paid to the employees of the Printing Press of Pakistan, if so, the reasons thereof?*

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: (a) Printing Corporation of Pakistan was established on 01-01-1969.

(b) Yes. Ministries/Divisions/Departments can get the printing work done from private presses on competitive basis under the powers delegated to them by the Finance Division on 30-6-2000. Printing Corporation of Pakistan (PCP) is allowed to obtain work by competing along with others.

(c) No. Monthly salary for the month of January, 2005 has been paid to all the employees of PCP.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: I am glad he is totally satisfied with it.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 27, Prof. Khurshid Ahmed Sahib.

27. *Professor Khurshid Ahmed: (Notice received on 24-02-05)

Will the Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:

- (a) the date on which WTO council was constituted and the number of its meeting held so far;*
- (b) the date on which the Task Force of Parliament was formed and number of its meetings held so far?*

Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan: (a) The Government of Pakistan constituted the WTO Council on 31st August 2000 and reconstituted it on 14th December 2004. The Council has the following members:

S. No.	Name and Designation	
1.	Minister for Commerce	<i>Chairman</i>
2.	Minister for Food and Agriculture	<i>Member</i>
3.	Minister for Health	<i>Member</i>
4.	Minister for Science and Technology	<i>Member</i>
5.	Minister for Environment	<i>Member</i>
6.	Minister for Industries, Production and Special Initiatives	<i>Member</i>
7.	Minister for Labour	<i>Member</i>
8.	Minister for Textile Industry	<i>Member</i>
9.	Minister for Communications	<i>Member</i>
10.	Minister for Ports and Shipping	<i>Member</i>
11.	Minister for Local Government and Rural Development	<i>Member</i>
12.	Minister of State for Commerce	<i>Member</i>
13.	Minister of State for Finance	<i>Member</i>
14.	Minister of State for Economic affairs Division	<i>Member</i>
15.	Chairman Central Board of Revenue	<i>Member</i>
16.	Governor State Bank of Pakistan	<i>Member</i>
17.	Deputy Chairman, Planning Commission	<i>Member</i>
18.	Secretary Commerce	<i>Member</i>
19.	Secretary Labour	<i>Member</i>
20.	Secretary Textile Industry	<i>Member</i>
21.	Secretary Communication	<i>Member</i>
22.	Secretary Ports and Shipping	<i>Member</i>
23.	Secretary Industries, Production and Special Initiatives	<i>Member</i>
24.	Secretary Food and Agriculture	<i>Member</i>
25.	Secretary Science and Technology	<i>Member</i>
26.	Chairman National Tariff Commission	<i>Member</i>
27.	Additional Secretary (EC Coordination), Ministry of Foreign Affairs.	<i>Member</i>
28.	Joint Secretary (WTO), Ministry of Commerce	<i>Member/ Secretary</i>

2. Three meetings of the WTO Council have been held so far as given

below:

- (i) 30th July 2001.
- (ii) 3rd September, 2003.
- (iii) 22nd March 2005.

(b) The Government of Pakistan constituted the Task Force of Parliament of Pakistan on WTO Issues on 11th September 2003 and reconstituted it on 30th November 2004. The Task Force has the following members:

S. No.	Name and Designation	
1.	Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan, Minister for Commerce	<i>Chairman</i>
2.	Mr. Hamid Yar Hiraj, Minister of State for Commerce	<i>Member</i>
3.	Mir Muhammad Naseer Mengal, Minister of State for Petroleum and Natural Resources	<i>Member</i>
4.	Syed Dilawar Abbas, Senator	<i>Member</i>
5.	Mr. Asfandiyar Wali, Senator	<i>Member</i>
6.	Dr. Nighat Agha, Senator	<i>Member</i>
7.	Syed Naveed Qamar, MNA	<i>Member</i>
8.	Dr. Farooq Sattar, MNA	<i>Member</i>
9.	Sardar Saleem Jan Mazari, MNA	<i>Member</i>
10.	Mr. Liaqat Baluch, MNA	<i>Member</i>
11.	Ch. Imranullah, MNA	<i>Member</i>
12.	Mr. Muhammad Pervaiz Malik, MNA	<i>Member</i>
13.	Sardar Jaffar Khan Leghari, MNA	<i>Member</i>
14.	Malik Zaheer Abbas Khokhar, MNA	<i>Member</i>
15.	Alsayed Abdul Qadir Jamaluddin Al-Gillani, MNA	<i>Member</i>
16.	Mr. Sher Akbar Khan, MNA	<i>Member</i>
17.	Dr. Donya Aziz, MNA	<i>Member</i>

18.	Ch. Haroon Qaiser, MNA	<i>Member</i>
19.	Ms. Kashmala Tariq, MNA	<i>Member</i>
20.	Mr. Ilyas Bilour, Senator	<i>Member</i>
21.	Mr. Farooq Amjad Meer, MNA	<i>Member</i>

2. One meeting of the Task Force of the Parliament has been held so far on 10th October 2003.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 28, Mr. Ilyas Ahmed Bilour.

I will repeat, Mr. Ilyas Ahmed Bilour.

28. *Mr. Ilyas Ahmad Bilour: (Notice received on 01-03-05 at 12.30 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Economic Affairs be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Pakistan's external debt liabilities have increased to 36.7 billion dollars as of December, 2004; and*
- (b) whether it is also a fact that during December, 2004 our domestic debt has increased to Rs. two trillion; if so, its reasons?*

Miss Hina Rabbani Khar: (a) Although the amount of Pakistan's external debt liabilities have increased from US\$ 35.3 billion at end June 2004 to US\$ 36.7 billion by end December 2004, yet the burden of the debt has declined as the stock of external debt liabilities as percentage of full year GDP has declined from 37.2 percent in end June 2004 to 34.6 percent on end December 2004. Similarly, the stock of external debt liabilities as percentage of estimated full year foreign exchange earnings was down from 164.8 percent at end June 2004 to around 143 percent on end December 2004. Hence the country's debt burden is on a solid downward footing and is fast approaching sustainable level. In June 2004, Pakistan's external debt and liabilities have further come down to US\$ 35.8 billion.

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: (b) Yes, our domestic debt in December 2004 stood at Rs. 2033 billion which was 2.9 percent higher than end June 2004. Its reason is very simple: as long as there is a budget deficit, this revenue-expenditure gap has to be bridged through borrowing from domestic and external sources. To the extent the government borrows from domestic sources to bridge this gap, the domestic debt, by definition, will rise.

Debt in itself is not undesirable; rather its burden is bad for the country. The burden of domestic debt is measured as percentage of GDP. Domestic debt as percentage of GDP in end-June 2000 was 41.5 percent; it declined to 33 percent by end-December, 2004.

Mr. Presiding Officer: No supplementary. Question No. 29, Mrs. Mumtaz Bibi.

29. *Mrs. Mumtaz Bibi: (Notice received on 08-03-05 at 11.30 a.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that service record of some officers drawing pay and allowances through the GA-III section of AGPR. Islamabad is not upto date;

(b) if the answer to 'a' above is in affirmative, the names, designation and department of the officers and the steps being taken for completion of their service record?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: (a) No. The record of GA-III Section of AGPR is updated.

(b) N.A.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 30, Mr. Rehmatullah Kaker Advocate.

30. *Mr. Rehmatullah Kaker Advocate: (Notice received on 12-03-05 at 2.25 p.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state whether it is a fact that the E-mail and telephones of the Parliamentarians are scanned and bugged, if so, its reasons?

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: Cabinet Division has not authorized any agency or individual for scanning/bugging E-Mails/Telephones of Parliamentarians.

(Vocies: No, no, no)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 31, Mr. Rehmatullah Kaker Advocate.

31. *Mr. Rehmatullah Kaker Advocate: (Notice received on 12-03-05 at 2.40 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state whether there is any proposal under consideration of the government to legalize the non-customs duty paid vehicles in the country, if so, when?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: No proposal is under active consideration at present.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 32, Dr. Kauser Firdaus.

32. ^{Kauser} *Dr. Firdaus: (Notice received on 26-03-05 at 12.24 p.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state the number of C.N.G. stations established in the country from 2002 to 2004 with province-wise and district-wise break up?

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: As per OGRA's report a total number of 399 CNG Stations were established in the country from January 2002 to December 2004. The Province wise and District wise breakup of the said CNG Stations is at Annexure.

ANNEXURE

ESTABLISHED/ OPERATIONAL CNG STATIONS DURING THE YEARS 2002-2004

District/ Province	Jan-Dec 2002	Jan-Dec 2003	Jan-Dec 2004
Islamabad	2	2	6
Rawalpindi	22	15	21
Attock	1	0	2
Gujjar /khan	2	2	5
Jhelum	0	0	0
Chakwal	0	1	1
Gujrat	1	0	2
Kharlan	2	0	0
Sialkot	0	0	10
Gujranwala	2	2	6
Lahore	16	27	19
Sheikhupura	1	2	4
Faisal Abad	3	4	4
Jhang	0	0	0
Sargodha	0	3	6
Hafiz abad	1	2	0
Multan	4	2	1
Khanewal	0	0	3
DG Khan	0	1	1
Okara	1	2	3
Sahiwal	2	0	5
Bahawalpur	0	0	0
Rahim yar Khan	1	0	2
Punjab (Total)	61	65	101
Karachi	25	24	19
Hyderabad	2	4	4
Thatta	0	0	1
Mirpur Khas	0	0	3
Sukkur	0	1	0
Sindh (Total)	27	29	27
Peshawar	6	19	18
Charsadda	1	1	1
Nowshera	3	2	2
Kohat	4	1	2
Mansehra	3	3	3
Abbottabad	1	1	4
Haripur	1	5	2
Mardan	1	1	1
Swat	0	0	3
NWFP (Total)	20	33	36
Quetta	0	0	0
Baluchistan (Total)	0	0	0
Total Established CNG Stations	108	127	164

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 33, Dr. Kauser Firdaus.

33. *Dr. Kauser Firdaus: (Notice received on 26-03-05 at 12.24 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Population Welfare be pleased to state:

- (a) *the number of family welfare centers in the country; and*
- (b) *the number of persons working in the said centers?*

Chaudhry Shahbaz Hussain: (a) There are 2206 Family Welfare Centres located throughout the country; and

(b) Each centre comprises a staff of five persons as per following details:

S #	Designation	BPS	No.
1.	Family Welfare Worker/Counsellor	9/11	01
2.	Family Welfare Assistant (Female)	5	01
3.	Family Welfare Assistant (Male)	5	01
4.	Female Helper/Aya	1	01
5.	Chowkidar	1	01

In view of the above, there are around 11,000 persons working in the said 2206 Centres.

(Interruption)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 34, Mr. Muhammad Enver Baig.

34. *Mr. Muhammad Enver Baig: (Notice received on 02-04-05 at 12.45 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state the mechanism available to control/monitor stock exchanges activities by the securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) controls/monitors stock exchange activities as follows:

- (i) The SECP performs the oversight function for the capital markets by monitoring and regulating activities of the stock exchanges by

administering various securities and corporate laws (Securities and Exchange Ordinance, 1969 and Rules made there under and Companies Ordinance, 1984 and Rules made there under) and by issuing directives to the exchanges.

- (ii) The Commission regulates primary as well as secondary market activities and monitors financial intermediaries with the objective of protecting investors through registration, regulation, surveillance, investigation, and enforcement.
- (iii) The SECP institutes appropriate regulatory reforms to develop the market, ensuring transparency, effective risk management and good governance at the stock and strengthen investor confidence.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No.35, Mr. Hameed Ullah Jan.

35. *Mr. Hameed Ullah Jan Afridi: (Notice received on 10-05-05 at 2.45 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state:

- (a) *the number of posts in grade 16 and 17 in income tax group with grade-wise breakup; and*
- (b) *the number of the said posts presently lying vacant indicating also the number of posts to be filled in by promotion and through direct recruitment, separately, with grade-wise break up and the time by which these posts will be filled in?*

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: The number of posts in grade 16 and 17 in Income Tax Group with grade-wise breakup are as under;

- (i) BS-16 = 266
- (ii) BS-17 = 344

(b)	Grade	Posts lying vacant	Promotion	Direct
	16	58	—	58
	FPSC has already forwarded remaining 16 nominations of Income Tax Officers (BS-16), who had qualified Competitive Examination held for the purpose against requisition earlier placed with them. However, filling of the remaining 42 posts is contingent upon determination of exact future requirements as a result of restructuring.			

The requisition for recruitment to these posts through Competitive Examination 2004 was sent to FPSC. Establishment Division has conveyed a copy of Press Note indicating names of 40 candidates who have been allocated to Income Tax Group as a result of above Exam.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 36, Syed Hidayatullah Shah.

36. *Syed Hidayatullah Shah: (Notice received on 12-05-05 at 12.50 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to provide PLS account holders of Commercial Banks the option to waive interest on their deposits, if so, when?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: PLS accounts maintained at commercial banks are being operated on the basis of sharing of profit and loss. Therefore, the question of waiver of interest does not arise.

(Interruption)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 37, Professor Khurshid

Ahmed.

37. *Professor Khurshid Ahmed: (Notice received on 14-05-05)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state:

(a) *whether there is any difference between the definition of SME used by SMEDA (Small and Medium Enterprise Development Authority) and the State Bank of Pakistan;*

(b) *the number of SMEs in the country in 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004;*

(c) *the credit requirements of SMEs, and its percentage met by banking sector during the said period; and*

(d) *the steps taken by the Government to provide enough credit to SMEs?*

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: (a) The two definitions are given in the following table. It may be seen that these two definitions broadly differ on two counts: (1) number of employees in the firm, (2) Asset size of the firm. However, it may be noted that the SBP definition widely covers all the elements of SMEDA's definition as it has been devised to make the broader spectrum of SME eligible for bank financing.

SBP Definition	SMEDA Definition Small:
Small and medium Enterprise (SME means an entity, ideally not a public limited company, which does not employ more than 250 persons (if it is manufacturing/ services concern) and 50 persons (if it is trading concerns) and also fulfills the following criteria of either 'a' and 'c' or 'b' and 'c' as relevant:	Small: 10—35 Employees or productive assets of Rs. 2—20 million.
(a) A trading/service concern with total assets at cost excluding land and building up to Rs. 50 million. (b) A manufacturing concern with total assets at cost excluding land and building up to Rs. 100 million. (c) Any concern (trading, service or manufacturing) with net sales not exceeding Rs. 300 million as per latest financial statements.	Medium: 36—99 employees or Productive assets of Rs. 20—40 million.

(b) *Number of SMEs.*—The Federal Bureau of Statistics (FBS) conducted an Economic Census in 1988, which indicates the following figures for the period:

Employment Size	No. of Establishments	Percentage
1 Person	1,181,369	58.51%
2—4 Persons	693,125	34.33%
5—9 Persons	87,303	4.33%
10—19 Persons	34,992	1.73%
20—49 Persons	14,907	0.74%
50—99 Persons	3,920	0.19%
100—999 Persons	3175	0.16%
1000 and more persons	195	0.01%
Total:	2,018,986	100%

FBS has again recently conducted an Economic Census in 2003-2004, the results of which are being compiled. According to information received, it is estimated that there are 3.2 million establishments in the period it. It is also stated that 99% the businesses employ less than 99 employees.

(c) There is no good estimate available regarding the credit requirements of the SMEs. However, the SMEs share in the total bank credit stands at 17.5% (Rs. 284 billion) as of December 2004. This shows 67% increases since December, 2002.

(d) State Bank of Pakistan has provided SMEs with access to credit by implementing a separate set of Prudential Regulations for Financial Institutions for SMEs financing, which became effective on January 1, 2004. Through these regulations SBP clearly:

- (i) Encourages Financial Institutions to practice case flow based lending to SMEs.

- (ii) Encourages Financial Institutions to develop Programme Lending Schemes for SMEs.
- (iii) Allows clean lending to SMEs for up to PKR 3 million.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 38, Dr. Kauser Firdaus.

38. ***Dr. Kauser Firdaus:** (Notice received on 16-05-05) at 11.15 a.m.

Will the Minister for Economic Affairs be pleased to state the extent of grant received from donor countries for education sector in the country during the last two years indicating also the names of the countries concerned, the amount received from each country and its utilization?

Miss. Hina Rabbani Khar: The economic Affairs Division is concerned only with the disbursement of foreign grants for projects while details of utilization of such funds are being dealt by the concerned Ministry/Division/Departments.

During the last two years (i.e. 2003-2004 and 2004-2005), the total amount of external grant received (disbursed) in Education sector amounted US\$ 61.920 million. Country/Agency-wise detail is at Annex-I.

**Disbursement of Project Grants
(Education Sector)
During 2003-04 TO 2004-05**

Annex-I

Group	Country / Agency	Disbursement During		Grand Total
		2003-04	2004-05 (P)	
Bilateral	CANADA	0.079	0.289	0.368
	GERMANY	0.000	0.368	0.368
	NORWAY	2.588	1.466	4.054
	UK	0.038	0.304	0.342
	USA	13.350	24.999	38.349
Bilateral Total		16.055	27.426	43.481
Multilateral	EU	3.654	8.178	11.832
	IDA	0.050	0.000	0.050
	UNFPA	0.205	0.021	0.226
	WFP	3.444	2.887	6.331
Multilateral Total		7.353	11.086	18.439
Grand Total		23.408	38.512	61.920

P = (Provisional)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 39, Professor Khurshid

Ahmed.

39. *Professor Khurshid Ahmed: (Notice received on 19-05-05) at 11.07 a.m.

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state the findings of the Investigation Committee formed under the Chairmanship of Justice (Retd.) Salim Akhtar on the Stock Market scam and the action taken by the Government in this respect?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: Summary of the observations/recommendations of the Task Force and actions taken by SECP thereon is attached in Annexure-I.

Annexure-I

Recommendations of the Task Force and Actions taken by the SECP thereon:

S. No	Observations of the Task Force	Action Taken by the SECP
1	Insider Trading Case	After conducting a detailed investigation and hearings, order has been passed by the SECP, penalizing the brokerage house involved in Insider trading and violation of the code of conduct.
2	Potential Manipulation by Badla providers	Preliminary investigation initiated
3	Wash Trades practices	Show cause-Notices to the top 20 brokers in terms of highest number of such trades were issued and initial hearings conducted. Orders in 9 cases already issued. Rest to follow.
4	Group/ Benami Accounts	Even before March 2005, the SECP was mindful of this constraint, and had commenced all out efforts to eliminate this practice. The SECP has already successfully abolished group accounts on April 30, 2005.
5	Circuit Breakers	SECP realizing that the circuit breaker should be in line with the historic volatility in the market took the initiative of presenting an alternative to the circuit breakers. SECP designed and sent proposal of the mechanism to the Exchanges, but the response was not positive. SECP has, therefore, decided to give the Exchanges a time bound plan to implement new proposal failing which SECP will implement the same by a directive to the Exchanges.

6	COT (Badla) Phase out:	Pursuant to the requests of various stake holders, Exchanges, Brokers and small investors, and based on the fact that margin financing had not been developed to the desired level, SECP initially suspended the phase out of COT but capped total Badla investment at Rs 12 billion. On 19th August, 2005 COT was abolished in its place Continuous Funding System (CFS) has been instituted, with adequate safeguards to ensure that it is free of the various shortcomings of Badla Financing. CFS will provide upto Rs.25 billion for funding for 14 scrips, besides Margin Financing. The SECP is working with stakeholders to facilitate a smooth transition to alternative modes of leverage buying such as futures and margin financing.
7	Pre-Trade verification	Pre-Trade verification system is already present at LSE and ISE. KSE is being pursued to implement the same system. In its Directive dated March 4, 2005 SECP directed the KSE to implement a Pre-Trade verification system by 15th April 2005. In a letter dated March 17, 2005 the management of KSE conveyed to SECP the request of the board for extension in the date of implementation of this system to May 15, 2005. Yet on 1st June, SECP was informed that the system has not been implemented and that it will be in place by July 4, 2005. However to date no progress has been made in the issue. SECP considering the failure of KSE in this regard has decided to give the Exchanges a final time line to implement the system and will closely monitor development of the required system. In case, KSE fails to do so, appropriate action will be taken by SECP against the Exchange to ensure implementation of effective risk management.
8	Value-at-Risk Model (VaR)	Value at Risk is an internationally tested and practiced methodology for calculations of margins. SECP has been insistent that this method be introduced. Some work was done by the Exchange but never followed on. We have been informed that KSE is hiring a consultant for this purpose, and that work will resume very soon. SECP has decided to closely monitor progress on the issue, and to issue a time bound plan for the implementation of VaR system. In case the Exchanges fail to do so, SECP will have to become more "frontline" and implement the same system by itself.
9	Initial Public Offerings (IPO)	The SECP has appointed an International consultant to study and make recommendations in the area. Recommendations are expected shortly. The SECP will take up the issue with the Privatization Commission after the report and recommendation of the consultant is received.

10.	Proprietary trading rules	The responsibility of making and enforcing Proprietary trading rules was originally the responsibility of the front line regulators but since the KSE failed to do so SECP decided to undertake the same itself. Realizing certain weaknesses in the rules SECP has instructed the Exchanges to re-write the proprietary trading rules. The Exchanges responded by requesting SECP to review these rules itself. SECP is currently reviewing these rules and revised rules will be issued shortly.
11.	Monitoring and Surveillance	As per the recommendations of the earlier report and the International best practices, each Exchange now has a separate monitoring and Surveillance Wing. These departments need to be further strengthened. SECP itself is procuring surveillance and monitoring system which has been adopted by many developed stock exchanges. Since the development of properly functioning surveillance set up is imperative for investor protection and detection of market abuse, and since the performance of the Exchanges in the area has been slower than desired, the SECP has decided to instruct the Exchanges to make developments in the area within a specified time failing which appropriate actions will be taken by SECP itself.
12.	Capital Adequacy of Brokers	SECP had appointed an International Expert in the area to conduct a study and make his recommendations for strengthening of the capital adequacy regime in Pakistan's Stock markets. The consultant has submitted his report and recommended a time bound action plan. SECP is taking steps to implement the same.
13.	Disclosures in Futures market	SECP as per the recommendations of the report has taken steps to make the futures market more transparent. After looking at various practices from various jurisdictions, the Exchanges were instructed to disseminate through the Exchange website, names of the top Members in terms of open interest in futures without indicating whether the open interest is that of sale or purchase.
14.	Free Float Index	This falls in the purview of the Exchanges. SECP has, however, been informed that work is on going in this regard and is in its final phases.
15.	Redesigning of Futures Contract.	SECP is in contact with the Exchanges. In light of the recommendations of the report as well as the International experts appointed by SECP, Futures contracts will soon be redesigned inline with the international best practices.
16.	Market Transaction Data Warehouse	Falls in the purview of the Exchanges.

(Interruption)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 40, Mrs. Tahira Latif.

40. *Mrs. Tahira Latif : (Notice received on 23-05-05) at 12.05 p.m.

Will the Minister for Incharge of the Establishment Division be pleased to state the number of officers in BS 19—22 presently working as OSD, indicating grade-wise break-up?

Minister Incharge of the Establishment Division: The total number of officers in BS 19 to 22, posted as OSD's is 36. A list indicating the grade-wise break-up is placed at Annex-I.

ANNEXURE-I

As on 10.09.2005

LIST OF OFFICERS POSTED AS OFFICERS ON SPECIAL DUTY IN ESTABLISHMENT DIVISION.

Sl.No.	Name of Officer	Group	BPS	Date of Posting as OSDs.	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(6)	(7)

BS-22

1.	Dr. Shaikh Aleem Mahmud	- do -	22	05.05.2005	-
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BS-21

1.	Mr. Zafar Ahmad	Sectt. Group	21	11.01.2005	-
2.	Mr. Mehmood Saleem Mehmood	Income Tax Group	21	13.06.2005	-
3.	Mr. Muhammad Sharif	D.M.G.	21	06.10.2004	-
4.	Mr. Gulzar Khan	- do -	21	01.11.2004	-
5.	Dr. Shahzad Qaiser	- do -	21	14.06.2005	-
6.	Maj. © Mian Zaheer Ahmed	P.S.P.	21	04.05.2005	-
7.	Maj. © Mushtaq Ahmed	- do -	21	13.10.1999	Under suspension
8.	Mr. Sa'ad Sharif	- do -	21	01.07.2005	-

BS-20

1.	Mrs. Nighat Parveen	Sectt. Group	20	08.11.2002	-
2	Col.® Muhammad Javaid Noor	- do -	20	17.01.2005	-
3	Mr. Muhammad Ali Afridi	- do -	20	11.07.2005	-
4	Ms. Nargis Ghaloo	D.M.G.	20	26.03.2005	-
5	Rana Naseem Ahmed	- do -	20	12.12.2003	On long leave
6	Mr. Farooq Ahmed Khan	- do -	20	10.05.2003	On long leave
7	Mr. Zahid Mahmood	P.S.P.	20	07.06.2005	-
8	Mr. Saleemullah Khan	- do -	20	10.07.2004	-
9	Mr. Pervaiz Akram	- do -	20	07.04.2005	-
10	Maj.® Faqir Zia Masoom	- do -	20	19.08.2004	-
11	Mr. Muhammad Arshad Saeed	- do -	20	13.06.2004	-
12	Rafi Ahmed Pervez Bhatti	-do-	20	7-8-2005	-

BS-19

1.	Mr. Haseeb Athar	D.M.G.	19	19.03.2002	On long leave
2	Malik Tahir Sarfraz Awan	- do -	19	06.10.2004	-
3	Mr. Muhammad Azhar Rauf	- do -	19	09.09.2004	On long leave
4	Mr. Sohail Ahmed Durrani	P.S.P.	19	11.07.2003	On long leave
5	Capt.® Ahmed Latif	- do -	19	26.10.2003	On U.N. Mission
6	Mr. Muhammad Amlish	- do -	19	23.02.2004	On long leave
7	Mr. Maqsood Ahmed Khichi	- do -	19	11.11.2003	-
8	Mr. Nisar Ahmed	- do -	19	09.10.2004	Under suspension
9	Mr.M. Afzal Malik	-do-	19	9-12-2004	Long leave
10	Mr. Shah Nawaz Mahesar	Sectt. Group	19	01.09.1999	Under suspension
11	Mr. Iftikhar Ahmed Cheema	- do -	19	29.08.2002	-
12	Mr. Muhammad Tufail Mughal	- do -	19	14.05.2005	-
13	Syed Kamal Raza Naqvi	-do-	19	21-7-2005	-
14	Suleman Shah Afridi	-do-	19	1-8-2005	-
15	Noor Din Sheikh	-do-	19	25-8-2005	-

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 41, Bibi Yasmeen Shah.

41. *Bibi Yasmeen Shah: (Notice received on 31-5-05 p.m.)

Will the Minister for Finance and Revenue be pleased to state whether there is any proposal under consideration of the government to shift regional offices of ZTBL from Thatta to Karachi, Badin to Hyderabad and also from other districts in Sindh, if so, its reasons?

Mr. Omar Ayub Khan: ZTBL is undergoing a restructuring process which will include reorganization of field offices with a view to strengthening the operation of the Branches, reduce costs and facilitate the lending process. No final decision on the shifting of any regional office has been taken so far.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Question No. 42, Mrs. Razina Alam Khan.

42. *Mrs. Razina Alam Khan: (Notice received on 04-06-05 at 10.30 a.m.)

Will the Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division be pleased to state whether there is any proposal under consideration of the Government to establish an "Emergency Relief Force" to deal with natural calamities like floods, hurricanes, earthquakes etc. in the country, if so, when?

Minister Incharge of the Cabinet Division: There is no proposal under consideration of the Government to establish an "Emergency Relief Force" to deal with natural calamities like floods, hurricanes, earthquakes, etc. in the country.

(Interruption)

Mr. Presiding Officer: Any Supplementary question? Mr.

Muhammad Akram, yes please.

سینیٹر محمد اکرم: جناب! انہوں نے جواب دیا ہے کہ اس قسم کی کوئی proposal under consideration نہیں ہے۔ میرا ضمنی سوال یہ ہے کہ کیا کوئی ایسا نظام already قائم ہے اور اگر نہیں ہے تو حکومت اس بارے میں کیا سوچ رہی ہے؟ میں سمجھتا ہوں کہ اس سوال کا یہ جواب مکمل نہیں ہے۔

جناب پریذائیڈنگ آفیسر: جی کون جواب دیں گے؟

(Interruption)

supplementary جناب بابر خان غوری: جناب والا! ہمارے رکن نے جو
 question کیا ہے، ان کے سوال کا جواب تو بتا دیا گیا ہے لیکن انہوں نے جو further
 proposal کے بارے میں پوچھا ہے اس کے لئے fresh question دیں تو ہم ان کو بتا دیں
 گے۔ شکریہ۔

Mr. Presiding Officer: Q. No. 44 Mr. Muhammad Akram.

44. *Mr. Muhammad Akram: (Notice received on 18-06-05 at 9.00 a.m.)

Will the Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:

(a) *the names of countries where Pakistan has posted commercial attaches/counsellors; and*

(b) *the volume of Pakistani trade with the said countries during the last two years?*

Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan: (a) The names of the countries where Pakistan has posted commercial officers are given on Annex-I.

(b) The Volume of Pakistan's Trade with these countries is given on Annex-II.

ANNEXURE-I

PAKISTAN TRADE OFFICES UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROL OF
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE, ISLAMABAD

<u>SR NO.</u>	<u>NAME OF COUNTRY</u>
1.	AUSTRALIA (SYDNEY)
2.	AFGHANISTAN (02) (KABUL & KANDAHAR)
3.	BANGLADESH (DHAKA)
4.	BELGIUM (BRUSSELS)
5.	CANADA (MONTREAL)
6.	CHINA (03) (BEIJING, HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI)
7.	DUBAI (UAE)
8.	GERMANY (FRANKFURT)
9.	FRANCE (PARIS)
10.	IRAN (TEHRAN)

11.	ITALY (ROME)
12.	JAPAN (TOKYO)
13.	KENYA (NAIROBI)
14.	MALAYSIA (KUALALUMPUR)
15.	MEXICO (MEXICO CITY)
16.	NETHERLANDS (THE HAGUE)
17.	SAUDI ARABIA (JEDDAH)
18.	SOUTH KOREA (SEOUL)
19.	SPAIN (MADRID)
20.	SOUTH AFRICA (JOHANNESBURG)
21.	SWEDEN (STOCKHOLM)
22.	SWITZERLAND (GENEVA)
23.	THAILAND (BANGKOK)
24.	TURKEY (ISTANBUL)
25.	UNITED KINGDOM (LONDON)
26.	U.S.A. (03) WASHINGTON, LOS ANGELES & NEW YORK
27.	UZBEKISTAN (TASHKANT)
28.	BRAZIL (SAO PAULO)
29.	RUSSIA (MOSCOW)
30.	INDIA (NEW DELHI)
31.	POLAND (WARSAW)
32.	KAZAKHISTAN (ALMATY)
Total	37 Offices in 32 Countries (USA 3 China 3 & Afghanistan 2 Offices)

Annex-II

PAKISTAN'S TRADE OFFICES ESTABLISHED ABROAD

Sr.	Name of Countries having Pakistan's Trade Office	2002-03			2003-04			2004-05 (Jul-Feb)		
		Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Exports	Imports	Total Trade	Exports	Imports	Total Trade
1.	AUSTRALIA	120.2	190.7	310.9	130.2	307.6	437.8	74.5	318.8	393.3
2.	AFGHANISTAN	315.7	34.8	350.5	492.9	47.4	540.3	307.1	20.0	327.1
3.	BANGLADESH	114.4	32.7	147.1	195.0	45.9	240.9	130.2	33.0	163.2
4.	BELGIUM	239.6	295.1	534.7	262.4	262.0	524.4	134.5	76.3	210.9

5	BRAZIL	4.8	16.6	21.4	5.0	33.6	38.6	5.6	91.0	96.5
6	CANADA	205.9	121.5	327.4	181.6	205.5	387.1	122.7	134.7	257.4
7	CHINA	244.6	839.1	1083.7	288.3	1153.5	1441.8	206.7	1113.4	1320.1
	HONG KONG	516.8	157.9	674.7	582.2	146.2	728.4	368.7	41.4	410.0
8	DUBAI	1006.5	1027.2	2033.7	893.9	1231.5	2125.4	137.2	33.1	170.3
9	FRANCE	291.3	161.8	453.1	338.7	160.6	499.3	242.1	118.8	360.9
10	GERMANY	579.8	562.5	1142.3	606.7	611.8	1218.5	436.4	492.2	928.6
11	INDIA	70.7	166.5	237.2	93.7	382.4	476.1	149.4	297.2	446.0
12	IRAN	63.2	303.3	366.5	92.4	283.9	376.3	76.5	130.4	206.9
13	ITALY	341.2	257.9	599.1	454.0	312.6	766.6	368.4	227.6	596.0
14	JAPAN	142.1	804.2	946.3	134.8	936.3	1071.1	113.8	903.4	1017.2
15	KENYA	112.2	135.2	247.4	59.9	142.8	202.7	39.0	106.5	145.8
16	KOREA Republic of	219.1	337.1	556.2	220.1	380.5	600.6	112.8	315.9	428.7
17	MALAYSIA	78.5	567.1	645.6	83.5	602.5	686.0	43.1	448.3	491.4
18	MEXICO	50.0	7.1	57.1	53.1	5.9	59.0	39.3	5.1	44.4
19	NETHERLANDS	286.9	194.0	480.9	335.2	220.4	555.6	213.6	84.7	297.7
20	RUSSIA	10.3	50.2	60.5	20.5	134.0	154.5	27.7	180.9	208.6
21	SAUDI ARABIA	476.8	1302.1	1778.9	348.5	1778.7	2127.2	228.8	1494.2	1723.0
22	POLAND	24.0	7.2	31.2	30.6	9.8	40.4	24.9	29.4	54.3
23	SPAIN	228.8	56.2	285.0	301.4	78.9	380.3	211.3	46.0	257.4
24	SOUTH AFRICA	111.5	56.6	168.1	122.4	98.4	220.8	107.6	71.7	179.3
25	SWEDEN	58.4	39.5	97.9	71.5	67.4	138.9	52.6	93.5	146.1
26	SWITZERLAND	20.7	189.6	210.3	31.4	330.4	361.8	15.9	237.5	253.4
27	THAILAND	59.7	228.1	287.8	63.3	269.2	332.5	43.7	256.6	300.3
28	TURKEY	146.3	125.0	271.3	218.8	77.9	296.7	156.4	51.3	207.7
29	UNITED KINGDOM	788.0	356.2	1144.2	940.7	438.2	1378.9	583.3	297.6	880.9
30	U.S.A.	2616.9	735.9	3352.8	2943.4	1326.9	4270.3	2142.4	1046.6	3188.9
31	UZBEKISTAN	6.2	1.1	7.3	3.2	5.2	8.4	1.9	2.9	4.8
32	KAZAKISTAN	10.3	0.0	10.3	9.0	0.3	9.3	7.2	0.8	8.0
TOTAL		9,561.4	9,360.0	18,921.4	10,608.3	12,088.2	22,696.5	6,924.6	8,801.2	15,725.8

Mr. Presiding Officer: No supplementary. Question Hour is being over. The remaining Questions and their Answers be placed on the table of the House.

45. ***Mr. Muhammad Akram:** (Notice received on 18-06-05 at 9.00 a.m.)

Will the Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:

- (a) *the names of food items imported during the last two years indicating their respective worth;*
- (b) *the names of the countries from where the said items were imported;*
- (c) *whether quality test of such items is carried out before marketing the same, if not, its reasons?*

Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan: (a) Food items imported during the fiscal years 2002-2003 and 2003-2004 are at Annex-I.

(b) The names of the countries from where these food items have been imported are at Annex-II.

(c) Yes, quality tests are carried out before marketing the same.

(Annexures have been placed on the Table of the House as well as Library).

46. ***Mr. Muhammad Akram:** (Notice received on 18-06-05 at 9.00 a.m.)

Will the Minister for Commerce be pleased to state:

- (a) *the value of Pakistani imports and exports during the current fiscal year;*
- (b) *the steps being taken by the Government to improve the balance of trade?*

+ Question hour is being over. The remaining questions and their answers be placed on the table of the House.

Mr. Humayun Akhtar Khan: (a) The value of Pakistan's imports during the fiscal year 2004-2005 amounted to US\$ 20.623 billion and the value of exports amounted to US\$ 14.410 billion.

(b) Government had taken the following steps to improve the balance of trade by increasing exports:

- * Government of Pakistan has launched a massive market access drive for export promotion.
- * Mega Exhibition namely Expo-Pakistan was held in Karachi from 2nd to 5th February, 2005 to show case Pakistan's export strength *inter alia* to major buying houses of the world.
- * Supporting and strengthening the local production bases to generate exportable surpluses.
- * Reactivation of commercial offices abroad including India, Russia and Poland etc. where these offices had been closed for quite some time.
- * Arranging exhibitions at national level and abroad, holding seminars, sending trade delegations abroad and inviting foreign businessmen to Pakistan, facilitating exporters through freight subsidy, creating new international markets and expanding existing international markets through Commercial Counsellors.
- * Capacity building of exporting entrepreneurs in market connectivity, competitiveness and compliance of buyer's demands etc.
- * Organizing Regional conferences of envoys/commercial officers to strengthen our trade diplomacy.

Mr. Presiding Officer: Now we come to item No. 3. Ordinances to be laid.

LAYING OF ORDINANCES

Ch. Shahid Akram Bhinder (Minister of State for Law, Justice and Human Rights): Sir, I beg to lay before the Senate the following Ordinances as required by Clause (2) of Article 89 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan:-

1. The Alternative Energy Development Board Ordinance, 2005. (Ordinance No. VII of 2005)

2. The Recognition and Enforcement (Arbitration Agreements and Foreign Arbitral Awards) Ordinance, 2005. (Ordinance No. VIII of 2005)

3. The Police Order (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2005. (Ordinance No. IX of 2005).

Mr. Presiding Officer: These Ordinances stand laid before the House. The House stands adjourned to meet again day after tomorrow at 6.00 p.m. Thank you very much.

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(The House was then adjourned to meet again on 15th September, 2005

at 6.00 p.m.)
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